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Corporate Counsel

March 11, 1997

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VIA OVERNIGHT MAIL

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Mr. Pat Evangelista Emergency and Remedial Response Division U. S. Environmental Protection Agency 290 Broadway, 19th Floor New York, New York 10007-1866

Re: Request for Information

Diamond Alkali Superfund Site, Passaic River Study Area

Dear Mr. Evangelista:

Please refer to our letter of February 28, 1997 wherein we advised you of our intent to forward certain documents under separate cover. The documents enclosed with this letter are those documents. These documents are self explanatory, but please feel free to call if you have any questions.

References to non-relevant material have been deleted. See our response to question 5(b).

As noted in our response to question 5(c), these documents do not contain any material relating to remediation activity that began in 1985 under the auspices of the State of New Jersey.

We are continuing our search for more documents. If any responsive material is found we will supplement our response. This search is difficult because the facility was closed more than 12 years ago.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Very truly yours,

Ralph L. McMurry

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Enclosures

cc: Ms. Amelia Wagner

6.210
July 13, 1977
Formerly:
(See page 10)

FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS

CONTENTS

1. General

2. Definitions

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5. Storage

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1. GENERAL

- 1.1 This instruction establishes and controls the precautionary measures to be taken in the handling, storage, dispensing, and use of flammable liquids at all Company locations. Attention is also directed to the requirements established in CI 76.206, "Fire Prevention Precautions", CI 76.212, "Spra Finishing Precautions", CI 32.200, "Fire Insurance With Extended Coverage" and CI 61.161, "Transportation of Dangerous Articles".
- 1.11 Where any codes, laws, rules, or regulations of the Public Authorities having jurisdiction at the location impose more stringent requirements than those cited in this instruction, such codes, laws, rules, or regulations shall be followed. Attention is directed to National Fire Protection Associati Code No. 30 and Occupational Safety and Health Standards Subpart H.
- 1.12 Where local facilities or conditions indicate a need for deviating from any of the requirements of this instruction, full information covering each specific situation shall be forwarded to the Assistant Manager, Fire Protection Engineering and Plant Inspection, Corporate Engineering for detailed review and instructions.
- 1.13 Preliminary plans for proposed new and revisions to existing flammable and combustible liquids facilities shall be submitted for advance design approval to the Assistant Manager, Fire Protection Engineering and Plant Inspection.
- 1.2 Since the heating of flammable and combustible liquids and solids causes a marked increase in the rate of vaporization and simultaneously lowers the lower explosive limit for vapor-air mixtures, extraordinary care shall be taken with any process requiring the heating of these materials. The heating of these materials above their flash point shall be avoided. A high temperature

limit switch shall be provided to prevent overheating to the auto-ignition temperature. The switch shall be located in a separate circuit with an inter-dependent contactor located on the line slide of the temperature control contactor.

1.3 Attention is directed to materials which accelerate combustion or explosion by furnishing oxygen, or by acting as catalytic agents. Such materials shall be stored separately from flammable and combustible liquids. Whenever there is doubt about the properties of any solvent or agent or safe conditions of use, the functional local engineering organization shall determine the hazards and shall prescribe the appropriate safeguards to be observed subject to the requirements of paragraph 1.13.

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 The flash point of a liquid is defined as the lowest temperature at which it gives off vapor in sufficient concentrations to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid within the test vessel. Flash points of specific liquids in use at the various locations may be obtained from the manufacturers or from the National Fire Protection Association Standards No. 325M, "Fire Hazard Properties of Flammable Liquids, Gases and Volatile Solids".
 - 2.2 Liquids having a flash point below 100°F (37.8°C) shall be considered as flammable liquids and shall be subdivided into three classes as follows:
 - 2.21 Class IA shall include those having flash points below 73°F (22.8°C) and having a boiling point below 100°F (37.8°C).
 - 2.22 Class IB shall include those having flash points below 73°F (22.8°C) and having a boiling point at or above 100°F (37.8°C).
 - 2.23 Class IC shall include those having flash points at or above 73°F (22.8°C) and below 100°F (37.8°C).
- 2.3 Liquids having a flash point at or above 100°F (37.8°C) shall be considered as combustible liquids and shall be subdivided into three classes as follows:
 - 2.31 Class II shall include those having flash points at or above 100°F (37.8°C) and below 140°F (60°C).
 - 2.32 Class IIIA shall include those having flash points at or above 140°F (60°C) and below 200°F (93.4°C).

- 2.33 Class IIIB shall include those having flash points at or above 200°P (93.4°C).
- 3. DELIVERIES OF FLAMMABLE AND COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS
- 3.1 Laboratory organizations may order and receive nonstock Class I and II liquids in quantities not to exceed five gallons per shipment subject to the prior approval of the functional local engineering organization. See paragraph 4.161 for storage limitations.
- 3.2 Deliveries of flammable and combustible liquids by tank car or tank truck shall be transferred directly into designated storage tanks. Unloading operations involving Class I liquids shall be supervised by a member of the functional organization. The Procedures noted below shall be followed prior to the start of unloading.
 - 3.21 Notification of deliveries shall be given to the local fire brigade chief so that fire fighting personnel may be designated to stand by.
 - 3.22 The tank car or truck shall be grounded and bonded to the Company's tank or fill connection.
 - 3.23 "No Smoking" signs shall be posted approximately fifty feet from the unloading point along the normal approaches to that area.
 - 3.24 Tank car unloading warning signs shall be clamped to the rails in accordance with railroad requirements.
 - 3.25 Care shall be taken to verify the identity of the liquid and the tank designated to receive it.
 - 3.26 The tank level shall be checked to verify that sufficient tank capacity is available to accept the delivery without overflow.
- 3.3 Flammable and combustible liquids delivered in drums or other containers shall not be allowed to remain on any platform or in any general receiving area for more than six hours prior to being removed to the flammable liquids storage room or other designated storage facility.
- 3.4 Where Class I and II liquids delivered in drums are to be transferred to underground or surface tanks, a bonding cable shall be attached between the drum and tank or fill connection prior to the transfer operation.

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3.5 Bungs shall be replaced immediately after drums are emptied. Empty drums or containers shall not be allowed to accumulate for more than four hours on any general receiving and shipping platform or in any general area within buildings. Empty drums and containers shall be removed to the flammable iquids storage room or to the approved yard storage area.

4. CONTAINERS

- 4.1 The following requirements shall be met in the selection, application and maintenance of containers used to hold Class I and II liquids.
- 4.11 Manufacturers' containers may be used for the storing of Class I and II liquids in the central liquids storage area and other designated areas. These containers shall have the contents clearly identified. When emptied, manufacturers' containers shall be kept closed while awaiting disposition.
- 4.12 Safety cans shall be used for the storage, distribution, dispensing and collection of Class I and II liquids. The safety cans shall have openings protected by flame arrestors and shall be approved by the Factory Mutuals or Underwriters' Laboratories.
 - 4.13 Viscous liquids safety cans with gate valves shall be used for the distribution and dispensing of viscous liquids.
- 4.14 Safety cans may be used for other than Class I and II liquids at the discretion of the functional local engineering organization provided that the cans are labeled using solvent resistant materials to identify the contents and the can does not have a red finish.
- 4.15 Containers used for the collection of Class I and II waste liquids in operating areas shall be safety waste liquid disposal cans approved by the Factory Mutuals or Underwriters' Laboratories. See paragraph 6.3 for disposal precautions.
 - 4.16 Nonmetalic containers shall not be used for the storage and handling of Class I and II liquids except under the following circumstances:
- 4.161 Standard laboratory bottles of one quart capacity or less may be used as required in laboratories. Quantities of individual Class I and II liquids in excess of one quart shall be kept in approved safety cans. Original nonmetalic containers shall be stored in an approved flammable liquids storage cabinet when the total quantity of storage in a laboratory area exceeds five gallons. The total volume of Class I and II liquids storage shall not exceed 60 gallons.

- 4.162 Bottles of one quart capacity or less may be used in medical or first-sid treatment area. When the total quantity of storage in nonmetalic bottles in the area exceeds five gallons, such storage shall be kept in an approved flammable liquids storage cabinet.
- 4.163 Nonmetalic containers of one gallon capacity or less may be used to store Class I and II liquids in the designated storage faciliti where manufacturers' instructions specify leaving in original containers.
- 4.17 All safety cans used in the storage or handling of Class I and II liquids shall have a bright red finish and be prominently labeled using solvent resistant materials to identify the contents. The outside of all safety cans shall be kept clean, and all identification markings shall be maintained in legible condition. Safety cans shall not be used for liquids or mixtures other than that for which they are marked.
- 4.18 Class I and II liquids used in office areas shall be handled in approved safety cans. Total quantities of Class I and II liquids kept in the office area shall not exceed a one day supply or the capacity of the smallest approved safety can.
- 4.19 Class I and II liquids used in reproduction rooms shall be handled in approved safety cans. Total quantities of Class I and II liquids kep in the area shall not exceed a one day supply. When the total quantities required for daily operations exceed 5 gallons, an approved flammable liquids storage cabinet shall be provided for the storage of safety cans not in actual use.
- 4.2 The design and use of dip tanks, parts washers, and similar open vessels used to hold flammable or combustible liquids shall conform to the provisions of the latest issue of the National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 34, "Standard for Dip Tanks Containing Flammable or Combustible Liquids".
- 4.3 Before attempting any repairs, welding or cutting of containers which have held flammable and combustible liquids, they shall be prepared for the work in accordance with National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 327 "Standard Procedures for Cleaning or Safeguarding Small Tanks and Containers". Containers, after cleaning, shall be filled with water to the highest practical level prior to any welding or burning. The space above the water level shall be vented to allow the heated vapor and air to escape.

5. STORAGE

- 5.1 Central storage facilities and general storage practices for flammable and combustible liquids shall meet the requirements established within the scope of Sections 6 and 7 of CI 76.206, "Fire Prevention Precautions". In addition, the following specific storage practices and precautions shall be observed.
- 5.11 Class I and II liquids, outside of daily operational needs, shall be kept in the designated central storage areas, metal flammable liquids storage cabinets constructed in accordance with National Fire Protection Association Code No. 30, "Flammable and Combustible Liquids" Chapter 4, or tanks unless specifically excepted herein.
- 5.12 Class I and II liquids shall be kept in closed containers at all times. Containers and drums which have held flammable liquids shall have covers, caps, or bungs replaced promptly after the contents have been removed.
- 5.13 The quantity of Class I and II liquids stored shall be kept to a minimum consistent with applicable limitations of paragraph 1.11, normal requirements and reasonable delivery arrangements.
- 5.14 In central flammable liquids storage areas, permanently installed grounded busbars shall be provided for convenience and flexibility in attaching grounding cables (see par. 6.5).
- 5.15 All tools, funnels, vent plugs, and other devices used in areas where Class I and II liquids are stored or handled shall be of nonsparking alloys.
- 5.16 Explosion proof refrigerators listed by Underwriters' Laboratories for Class I groups C&D (electrical classification) shall be provided for Class I and II liquids which require refrigerated storage.
- 5.17 Excellent housekeeping shall be maintained at all times in storage areas, flammable liquids storage cabinets and at tank car and truck unloading points.
- 5.18 Whenever any container shows signs of bulging, deterioration, leakage, or breakage, the contents shall be promptly transferred to a sound container.
- 5.2 Both the inside and outside of all storage areas containing Class I and II liquids shaft be prominently posted with signs prohibiting smoking within the area and within fifty feet of the area.

5.21 For storage of Class I and II liquids in laboratories, medical areas. offices and reproduction rooms see paragraphs 4.161, 4.162, 4.18 and 4.19.

6. DISPENSING

- 6.1 Paragraphs 6.11 through 6.17 are a Dispensing Guide for Class I and II Liquids.
- 6.11 The functional engineering department or the supervisors of organizat requiring Class I and II liquids on a continuous basis should submit written authorization for withdrawal to the organization responsible for the storage and dispensing of these materials from the central store rooms. The notification should show pertinent information such as but not limited to the name and/or raw material number of the materials, daily and weekly maximum withdrawal volumes and designated employees authorized to make withdrawals.
 - 6.12 Authorizations should be routed for approval by the functional environmental and the fire protection organizations.
 - 6.13 A copy of the approved authorization shall be forwarded to the organization noted in paragraph 6.14.
- 6.14 The organization responsible for the storage and dispensing of Class and II liquids should maintain a record showing pertinent information such as but not limited to the name and/or raw material number of the material daily and weekly maximum withdrawal volumes, designated employees authorized to make withdrawals, date and volume of withdrawal.
 - 6.15 Authorizations for withdrawal should be kept current and updated at least on an annual basis.
- 6.16 Single withdrawals of Class I and II liquids for a specific purpose should be handled in accordance with the procedure in paragraphs 6.11 and 6.12.
 - 6.17 Class I and II liquids should not be transferred from one department to another.
- 6.2 Tanks, drums and other containers used to hold flammable and combustible liquids shall be provided with self-closing dispensing faucets or drum transfer pumps approved for this use by the Factory Mutuals or Underwriters' Laboratorias. Bung openings used to relieve vacuum created by dispensing operations shall, in all cases, be protected by approved safety bungs.

- 6.3 Where drums are to be refilled, an approved combination went and fill fitting shall be used.
- 6.4 For dispensing viscous liquids from drums, an approved viscous liquid self-closing drum valve shall be used.
- 6.5 In any dispensing or transfer of Class I and II liquids from one container to another, bonding shall be provided between the containers. No dispensing or transfer of Class I and II liquids shall be permitted where open flames or other sources of ignition exist near the possible path of vapor travel.
 - 6.6 Except as specifically provided otherwise in this instruction, the transporting or carrying of flammable liquids to and from points of use thin the plant shall be in approved safety cans as described in paragraph 4.
- 6.7 Class I and II liquids in safety cans may be transported within a facility on manual powered vehicles. Where distance warrants the use of powered vehicles to transport these liquids within the plant property, a skid or pallet equipped in a manner to prevent the cans from sliding off and/or tipping over due to rough surface routes, sudden vehicle deceleration and rapid turns shall be provided.
- 6.8 Class I and II liquids in drums may be transported on manual powered vehicles. Where distance warrants the use of powered vehicles to transport these liquids within the plant property, they shall be secured to prevent their falling off the transporter.
- 6.9 The use of safety mobile dispensers for Class I and II liquids may be permitted with the prior approval of the Assistant Manager, Fire Protection Engineering and Plant Inspection, Corporate Engineering, and is subject to periodic review.
- 6.91 Such mobile dispensers shall be steel and shall have a capacity of not more than 60 gallons. They shall be equipped with an approved hand-operated transfer pump and a combination flame arrestor relief fitting in the fill opening. The complete unit shall be as approved by Factory Mutual or Underwriters' Laboratories. Flexible cable shall be provided for bonding the receiving container during dispensing and the discharging vessel while aling the mobile dispenser unit. All portable tanks shall be painted bright red and conspicuously marked in 2 inch high yellow letters "Danger Flammable Liquids". The mobile dispenser unit shall be provided with a floor lock device or other means of positive braking to prevent the tank from moving during transfer operations.

7. PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED DURING USE

- 7.1 The specific uses of Class I and II liquids shall be subject to review for approval by the functional environmental and the fire protection organization. Class I liquids shall not be approved for any applications for which less hazardous liquids would be equally suitable.
- 7.2 The handling, storing, and dispensing of Class I and II liquids shall be restricted to designated employees who have been advised of the hazards involved and trained in the proper procedures for handling, storing and dispensing of materials.
- 7.3 The employees whose work requires the use of Class I and II liquids shall be instructed in the hazards involved and the procedures and precautions pertinent to their work. Such instructions shall include but not be limited to coverage of at least the following points.
 - 7.31 Class I and II liquids shall be kept only in the designated container: and never in makeshift containers.
 - 7.32 Prompt action is essential in extinguishing flammable liquid fires.
 - 7.33 Shutdown procedures to be used in the event of fire.
 - 7.34 The location and use of fire extinguishers.
 - 7.35 Class I and II solvents shall not be used for personal cleaning purposes.
- 7.36 All personnel using Class I and II liquids shall be informed of the precautions against fire prescribed in Section 7 of CI 76.206, "Fire Prevention Precautions".
 - 7.37 Personnel involved in spray finishing operations shall be informed of the requirements of CI 76.212, "Spray Finishing Precautions".
 - 7.38 The storage and use of Class I and II liquids shall be avoided within ten feet of any exit access way or exit.
- 7.4 The volume of Class I and II liquids in the areas of use shall not exceed one day's estimated requirements, and any unused amounts shall be removed from benches and other points of use for return to the designated storage facility at the end of each day.

CI 76.210 July 13, 1977

8. VENTILATION

- 8.1 Before flammable or combustible liquids are stored dispensed and used, mechanical ventilation shall be provided in accordance with requirements of all jurisdictional authorities.
- 8.2 Exhaust hoods with connections to exhaust stacks extending to a point above roof level shall be provided in areas where Class I and II liquids are used when directed by the local functional engineering organization.
- 8.3 For processes involving heated materials (par. 1.2) sufficient ventilation shall be provided to maintain a vapor-air mixture not exceeding 25% of the lower explosive limit.
 - 8.4 The vent openings on the sides of the approved flammable liquids storage cabinets shall have the plugs removed and be kept open.

Refer correspondence to Dept. Chief, Fire Protection Engineering, Standards or telephone X-3216 (CORNET 222). GENERAL MANAGER, CORPORATE ENGINEERING

For Action:
All Divisions

Formerly:

P.C.S. 110

ages 1 thru 9 of

8-1-61

Pages A-1 and A-2 of

6-10-65

Reason for reissue:
Complete revision throughout.

Western Electric Company, Inc.

76,302-10 M.D.I. 75.10 Reissue August 29, 1961 Replaces issue of 5-5-54

FLAMMABLE MATERIALS

1. GENERAL

1.1 This instruction prescribes the responsibilities for compilation and maintenance of the list of Hazards, (toxic, corrosive and flammable materials) which is published locally as M. D. I. 75. 10 Appendix A.

1.2 Definitions

Toxic and Corrosive Materials:

Those materials which if taken internally in relatively small quantities, can cause serious immediate injury or death, as well as other substance sometimes referred to as "industrial poisons" which produce their harmful effect from repeated or prolonged exposure to relatively small quantities of the substance. Injury from these poisons may result from breathing the dust, vapors, mists, or gases, by swallowing the material, or by absorption through the skin.

Flammable Materials:

Liquids or solid substances which are readily ignited or which give off combustible vapors when heated to their respective flash points.

*1.3 Related Instructions

- M.D.I. 75.10 4 Storing and Handling of Poisonous Substances, Acids, and Other Harmful Chemicals.
- M. D. I. 6-894. 1 Engineering Headquarters and Manufacturing Locations

** Plant Construction Standard 110 - Flammable Liquids

- #1.4 Hawthorne branch 7300, Development Engineering, is the Engineering Headquarters for this subject. (See EM report Q894.1).
- 2. COMPILATION AND MAINTENANCE
- 2.1 The local Hazards Engineer is responsible for the compilation and maintenance of the information in Appendix "A", subject to the approval of the local Plant Inspection Engineering organization.

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M. D. I. 75.10 Reissue August 29, 1961 2.

- 2.2 Appendix "A" shall list the following information.
- a Toxic, corrosive and flammable materials.
- b The applicable RM number.
- c Classification of hazard according to type and degree.
- d Color of safety container (if any).
- e Label to be used on material.
- 2.21 Additions or changes shall be made to the list by the hazards engineer as they become necessary.
- 2.21 I Functional raw material Engineer shall notify the local Hazards engineer when a new material is to be used, a change made in material now in use, or use of a material is discontinued.
- 2.22 The list shall be reviewed by the Hazards engineer semi-annually.
- 2.3 All changes, additions, reviews shall be forwarded by the Hazards engineer to the local Business Methods organization for revision of the local instruction.
- 3. All hazardous materials, as listed in Appendix "A", shall be labeled, stored, withdrawn, handled and used in accordance with the requirements specified in M.D.I. 75.104 and Plant Construction Standard 110 so that hazards are minimized or eliminated.

MANUFACTURING DIVISION

Reason for reissue: Par. 1.3 and Par. 3 - Deleted reference to M. D. I. 75.10 11 and added reference to P. C. S. 110. Par. 1.4 - Changed org. 7600 to read 7300.

AT&T

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912-1, ERW

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., Inc. Subject RESULTS SE TEST BOILING SK = 3455-AEG- OI

DEPT. AGET FOR HILLING BYWN
ENGRALE GARDNER BIRGE 170 \$ 135 IN 1962-63 DATE 10-24-19

	<u></u>	Mark DATE
NOTES	ELEV (ET)	SOIL DESCRIPTION
GROUND LEVEL -	_+9.33	
	+ 3 93	MISC FILL
WATER LINE -	0.00	GRAY SILT E PEAT
	5.67	
		SOFT GRAY SILT
•	-/9.09	
	- 27.84	42010m Gane Saus
	-33./7-	TRACE GLAY- COARSE BANG & GRAVEL
	-37.67	FINE RED SAND & CLAY
		FINE RED SAND 8 CLAY
	-47.67	CLAY
	-5/./7	INE RED SAND
	-58.67	
	-68.92	COMPACT RED DLAY & FINE SAUD
	-70.67	Compact - 50-004
•	- 30.00	Comunet BAND & GARAGE
	- 50.70	Share

WESTERN ELECTRIC ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION SURVEY

Plant Design and Rostruction

June, 1913

In May of this year, the Plant Design & Construction Organization was requested to attend a meeting chaired by the AT&T Department of Environmental Affairs for the purpose of identifying areas of concern within Bell System. The meeting was attended by representatives of AT&T, Bell Telephone Laboratories and Western Electric Company.

AT&T proposed a top management seminar to be attended by the major elements comprising the Bell Telephone System at Western Electric's Torporate Education Center to review pollution problems within the Bell System.

The Western Electric representatives suggested that such a meeting would be fruitless in the absence of a more in depth analysis of our own Company's problems in the area of environment. We did subsequently hold a seminar; the following is an abstract of the report of that seminar:

The Pollution Control Seminar or Work Shop was held June 29, 30 and July 1 at the Corporate Education Center. Its goal was to identify pollution problems peculiar to the Western Electric Company in the areas of air, water and solid wastes.

Generally, we ascertained that we are not exploiters of our environment in the sense that chemical and steel industries may be nor are we polluters in any legal sense. Generally, we meet all requirements of Federal, State and Local codes. However, in some instances, we have had to request variances and/or stream allocations for dilution purposes in order to meet restrictive requirements. We anticipate that codes will become more restrictive, requiring more effort and more investment at all of our locations.

WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

The methodology for treating waste water is fairly wall established insofar as secondary treatment is concerned. Tertiary treatment, which will be required at some locations in the future to remove the dissolved solids, is not so well advanced. Some of our manufacturing plants have industrial waste treatment facilities for the reduction and/or neutralization of our process effluents. Those locations that are not so equipped have agreements with their local municipalities to accept the waste partially treated or completely untreated. It is generally conceded that the day-to-day operation of our waste abatement facilities does not present a pollution problem. However, a potential problem exists in the possible accidental spills, operators' mistake, failure of equipment or ruptured tank. One state, Pennsylvania, has enacted legislation to control the accidental pollution incident and it is anticipated that other states will follow their lead.

The identification of specific contaminants such as mercury and lead has led to a concerned awareness at our locations that there is a

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WATER POLLUTION CONTROL (Sentia)

need to monitor these elements in our effluents. The probability that other contaminants, not identified as yet, will become "problems" in the future, is almost a certainty.

Restrictions placed on the use of water, though not a pollution problem, is related in that it will require conservation efforts and recycling in order to optimize the use of this resource. Several locations have already been required to explore alternate sources of water because of restrictions imposed by municipalities. The ever increasing demand for high quality water as our products become more sophisticated and more miniaturized will ultimately force us to examine the possibilities for recycling. More research will be required to enable us to make more efficient use of the available water.

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL

Much has yet to be learned about the contamination of the atmosphere. There are conflicting theories concerning the ultimate disposition of some so-called contaminants such as carbon dioxide and the oxides of nitrogen. One of our main concerns is to identify and measure the level of contamination, if any, attributable to our process effluents. The methods that are now acceptable by the Regulatory Authorities generally involve wet chemistry and they are slow and expensive techniques. We are presently scrubbing approximately 1/3 of our plating area exhausts. We expect a future need to install abatement equipment for all the plating and etching exhausts to remove acid and alkali fumes. We also anticipate requirements to remove hydrocarbon exhausts from spraying and taking areas.

SOLID WASTE

By definition for the purpose of the Pollution Control Workshop, we included liquid waste disposed of by scavenger in with the solid waste category. The various locations, both in Manufacturing and in the Service Division, produce significant quantities of cardboard paper, wood, plastic and other solids which are disposed of by haulage to municipal and private dumping areas. In the main, the waste is hauled by a scavenger, although a few locations use Company trucks. A few locations reported estimate longevity of dumping areas at up to 20 years. The majority, however, indicated expected lives of under 10 years with some reporting 1 to 3 years.

Disposal of liquid waste by scavenger without regard to the ultimate disposition was not uncommon in the past. However, these means of disposal are greatly disappearing. At least one location is faced with a problem of disposing of toxic liquid waste which the scavenger has refused to accept.

SOLID WASTE (Contid)

One means of reducing the amount of solid waste is indineration. Indineration can be a practical means of disposal if wastes are segregated, and inconcrators are properly designed, maintained and operated. However, the reappraisal of the total system, identifying the initial source of the waste and taking steps to reduce and/or recycle, would be a far more acceptable solution.

IMPLEMENTATION OF A POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROGRAM

Most conferees felt that centralized control by a headquarters organization was necessary for the successful implementation of a pollution abatement program. A need exists for an audit or annual inspection of pollution control equipment to ensure effective operation and maintenance. This central organization should publish guides and provide for a continuing communication of iata from the field. An additional function would be to real equipment design drawings and specifications prior to installation.

SUMMARY

The conferees at the Work Shop expressed appreciation for being able to participate in discussions concerning environmental pollution and felt that there should be some vehicle established which would permit an interchange of information concerning the problems encountered in pollution control. They also expressed an interest in having more seminars on the subject.

ATTACHMENT A

SOLID WASTE SURVEY AT MANUFACTURING PLANTS

RUBBISH: Paper, Cardboard, Wood & Plastic

					 .	
LOCATION	per wk.	leads per wk	Cost per wk.	Mailed	Dump Males	1_fe 1
						
	275	3-11	\$1300	lint	5 W	_
	2130(a)	1-0-63	\$2555		P -M-	.
	340	2-2-11	\$ 555	Jint (? 5	
	270	0-19	\$ 623	WE 33	M-12-1 1 ;	3.
	1750	3-0-13	3 750	WECC	м	;
	205	2-10	\$ 130	%5 00	M-12	
i	850(a)	C-50	\$1100	Cont	P-15	÷
	7.60	C-10	\$ 335	Cont	?-20	10
KEARVY	880	0-22	31425	Cont	M-4	
	713	c-8	\$ 137	Cont	M-2-1/2	
1	50 est.	C-3	\$ 200	Cont	M-6	3
	1000	C-29	\$1506(1)	#ECO	M-5	5
	200	0-10	\$ 630	Cont	P-M-7	15
	500	0-20	\$ 400	Cont	P-17	:
	1100(a)	C-30	\$1455	Cont	M- 5	2
	559	C-13	\$ 142	Cont	M- 10	
	250	C-8	\$ 700	Cont	P-10	10
	510	0-15	\$ 520	Cont	P-10	-
	500	0-0-16	\$1250	Cont	P	
	106		\$ 210	Cont		
	80	1	\$ 320		P-10	
	180 est.	0-C-11	\$ 550	VEC0	Mil. 3	10
	170	10	\$ 350	Cont	P-14	
	180	C-5	\$ 230	Cent	P-5	10
	100	C-5	\$ 500	Cont	P-20	
	33	0-10	\$ 380	Cont	P-10	12

^{0 =} Open Truck

Cont. = Contractor or Scavenger

C = Compacting Truck
P = Privately Owned

M = Municipal Owned

⁼ Includes Labor (1)

⁽a) = Does not include plastics

which are salvaged

ATTACHMENT B

SOLID WASTE SURVEY AT MANUFACTURENO PLANTS

LIQUIDS: (Not Handled by Treatment Plant

LOCATION	CILC gals wk.	SOLVENTS FLAMMABLE gals, wk.	TOMO gals. WK.
	3000 (a)	a .	<u>_</u>
	20	6150	550
	200		
	55	550	
	10,500	10,000	\$3.33
	(a)	250	(a)
	5000	1100	
	1000	11,000	1600
KEARNY	(a)	2700 (a)	(a)
	(a)	400 (a)	(a)
	165		55
	(a)	1000 (a)	(a)
	1370	100	
	1099	300	1375
			440
		3500	4500
		350	
	(a)	60 (a)	
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			4300
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	20 (a)	10 (a)	10 (a)

⁽a) * These materials are mixed together.

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TENTE CONTRACTOR ASSESSED TO THE

1 182 0 118

Problem
1-Chemical spills washed into storm sewer

Example

- 2.Elimination of direct waste discharges to storm sewer
- 3-Spills of fuel oil to storm sewer
- 4-Caustic & Hydrofluoric acid spills
- 5-Chemical spills in plating shops & chemical storage arms
- 6-Oil discharge to sanitary sewer

<u>.</u>:

- 7-Storm sewer through hospital park pond
- 8-Cleaning sumps of Copper chips drawing compound, acids & grease
- 9-Dumping problems from plating shops
- 10-Industrial wastes to sanitar, sewage treatment plant

Kearny

- 11-Chrome wastes to storm sever
- 12-Heat exchanges failure release of chromates

III STREAM STANDARDS (Cont'd)

Problem

- 4. Problem of maintaining total dissolved solids concentration if stream allocation removed
- 5. Lack of knowledge on new effluent standards from State and City

Kearny

- 6. More stringent stream standards will necessitate best treatment possible
- 7. Problem of future stringent effluent standards
- 8. Ion interference with analysis of treated waste

853860023

DECT AVAILABLE COOK

ATET

NOV 2 2 1971

File No. P.S. N.7 Learn 874 - 233C

HERMANIEM FOR RECORD

Mr: Nortine with Passaic Valley Severage Countieries Proposed Learny Treatment Pacility

The writer not with Mr. S. A. Inhetkin, Oxial Engineer for the Passaic Valley Severage Commission on November 1, 1,71 to discuss the proposed installation of the Kearsy Chemical Waste Treatment Plant. Also in attendance were Mesers. W. F. Kospin, J. B. Durante, R. V. Day and In J. Milescia. The following items are in reference to our meeting.

- 1. The Passaic Vallay Severage Commission has no objection to the discharge of pre-treated wastes to the Passaic River provided it mosts affinent criteria. How affinent eriteria standards are presently under review by the Countesten.
- 2. The Passaic Valley Severage Commission would have jurisdiction of officent discharged to the Passaic River. Approval, however, would also have to be obtained from the Corps of Engineers. Approval by the Passaic Valley Severage Countesion would be almost extensis eace the Corps has given approval. When the Plant is operational the Passaic Valley Severage Consission would be Ametical in periodically monitoring our affluent.
- 3. Should we decide to remain in the sour system, approval by the Passaic Valley Severage Commission or the Corps of Engineers will not be required. Mr. Labetkin &Ld segmes we keep the Corps informed. Machange to the sever will require approval by the State and either the Interstate Commerce Commission or the Budson County Sover Authority pending finel disposition of the torn of Searny asserage treatment facility presently operated under jurisdiction of the State.
- 4. Regardless of our point of discharge the State should be kept informed. A meeting with the State is scheduled for Wednesday, Bovenber 21, 1971. A meeting with the Corps of Engineers will be echeduled econtine in the mer friery.

Before a final decision is made on the point of discharge it would be advisable to keep the Learny Flast people informed since they may be essere of local considerations that might effect the final decision.

Design can proceed concurrent with our meetings with governing authorities.

Original signer by I. I. CLERCIA

144

T. L. CARROLL

Copy to:

J. F. McGover L. B. Pacci

W. F. Ecopino J. R. Derasto L. T. Day



P130 No. P.S. 4.7 LOSTA SPA - 2330 DEC - 2 1971

MINISTRALIDUS POR INCORD

Bo: Rearmy Warte Treatment Plant

A morting was held on Movember 34, 1971 with the State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Pater Resources. Attendess at that meeting were the writer, R. V. Day, and L. J. Mileocia from the Vestern Tlectric Company and Mesors. Douglas Clark and Thomas Barding from the State. The following items were discussed:

- 1. The State sees no problem with the disthere from the proposed ebonical waste treatment lant to the Passaic River.
- z. Then the State has had the opportunity of reviewing our pre-coed treatment system they may suggest that we go to batch treatment of eyenide rather than the flor-thru type as presently proposed.
- i. Should we decide to discharge to the Passaic River, a grove of the Corro of Engineers will be required. Since this can be time consuming, the State suggested that we see the Corps if it would be permissible for as to exercte the facility under a State permit watil the Corps has had an ejectualty to review and approve our application.
- 4. The State requires licensed e,ersters for the treatment facility.
- 5. The State suggested that along with the Carle of Engineers we should contact the City of Rearry, the Interstate Semitation (comission, and the Buleon County sever authorities.
- 6. A brief discussion ensued as to the possibility of recreims any of our waste streams. We informed the State that we were looking into the pessibility but were not in the position to note any commitments at this time.

It is suggested that the Ecaray Plant poo le be invited to sit in on any further meetings we have with regulatory agencies.

> Celeinal eigner W . 1. CARRIOT

T. L. CARROLL

idef

Co,7 to:

J. P. McGarren

R. H. Pesti

8. 7. Les. be

J. L. Duranto A. Y. Day



MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Refuse Act Permit Application
Future Waste Treating Plant - Kearny

On June 16, 1972 Messrs. M. Koosman, L. J. Miloscia, and W. S. Boyhan met at the office of Mr. J. Falkenbury of the Corps of Engineers to discuss filing of an application for the future discharge.

The following conclusions were reached:

- Submit a new Section II and a revised flow diagram for the new discharge on an "as proposed" basis, at least 120 days before start-up.
- 2. Do not submit a new Section I to conform with the new Section II.
- 3. The Corps will not issue a permit on the proposed discharge. They will take no action on the application for the proposed discharge until after they receive a revised Section II containing analyses based on representative samples taken after the new plant has been debugged and settled down. This revised Section II is to be accompanied by a revised Section I reflecting the "as is" status of the plant. Mr. Falkenbury indicated that the revised sections would usually not be expected until 6 months, or so, after initial plant start-up.
- 4. The lack of response from the Corps on the "as proposed" application cannot be taken as an indication that the Corps of EPA will accept the "as is" application.

:def

WALTER S. BOYHAN (

Senior Engineer

Copy to:

T. L. Carroll

W. H. Cooper - 123 William St.

M. Koosman - Kearny

R. V. Day

E. T. Lee

L. J. Miloscia

P. J. Mock

A. P. Durso, Jr.

COMPANY PRIVATE

Final Report

Environmental Information Survey Of 1972

June 1,1973

Plant Design and Construction



KEARNY - MAIN PLANT

Intake:

City Water - 1,710,000 GPD

Passaic River - 8,000,000 GPD - once-through untreated air conditioning cooling water.

Discharges:

To sanitary sewer: Five discharges containing untreated industrial and sanitary wastes and all other plant wastes.

To stream: One discharge containing the once-though, untreated cooling water for the power house air conditioning.

Waste Treatment:

At the time of the Survey, there were no waste treatment facilities in operation at the Kearny Works Main Plant. A new WTP, however, is in the process of being built.

Problem Parameters:

The following parameters were detected during the Survey at levels which would constitute violations of the Kearny sewer code:

Oil and Grease 3 of 5 days

The following parameters were detected at significantly high levels but for which there are no applicable standards:

Zinc*
Total Dissolved Solids
Ammonia
Chromium, total**
Copper**
Nickel*
Fluoroborate
Chloride
Sodium

Comments:

The location has indicated that several programs are underway to control oil and grease.

^{**}The high levels are a result of the various plating facilities. These operations will be transferred to a new centralized plating facility whose effluent will be handled in the new WTP.

MR. P. W. KLEINER - 83330

Re: Disposal of Waste Materials

We've reviewed your proposed section 7.8, paragraph 4.09 for disposal of Copper Protecting Wastes and have the following comments to offer.

- 1. Exclude any references to "or equivalent" for the materials you're presently using. Each material change must be revaluated to ensure that the instructions are correct for it.
- 2. For the Copper Cleaner Solution: Include instructions to the shop to periodically issue a purchase order to dispose of the waste acid through a scavanger licensed by the New Jersey Bureau of Solid Waste Management. The scavangers usually use a flat bed holding 80 drums. Establish your period based on full load disposal. Include in instructions method of filling out appropriate paper work. Our department will assist you in the total details once you've identified all the chemical constituents in the waste. This last instruction is required by DOT Hazardous Material legislation.
- 3. For the Redox 5020, 5020A & Displaced Water Mixture:
 - a. A disposal purchase order will also be required here. Instructions should follow outline described for Copper Cleaner Solution, including appropriate paper work.

b. All containers must be labeled "Flammable". It will be necessary to order a supply of appropriate labels. Transportation (Guy Pasquing) can assist there.

c. Include in instructions: "For flammable liquids the waste disposal drum must be grounded and vented, and when filling from any metal container, bonded to that container."

The above information is mandatory because on the least State and Federal Solid Waste Management and Hazardous Moderal Solid Vaste Management and Hazardous Moderal Management and Hazardous Moderal Moder

HC] GCT:84520:sp ORIGINAL DIGNED BY
J. G. AMBERS
J. G. AMBERS - 84520

MR. J. G. AMBERS - 34520

Re: Your Memorandum of September 15, 1976, "Disposal of Waste Materials"

Following a discussion between G. C. Tranchetti and E. S. Hannis in regard to Copper Protecting Wastes, the following is our understanding of action to be taken:

- 1. For the time being, we will continue to dispose of all Redox materials until something can be worked out for recovery and reuse.
- 2. The functional product engineer is responsible for ultimate disposal of any material not under centralized control. (Eventually all hazardous materials will be under OP control.)
- 3. Department 84,520 will provide us with the latest applicable guidelines for ultimate disposal of hazardous wastes. We will use these guidelines as a basis for a purchase specification to obtain the services of a legally qualified scavenger.
- L. Identification of the major chemical ingredients in a proprietary material will normally be sufficient, such as stoddard solvent for Redox.
- 5. Suppliers will be instructed to pick up only that material which is properly identified at the <u>OP</u> or <u>Acid Waste Storage Yard</u>.
- 6. During transfer of wastes to a 55 gallon drum, venting arrangements are to be worked out by the product engineer. This requirement, as we understand, is in addition to your instructions contained in your memorandum of June 25, 1975 for our existing copper protection operation. With the grounding procedure given in your memorandum, we do not think flame arrestors will be required.
- 7. We will use only the original containers for hazardous wastes.
- 8. In case of a material change, all shop instructions will be re-evaluated.

ESH:83330:cs

F. W. M. 33330

Res Disuss Gast Ad

Experience grane is since consection to a spotential segmented liquid wastes indicated that in admitting to the fine clauses leading to my Memoranian for Decrea total off endicated 12. 1976, the more categories are needed in order to handle seal on the coop and laboratory wastes. The suvent ategories are:

- 1. Alcohol
- 2. Abeticle (will contain a commonents emponents)
- 3. Ersons lE and IXI
- 4. Cits (lucy esting, by the contestor)
- 5. Incomparently Lane
- 6. Mineral Spirits
- 7. Toluede/Kylene (will a son agnish as a contaminate)

For the small quantities of 1. Sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the testing [1] laboratory, several of the all sites generated by the several of the several of the all sites generated by the several of t

Except that the containers may the safety, labeling, and other shall also apply to the new our were discussed with Mr. G. D. on November 15, 1976.

-1 to be as large as 55-gallon orders.

Tation given in the Obtober memorance =6 and #7. These arrangements

The 34520 in a telephone conversation

:ro

Copy to:

T. P. Engert - 85400 W. E. Hower - 85410

W. E. Hower - 85410 R. R. Wahlberg - 35420

F. J. Reilly - 85430

K. G. Mallett - 85440

S. M. Patchel - 85520 **D. Pinato** - 85530

J. F. Keating - 85631

J. Drake - 35629

W. J. Thomas - 85531G. J. Tranchetti - 84520/

A. J. Basile - 85430

R. 1. Patricco - 85430

- تدن شهر ندنه

G. WEINMAN - 35430

STATUS REPORT

CN

SOLVENT USAGE

AT

WESTERN ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING LOCATIONS

DECEMBER 1976

Issue II

Arthur H. Staheli Environmental Engineering Corporate Engineering Division 222 Broadway New York, New York 10038

As Figure 1 shows, the layer of cold dry air created by the cold trap lies above the solvent vapor line and prevents vapor diffusion, the major cause of solvent loss in a degreaser. Cold traps lend themselves to all vapor degreasing solvents and can be adapted to other solvents and solvent consuming operations.

A testing program was completed at the Dmaha Works, with solvent use reduction in excess of 40% achieved by the use of cold traps. In addition, the following works locations also have cold traps installed:

3. Kearmy

Carbon Bed Adsorbers

The most effective pollution abatement femore used by Western Electric is the carbon bed adsorber. It prevents the emission of solvents to the atmosphere with 90+% efficiency by trapping, concentrating, and returning the emitted solvent for reuse.

Activated carbon has millions of micros opin capillaries throughout its structure, affording tremendous surface area per unit weight. As an example, one pound of carbon contains—million sq. ft. of surface area. When solvent laden air from a process is passed through an adsorber, the solvent is trapped in the capillaries of the carbon and solvent free air is emitted to the atmosphere. When the latter bed is saturated, steam is passed through the bed, driving off the solvent. This is called desorbing, and from here the solvent laten steam is condensed and passed to a decanter where the water and solvent are separated, with the solvent being returned to the process.

TABLE II COMPANY LOCATIONS USING CARBON ADSORBERS

	TYPE SOLVENT	ANNUAL RECOVERY GALLONS	NO. OF TWIN TANK INSTALLATIONS
	Perchlorethylene	40,000	T₩O
	Perchlorethylene	5,000	One
	Trichlorethylene	6,000	0n e
	Trichlorethylene	10,000	Seven
Kearny	Perchlorethylene	6,000	Two
	Trichlorethylene	100,000	Seven
	Perchlorethylene	25,000	Two
	Trichlorethylene	30,000	Eight
	Methylene Chloride	187,000	Two
	1.1.1 Trichlorethane	60,000	One

local Garlons Solvent Recovered 469,000*

Table II above shows the Western Electric plants currently using carbon bed adsorbers in their manufacturing operations.

TABLE III PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION COSTS FOR CARBON BED ADSORBERS

TWIN BED AUTOMATED UNITS					
DIAMETER	C.F.M.	FURCHASE*	INSTALL.		
36"	800	\$ 9,000	\$13,000		
48"	1,400	10,000	16,000		
54"	1,700	17,000	24,000		
72"	3,000	23,000	24,000		
84"	3,800	40,000	-2,000		

^{*}Based on the averaged prices paid by Western Electric locations.

Table III above gives actual average purchase and installation costs for the different size adsorbers in the various Western plants. While this table may be used for guideline estimates, it must be remembered that installation estimates depend very heavily on the size, configuration and length of ductwork involved and the elaborateness of the adsorber control system.

^{*}Recovery rate anticipated by October 1, 1976.

VI BLEAT ADSORBER EFFICIENCY TESTS

	DIAMETER	SOLVENT USED	EFF.	TEST PROC.
	72" 54"	Perchlorethylene Perchlorethylene	98.5%	Env. Engrg. B'way., NY
	54" 36"	Trichlorethylene	99•7% 93•7%	Dow Chemical
Kearny	54" 36"	Trichlorethylene Perchlorethylene	97.5%	Under Test Env. Engrg. E'way., NY
	72" 7 2"	Trichlorethylene Perchlorethylene	99. <i>5</i> % 98.5%	Env. Engrg. " " " Ok. City
	84" 54"	Methyl Shloride Trichlorethylene	95.0% 98.7%	Env. Engrg. B'way., NY Shreveport

Table IV above shows the high efficiencies revealed by the tests. Some locations performed their own tests, but used the thre hasic testing methods and equipment used in the corporate program.

MANUFACTURING LOCATIONS STATUS FRIGIDIE TO SOLVENT LEGISLATION

The following Table V is a condensed a mary of the status of Western Electric's manufacturing locations with respect to liste and local legislation enacted for the governing of hydrocarbon emissions from manufacturing processes, which use organic solvents in their operations. The heading marked "Applicable Legislation" is the actual section and paragraph of the governing solvent law for each location. In several cases **: s is a county law rather than a state law as is the case for most manufacturing locations. Under the heading of "Solvent Law" is a brief description of the type limitation enacted. Most of the laws are full adoptions of Rule o illustrated on page 16) or modification of it. At this writing, all assern Electric's manufacturing locations are in full compliance with all federal, state and local solvent legislation.

853860035

MR. P. W. KLEINER - 83330

Re: Disposal of Waste Materials

We've reviewed your proposed section 7.8, paragraph 4.09 for disposal of Copper Protecting Wastes and have the following comments to offer.

- 1. Exclude any references to "or equivalent" for the materials you're presently using. Each material change must be revaluated to ensure that the instructions are correct for it.
- 2. For the Copper Cleaner Solution: Include instructions to the shop to periodically issue a purchase order to dispose of the waste acid through a scavanger licensed by the New Jersey Bureau of Solid Waste Management. The scavangers usually use a flat bed holding 80 drums. Establish your period based on full load disposal. Include in instructions method of filling out appropriate paper work. Our department will assist you in the total details once you've identified all the chemical constituents in the waste. This last instruction is required by DOT Hazardous Material legislation.
- 3. For the Redox 5020, 5020A & Displaced Water Mixture:
 - a. A disposal purchase order will also be required here. Instructions should follow outline described for Copper Cleaner Solution, including appropriate paper work.

b. All containers must be labeled "Flammable". It will be necessary to order a supply of appropriate labels. Transportation (Guy Pasquing) can assist there.

c. Include in instructions: "For flammable liquids the waste disposal drum must be grounded and vented, and when filling from any metal container, bonded to that container."

The above information is mandatory because of the current State and Federal Solid Waste Management and Hazardous Fibruals legislations. If you need any assistance related to those laws, contact Chris Tranchetti on extension 4304.

HC] GCT:84520:sp ORIGINAL DIGNED BY
J. G. AMBERS
J. G. AMBERS - 84520

October 11, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR PEDDRE

Re: Waste Liquids

To comply with State Pegulations, waste liquids must be segregated as opposed to the former practice of collecting all types in a single container. Deliveries to the flammable materials storeroom at Slark are now accumulated in four drums for shipment to Kearny by Company truck. The categories are:

- 1. Alcohol
- 2. Acetone
- 3. Freens (TF and TMC)
- 4. Oils (Lubricating, Hydraulic and Castor)

In addition to these materials, waste trichloroethylene is collected in a separate container during the periodic cleaning of the vapor degreasers.

If it becomes necessary, new categories can be added or the existing ones modified. Where mixtures are now allowed the compositions have the approval of the Environmental Engineering Organization.

For handling and storing these liquids, the same procedures as specified for the chief component of the waste shall apply. The instructions are given in Layout SEK-100 which references the applicable Company Instructions and manufacturing standards. Each emptied 55-gallon solvent drum that serves as a waste container shall have all the original labeling obliterated and the top head painted so as to accept the following stenciled designation, "Waste 'name as lasted above' Deliver to OP Store/From 85530".

:ro

c. g. weinman - 25430

Copy to:

T. P. Engert - 55400 W. E. Hover - 85410

R. R. Wahlberg - 85420

F. J. Reilly - 85430

K. G. Mallett - 85440

S. M. Patchel - 85520 D. Rinato - 85530

D. Rinato - 85530

C. K. Wolf - 35620 J. C. Ambers - 84520

G. C. Tranchetti - 845236.

A. J. Basile - 85430 W. J. Thomas - 85531

R. Frey - 85622

W. G. Higginson - 85633

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W. E. Rowert

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G. A. Rellberg

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C. Thomas

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Western Electric

100 Central Avenue Kearny, N.J. 07032 201 344-7700



Environmental Control and Safety Department 8450

143 25 377

MR. W. A. STRENK, Department Chief Environmental Engineering 222 Broadway

Re: Your Letter of April 27, 1977 on Solid Waste Disposal

This is in reply to your subject correspondence in which you requested information about Kearny's solid waste, recycling and reclaiming efforts. While questions 1, 2, and 3 requested disposal, reclaiming, recycling and selling information "annually", we only addressed our reply to 1976 data. The response to question 4 was provided in summary form for only 1976, but in detailed form (by scrap class and sub-class) for the years 1971-1976 inclusive. To assist you in interpreting these classes and sub-classes, we have also provided a copy of C.I. 50.417-Ky. Appendix A (Manufacturing Scrap Classifications Numerical Index).

Listed below, and attached, are the answers to your questions.

- Q. 1. What quantity of a) paper, b) cardboard, and c) IEM cards are recycled or sold annually?
 - a. Paper 7370 pounds sold
 - b. Cardboard 30607 pounds sold
 - c. IEM Cards 125367 pounds sold
- Q. 2. What quantity of the following is disposed of or reclaimed annually?

		Disposed	Reclaimed at Kearny	Sold to Reclaimers
a.	Perchloroethylene Methylene Chloride	-	3025 gal.	7150 gal. 3347 gal.
0.		Щ00 gal.		المرر
d.	Other Mire who holvents	titoo Barre	_	14025 gal.
		-		
e.	Waste Oi.	-	-	43050 gal.



Western Electric

100 Central Avenue Kearny, N.J. 07032 201 344-7700



Environmental Control and Safety Department 615

2.

Q. 3. Quantity and analysis of waste treatment plant sludge disposed of in landfill annually?

We've disposed of 318.95 tons.

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s the c

Q. 4. What quantity of ferrous, non-ferrous, precious metals and plastics are sold to outside contractors, Nassau Recycle or Hawthorne Works?

Attached are three documents which in combination provide you with the desired information. One, marked "Kearny Works Sales of Reclaimed Materials - Year 1976" is a four page four section summary for last year. Section I is a summary of the materials shipp. Local Works Organizations (Headquarters) and 14,805,000 lbs. with a recovery value to Kear:

1 II, and IV further breakdown Section I into Classification (II), Principle Purchasers (II

The second attachment provides an identification of the quantities of all the material sold from 1971 through 1976 by scrap class. It is a seventeen page document and each page heading lists the specific material and the scrap class it falls into. The scrap class is further broken down to each sub-class and which Purchaser bought it.

The third attachment is C.I. 50.417-KY App. A. This spells out the appropriate description of each of the scrap classes and sub-classes. It's been provided in the event you desire to investigate any of the two previously mentioned attachments in more detail.

This sums up what has been provided. If there are any questions, contact Chris Tranchetti on 8-223-4304.

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

J. G. AMEER GCT:84520:sp J. G. AMBER

J. G. AMBERS, Department Chief Environmental Control and Safety Department

Att. (4 Documents)



October 18, 1977

TO FUNCTIONAL PRODUCT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENTS

Re: Transportation of Hazardous Materials

To make sure that all products shipping from the Kearny Plant meet government regulations, we have reviewed present shipping practices. The one mode of shipment that concerns us most is air transport of hazardous materials. Two materials used in various Kearny products which are subject to close scrutiny when shipped by air are:

- Mercury mercury switches, relays, etc.
- Magnetized Material permanent magnets in speakers, door latches, etc.

It is of utmost importance that all product engineers check every phase of their operation to see if either hazardous material is used in the product or any component. Department 84520 must be notified, in writing, by all functional engineering organizations as to whether or not mercury or magnetic material is used in a product. If either material is used, Department 84520 must be notified as to the quantity used, the product or component, the part number, the specification to which the product was built, and all other pertinent information. If mercury or magnetic materials are not used, it is necessary that 84520 be so advised to assure a complete survey.

Your information should be in our hands not later than November 18, 1977. This will allow us to contact the packing engineers with regard to all packaging, labeling, and shipping regulations to assure compliance for all Kearny products.

JBB:84520:sp

Copy to:

G. J. Pasquino - 21510

T. R. Caruso - 84550

To January 84520

CONTAINER LABEL KEARNY WORKS INTERNAL USE ONLY RECEIVING ORDER NO. _____ DATE REC'D ____ □DEPOSIT, VALUE ____ □NON DEPOSIT SUPPLIER _ DELIVER TO □OP YARD □ACID YARD □OTHER _____ TRANSFER TO DEPT. _____LOCATION _____DATE_ WASTE OR EMPTY ☐ EMPTY, DELIVER TO EMPTY DRUM YARD ☐ WASTE IDENTITY___ DELIVER WASTE TO WASTE OIL YARD □185 BLDG., ACID NEUTRALIZATION ____ DATE ____ WASTE FROM DEPT____ Use permanent waterproof marker **ONLY** Any Questions Contact Industrial Hygiene Engineer on X5445 KW61-2 8/81



PERCHLOROETHYLENE

FORECASTED 1978 USE (GALLONS)

24-100

Kearny Works

- 200,000

der, 355-3799

1977 Annual use: 3,300 ga

Perchloroethylene used:

Degreasers - MC wire spring relay combs = 50%
Wave Soldering - circuit paks = 50%

They have replaced perchloroethylene in some hand cleaning

2.

Chmielowiec, 174-2525

Annual use: 11,000 g:

ie used:
 3 wave soldering - printed circuits
 plan to install 2 additional wave soldering

to trichloroethylene in an emergeny

3.

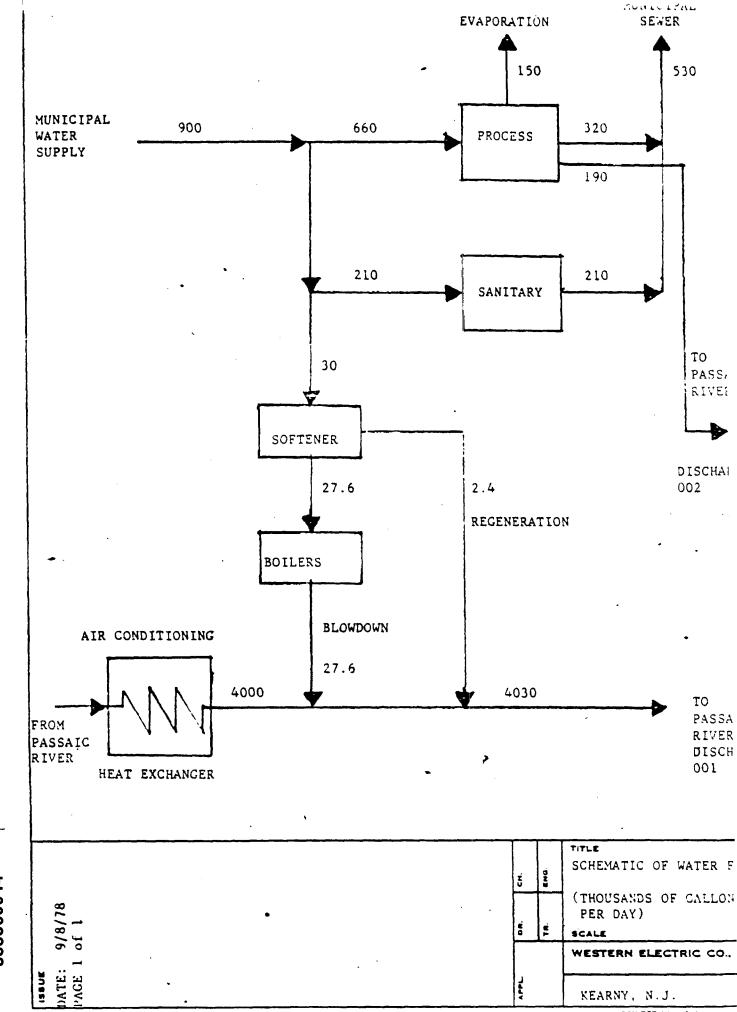
359-4271

Annual use: 1,000 g

I wave soldering - circuit boards

Could probably substitute Freen TMS

853860043



853860044

PRINTED IN U.S.A.

PK 2036

NOV 1 2 1979

Re: Waste Materials in Drums

COTO In the past, 0.?. Stores, Department 24345, has accepted partly filled waste trums. As a result we continually have inventories of partially filled nums awaiting consolitation. Waste is consolitated by lifting partial drims on a truck and tipping them into a furnel. This method is arduous, hazardous and invites spills. Long periods of storage outhof-doors causes drim deterioratiand leaks.

this procedure filled waste New Jersey's new spill law makes it impossible to continue Effective 12-1-79, J.P. Stores will only accept completely drims. Partials will be returned to the snop of origin.

approximately: air space of a will fracture is an to overfill waste drims. thermal expansion of the You are cautioned not 4 inches is not left, and cause leaks.

. T. CHIKOWSKI - 34520

TY CALKONSKI		2. J. Stapleton - 22840 7. J. Numain 2. S. Jorrell 3. J. Kochanski 2. J. Kochanski 2. J. Jayendecker 2. J. Janerman 2. J. J. Janerman 2. J. J. Janerman 2. J.
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3H7:34520:sr	Copy to: A. Bondani J. Kreitz E. F. Chretien G. J. Hill E. F. Cronin B. C. Lewis M. J. Hardy M. A. Bagden J. J. Andry	Memorandum to: A. MacFarlane J. Logio J. De Lorenzo D. E. Williams W. G. James W. G. James W. F. Osl, Jr. A. A. Young D. A. Haupt A. A. Bielicki J. F. Growley W. A. Kiley K. J. Kubicki J. R. Wojtowicz G. E. Klamie G. W. Rutledge H. V. Lawhead

MR. J. R. MANDEL - 21000

Re: Handling of Hazardous Materials

During our meeting on Movember 21, 1979, which included Messrs. Chikowski and Rapp of Department 84520, you raised several important questions to which we are responding.

- 1. Q: How much material may be kept in a shop?
 - A: Except for flarmables, which are limited to a one-day supply, and constraints of space, economics and floor loading, there is no limit.
- 2. Q: What instructions should the shops follow?
 - A: Methods advises that a new J.I. is being prepared. Until this is published, please follow the attached instructions for the use of Kearny Works container label KW61-2, along with other certinent instructions.
- 3. Q: What is the overall picture for the arrangement of hazardous material storage areas.
 - A: Approximately half of materials are ordered by shops, half by 0.2. Stores.

Currently, we are almost finished with a major program involving sorting, segregating and reducing inventory in all outside storage areas. When this is complete, there will only be 2 areas in which all materials are concentrated, the Acid Mard south of 185 building and the OP yard south of Building 20. The Acid Mard is further sub-divided, north to south, into a metal finishing area, an empty drum area and a PWB area. The CP Mard is subdivided north to south into a waste area and a new material area. We will be happy to inspect these yards with you at your request.

All new materials ordered, controlled and stored by the shops are kept in the Acid Yard. All new materials controlled by D.P. stores are kept in the CP Yard.

- All waste is kept in the CP Yard.
- All empties are kept in the Acid Yard.

Shops need not concern themselves with getting waste or empties into the appropriate yard; all they have to do is fill out the control label and place the drums for pickup by Central Trucking.

We do not fully concur with the idea that all drop areas should be inside Building 170. Flammables should not be kept in the building longer than necessary. Space is limited, and it would not be economical to try to produce additional space by rearranging shops in a building which is in process of abandorment. At present, it is much more useful for us to control one large outside drop area than to oversee 6 or 10 inside drop areas.

It has been our long range plan to consolidate all hazardous materials into the hands of O.P. Stores in one central location. This will be done in and around Building 161 as soon as the engineering, structural modifications, and reorganizational planning have been completed. As you may know, we submitted a capital appropriation request to accomplish this in a new structure in 1978 out were not able to gain approval. Subsequent implementation has seen selayed by Kearny Consolidation).

The important point to remember is that regardless of whether we have centralized or decentralized control of hazaring materials, or indoor or outdoor drop points, the shops still must lace. Materials, seal drums, deliver drums to the proper drop points, etc. If your wasterness, seal drums, deliver drums to the container label requirements, the materials material control plan which we are scheduled to submit to the State of a december 31, 1979, will be materially affected, and we must be applied at once.

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

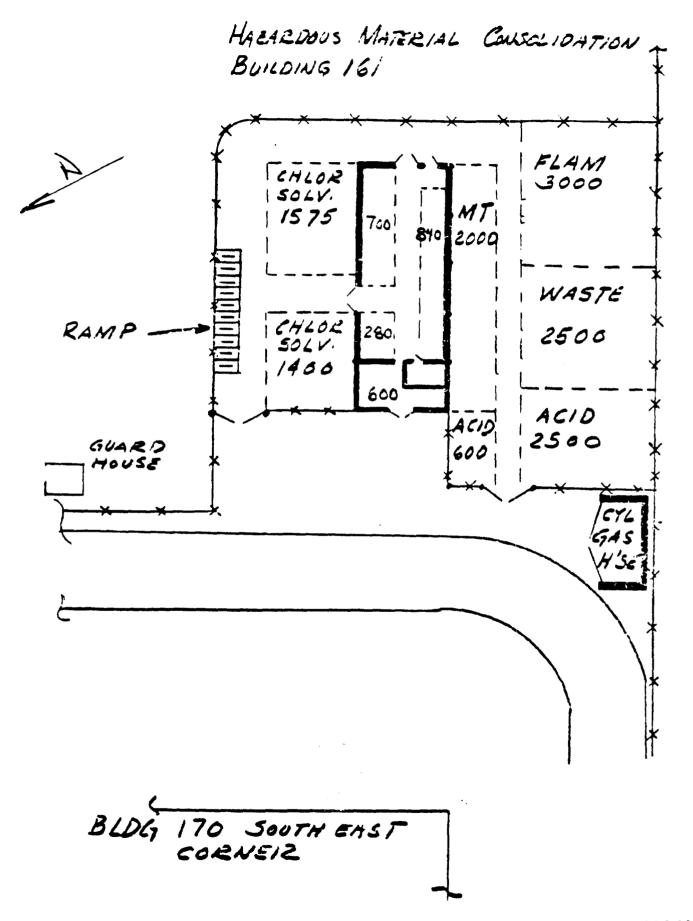
R. BONDANI - 34000

BHR:84520:sr

Att.

Copy to:

E. R. Schnell - 20000 D. M. Cuomo - 30000



MR. R. B. BUTTERFYELD, JR. - 61KY1

Under the May 19, 1980, RCRA Regulations, wastewater treatment sludge from electroplating operations is listed as a hazardous waste in Part 261, Subpart D, "Hazardous Waste from Monspecific Sources." Full compliance with these regulations is required by Movember 19, 1980.

After this date, our waste treatment sludge must be disposed in a per-

Data and test results indicate our sludge has constituent concentrations well below those indicated in the regulations. A petition for de-listing is therefore in order.

Mr. Miles Morse, an EPA representative in Washington, D.C. was contacted for a grant of a temporary exclusion and a draft copy of our petition was sent for his review. We should be notified by December 5, of our temporary exclusion in the analysis would allow us to continue our sludge disposal in the addition, we anticipate a permanent exclusion be granted as a result of the attached petition.

The attached letter and associated data we are hereby submitting is our official request for a permanent exclusion. We, therefore, request your approval in this matter.

CFC:34520:sr

D. M. CUOMO - 30000

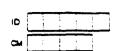
17

* STARTED STORING 12/3 & 40,000 155

(IN APPEARANCE - DIRT = 2 YDS)

853860050





rum forms to: (NDUSTRIAL SURVEY PROJECT P.O. BOX 251

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER	TRENTON, NEW JERSEY 08002
	SELECTED SUBSTANCE REPORT
PART I - General Plant Inform	
COMPLETE ONE REPORT FOR	EACH PLANT SITE OR FACILITY LOCATION
•	RN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.
Concerny realist	Kearny Works
2 01419101 0 1-1915 1-191-	00 Central Avenue
3. Mailing Address (Street)	
(city/Town) Kearn	y com Hudson N.J Zis Cose 07032
4. Plant Location Address (Street	•••
(If not as above)	
(City/Town)	CountyStateZip Code
5. Date Plant Began Operations /	
6. Person to Contact Regarding to	BRUCE H. RAPP Sr. Env. Contr. Engr.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	201-465-5443
7. Priore Homber (Area Coste)	
8. SIC Code (Four Digit)361	
9. Nature of Business	ephone Apparatus Manufacturing
10. Number of Production Employee	es at this Plant Site 6350 (in 1978)
Shown on Table 1 of the encios If your answer to number 11 is If your answer to number 11 is I, HEREBY, CERTIFY THAT ALL TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDG NAME (Print) R. B. BUT TINE General Ma	If this page) or attach a copy of a map indicating the exact location of the plant site.
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
E	N
	20007100 158 731 3661 MESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY INC -MEH- 195 BROADHAY NEH YORK N Y 101357 10000

STATEMIDE



ART I - General Information (continued) Lust all of the instructions which are manufactured, promiseed, lightened or stored at the plant size. Take I of the instructions which are manufactured, promiseed, format, released, content, or the instructions which are manufactured, promiseed or stored at the plant size. **Beryllium 7440–41–7, Chromium 7440–47–3, Copper 7440–50–8, Cyanide 57–12–5, Formaldehyde 50–00–0, Lead 7439–92–1, Methylene Chloride 75–09–2, Nickel 7440–02–40 Silver 7440–22–4 Tetrachloroethylene 127–15–4 Toluene 108–88–3 111 Trichloroethane 71–55–6 Trichloroethylene 79–01–6 Zinc 7440–66–6, Mattenger Olscharges - Complete the following information: Lake of Unity (Portin Kellin) Municipal Sewage Plant Address/Location Central Avenue, Kearmy, N.J. Salimity Average Volume of Mattender Olscharges to Poth in a day 500,000 Silvery describe any promisement methods Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, (X) Domestic Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, (X) Domestic Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, (X) Domestic Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, (X) Domestic Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, (X) Domestic Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, () Observation Series, () Centaminated Sidne Matter. () Manufactured Cooling, () Observation Cooling, () Observatio		13	FOR DEP USE ONLY
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Name and Location of Site	Cooling, (X) Domestic Saws () Scrubber Water, () Othe B. Discharge to Navigable Waterway 1. Name of Receiving Stream 2. NPDES Permit Number 2. NPDES Permit Number 3. Estimated average volume of 250,000 4. Striefly describe any treatmen Chrome reduced, Metals precipital S. Wastewatter consists of: (X) Capting, () Domestic Saws (X) Scrubber Water, () Othe Previous disposal practices (1930—1930—1930—1930—1930—1930—1930—1930—	westewater discharged to receiving stream in gallons. Acid—Alkali neutralized. Process Water. (X) Contact Cooling. () a proc. () Contaminated Storm Water. () was the stream of the cooling. () and the cooling. () are contaminated storm water. () was the cooling. () and cooling. () are contaminated storm water. () was the cooling. () are contaminated storm water. () was the contaminated storm water.	troved.
Time period site was used	Cooling, (X) Domestic Saws () Scrubber Water, () Othe B. Discrerge to Navigable Waterway 1. Name of Receiving Stream 2. NPDES Permit Number 2. NPDES Permit Number 3. Estimated average volume of 250,000 4. Smielly describe any treatment Chrome reduced, Metals precipital S. Wastewater consists of: (X) Cooling, () Domestic Sews (X) Scrubber Water, () Other Previous disposal practices (1900—1 substances at any land disposal site off site?	y or Tributary Stream: Passaic River N.J. 0020443 wastewater discrarged to receiving stream in gallons. Cyanide is dest Acid—Alkali neutraliz ted. Process Water. (X) Carract Cooling. () rege. () Contaminated Storm Water. () Water. (977). Has this plant previously disposed of police. by land spreading or burlat, landfilling.	andown Water.
	Cooling, (X) Domestic Saws () Scrubber Water, () Othe B. Discrerge to Navigable Waterway 1. Name of Receiving Stream 2. NPDES Permit Number 3. Estimated average volume of 250,000 4. Briefly describe any treatment Chrome reduced, Metals precipital S. Wastewater consists of: (X) Cooling, () Domestic Saws (X) Scrubber Water. () Otherwood disposal practices (1930–1 substances at any land disposal site off site? YES X NO	y or Tributary Stream: Passaic River N.J. 0020443 westewater discrarged to receiving stream in gallons. Cyanide is dest Acid—Alkali neutraliz Ted. Process Water. (X) Contact Cooling. () in the second of t	andown Water. LTOVED - Ded
Nome of respected experiences	Cooling, (X) Domestic Saws () Scrubber Water, () Othe B. Discrerge to Navigable Waterway 1. Name of Receiving Stream 2. NPDES Permit Number 3. Estimated average volume of 250,000 4. Briefly describe any treatment Chrome reduced, Metals precipital S. Wastewater consists of: (X) Cooling, () Domestic Saws (X) Scrubber Water. () Otherwood disposal practices (1930–1 substances at any land disposal site off site? YES X NO	y or Tributary Stream: Passaic River N.J. 0020443 westewater discrarged to receiving stream in gallons. Cyanide is dest Acid—Alkali neutraliz Ted. Process Water. (X) Contact Cooling. () in the second of t	andown Water. LTOVED - Ded
Name of selected suggrances Physical Amount of selected substanc disposed of at this site State disposed at site (pounds)	Cooling, (X) Domestic Saws () Scrubber Water, () Othe 8. Discrenge to Navigable Waterway 1. Name of Receiving Stream 2. NPDES Permit Number 2. NPDES Permit Number 3. Estimated average volume of 250,000 4. Striefly describe any treatmen Chrome reduced, Metals precipital S. Wastewatter consists of: (X) Cooling, () Domestic Saws (X) Scrubber Water, () Othe Previous disposal practices (1930—1 substances at any land disposal site off site? YES NO If available provide the following integral and Location of Site	y or Tributary Stream: Passaic River N.J. 0020443 westewater discrarged to receiving stream in gallons. Cyanide is dest Acid—Alkali neutraliz Ted. Process Water. (X) Contact Cooling. () in the second of t	and own Water.

Asbestos enters premises in form of brake shoe constituents. PCB's are in fixed transformers plus a small stock. Neither enters into production and neither *Note:

is reported in Part II.

State of New Jersey on of Environmental Pri

9	407		
-	AR I	ш	

SELECTED SUBSTANCE REPORT

COMPLETE ONE FORM FOR EACH SELECTED SUBSTANCE	FOR DEP USE	
WESTERN ELECTRIC INC., KEARNY	Y, NEW JERSEY	f. o .
2. Selected Substance Name	CAS:	
Bervllium	7440 <u>-4</u> 1-7	!
3. Briefly Describe its Use On The Site:		
insulators for Transistor amo portion of beryllium oxide)	ounting (Beryllium	

	COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE PLANT BASED ON 1878 USAGE	:	IDITER THE ACTUAL OR ESTIMATED AMOUNTS	USE THE RE-		(7 £3 3 T & W
	4. QUANTITY PRODUCED ON SITE	- 1	-0-	ibs/yr.	X	
THROUGH PU	5. QUANTITY BROUGHT ONTO SITE	1	157	ibs/yr.		X
POCC	S. QUANTITY CONSUMED ON SITE		-0-	' Ibs/yr.	X	
==	T. QUANTITY SHIPPED OFF SITE		157	lbs/yr.		Χ
	E. MAXIMUM INVENTORY		20	ibs		Χ
	9. TOTAL STACK EMISSIONS OF	,	-0-	ibs/vr.	X	
At A	SELECTED SUBSTANCE		-0-	Max los/day	X	
Eurs A	10. TOTAL FUGITIVE EMISSIONS OF]	-0-	: 158/yr.	X	
	SELECTED SUBSTANCE		- 0-	mex (bs/day	X	
	11. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED		-o-	lbs/yr.	Х	
WA1E Ange	SUBSTANCE INTO SURFACE WATER		-0-	mex lbs/day	X	
ASTE DISCH	12 TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE INTO PUBLICLY OWNED		- 0-	ibs/yr.	X	
ž	TREATMENT WORKS	!	- 0-	max (bs/day)	Х	

13. DISPOSAL OF WASTE CONTAINING THE SELECTED SUBSTANCE

LOCATION OF FINAL STIR JAEDQUIO SZERODA ONA BMAN	STATE	DISPOSAL METHOD TABLE 8	CUANTITY OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE DISPOSED (Ibes)	FOR DEP USE
1.			-0-	
2				
3				
4				
5				

TABLE A PHYSICAL STATE

- A-O1 Solid A-O2 Science A-O3 Studie A-O3 Studie A-O3 Other (specify)
- M-01 Compositing M-02 Evaporation M-03 Holding Tank M-04 Incineration M-05 Injection Heat II-08 Lapon

TABLE B CODET BE LAZORER

- 19-07 Land Buries 19-08 Land Serveding 19-08 Neutralization 19-10 Ocean 19-11 Recycling 19-15 Sanitary Landill.

- ks-13 Surface mater M-14 Subsumace System M-15 Pwolysis M-16 Soray (migation M-17 Stored On Sire M:95 Other (Decily)

(A)

	Desartment of Environmental Prospertion	('Z')	
PART II	SELECTED SUBSTANCE REPORT		
COMPLETE ONE FORM FOR EACH	SELECTED SUBSTANCE	FOR DEP USE	
WESTERN ELECTRIC	INC., KEARNY, NEW JERSEY) I.O.	
Cvanide	57-12-5		
1. Braffy Openine its Use On The :	Site:	i	
Primarily zinc p	lating of metal parts		

	COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE PLANT BASED ON 1978 USAGE	ENTER THE ACTUAL OR ESTIMATED AMOUNTS	USE THE RE- ACT- EST
P .	4. QUANTITY PRODUCED ON SITE	-0-	IDEATE. X
THROUGH PUT	S. QUANTITY BROUGHT ONTO SITE	6,814	fbaryr. X
MAN	8. QUANTITY CONSUMED ON SITE	6,749	lbs/vr. X
="	7. CUANTITY SHIPPED OFF SITE AS (OR IN) PRODUCT	-0-	les/yr. X
	8. MAXIMAM INVENTORY	850	ibs X
	9. TOTAL STACK BAISSIONS OF	60	Ibs/yr. X
AIA ISSIDMS	SELECTED SUBSTANCE	.25	MEX IDE/ DRY X
E E E	10. TOTAL FUGITIVE BAISSIONS OF	6	Iberyr. X
	SELECTED SUBSTANCE	.025	max (ba/day - X
E	11. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE INTO SURFACE WATER	(6.0) 5.3	lbs/yr. X
PASTEWALE	SUBSTANCE INTO SOMPACE WATER	(02) -0.22	mex lbs/day
	12. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE INTO PUBLICLY OWNED		lbs/yr. X
	TREATMENT WORKS	/-00-	meta lbs/day X

13. DISPOSAL OF WASTE CONTAINING THE SELECTED RUBSTANCE ... LOCATION OF FINAL DISPOSAL SITE NAME AND ADDRESS PHYSICAL DISPOSAL STATE METHOD TABLE A TABLE B QUANTITY OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE DISPOSED (194) FOR DEP USE **-0-** 5 -

TABLE A PHYSICAL STATE

#-01 Solid #-02 Linduid !#-03 Sturry !#-04 Studge !!-09 Other (specify)

M-01 Compositing M-02 Evaporation M-03 Holding Tank M-04 Incineration M-05 Injection Well M-05 Usepon

TABLE B DISPOSAL METHODS

In-OR Land Burial In-OR Land Sereating In-OR Land Sereating In-OR Neutralization In-ID Ocean In-IT Serveting

NH13 Surrace trater NH14 Subsurrace System NH15 Precivate NH16 Soray Impation NH17 Stored On Site Ur96 Other Substity

(
7 9	

State of New Jersey --PART II SELECTED SUBSTANCE REPORT COMPLETE ONE FORM FOR EACH SELECTED SUBSTANCE FOR DEP USE WESTERN ELECTRIC INC., KEARNY, NEW JERSEY 2 Selected Suprance Name Silver 7-440-22-4 2. Brightly Designed Its Use On The Site: filver plating of metal parts. Note: Silver on photographic and X-ray films is excluded. COMPLETE THE POLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE PLANT BASED ON 1979 USAGE DITER THE ACTUAL 4. QUANTITY PRODUCED ON SITE X -0-106/7 S. QUANTITY BROUGHT ONTO SITE 100.4 IDE/W. 8. QUANTITY CONSUMED ON SITE -0-I. QUANTITY SHIPPED OFF SITE 100.4 Χ 188/ 97. 4. MAXIMUM INVENTORY 12.3 ¥ X 9. TOTAL STACK EMISSIONS OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE Not Detectable 155/97. Not Detectable MEX 109/ GEV X 10. TOTAL FUGITIVE BAISSIONS OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE Not Detectable i los/yr. Not Detectable MEX : DS/Gay X Not Detectable 11. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE INTO SURFACE WATER iba/ yr. BASTEWATER OISCHANGE Not Detectable max Ibs/day 12. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE INTO PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS lbe/yr. -0-Χ mex lbs/day -0-X 13. DISPOSAL OF WASTE CONTAINING THE SELECTED SUBSTANCE LOCATION OF FINAL DISPOSAL SITE MAME AND ADDRESS PHYRCAL DISPOSAL STATE METHOD TABLE A TABLE B QUANTITY OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE DISPOSED (lbs) FOR DEP USE -0-

TABLE A PHYSICAL STATE

4-01 Saint

#-02 Liquid

#-04 Slunge 7-09 Cirer (specify) M-01 Compositing M-02 Evaporation M-03 Holding Tank M-04 Incineration M-05 Injection Meli M-05 Lagoon

DISPOSAL METHODS

M-07 Land Surial 13-08 Land Spreading M-09 Neutralization 12-10 Ceeps M-11 Reducting 11-17 Sanitary Landtill

M-13 Surrace Clarer M-14 Subsurrace System M-15 Pereivers M-15 Scray (Prigation M-17 Storac On Sice U-98 Cther (specify)

State of item jersey and of Environmental Protection

	RT II APLETE ONE FORM FOR EACH SELECT	SELE	CTE	D SUBST	ANCE R	EPORT		Ÿ
	Name and Location of Plant WESTERN ELECTRIC IN				NEW	JERSEY	1.C.	OEP USE
2	Toluene			<u> </u>	445.	108-88-3		
3.	Paint solvent							
	COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE PLANT BASED ON 1979 USAGE	*		SP.	HTER TH	E ACTUAL ED AMOUNTS	USE THE RE-	ACT- ES
	4. QUANTITY PRODUCED ON SITE					-0-	lbs/-yr.	Χ
THROUGH PUT QUANTITIES	5. QUANTITY BROUGHT ONTO SITE					36,288	lbs/yr.	7
E AN	6. QUANTITY CONSLINED ON SITE		ì			0-	!ba/yr	Χ
="	7. CUNTITY SHIPPED OFF SITE		ļ			- 0 -	lastyr.	Χ
	E. MAXIMUM INVENTORY		!			10.643	- 58	,
	9. TOTAL STACK EMISSIONS OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE 10. TOTAL FUGITIVE EMISSIONS OF SELECTED SUBSTANCE					30,240	lbs/yr.)
- Š						126	max los/day	}
EMISS						6,048	iberyr.	
						25.2	max (be/day	y
£	11. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTE SUBSTANCE INTO SURFACE WAT	o				- 0-	ibaryr.	Χ
TANG.	30831 A402 14 10 30AF A02 #A11		-0-			TREE IDE/ GRY .	X	
BASTEWATER DISCHANGE	12. TOTAL DISCHARGE OF SELECTE SLESTANCE INTO PUBLICLY OWN	D D				- 0-	lbs/yr.	Χ
_	SUBSTANCE INTO PUBLICLY OWN TREATMENT WORKS					-0-	mex (bs/day	Χ
13.	disposal of waste containing the	E SELE	CTE	SUBSTAN	CE			
	LOCATION OF FINAL DISPOSAL SITE NAME AND ADDRESS	PHYSI STA' JEAT	TE :	DISPOSAL METHOD TABLE 9		MTITY OF SELECTED ESTANCE DISPOSED (lbs)	FOR	EP USE
1								
						0-		
2						·		
3								
4								
5	`				İ			

TABLE A
PHYSICAL STATE
T-01 Salid
2-02 Liquid
12-03 Surry
2-03 Slunge
2-05 Other (specify)

M-UT Commenting M-O2 Evaporation M-O3 Holding Tank M-O4 Insureration M-C5 Investion Well M-O8 Lagoon

TABLE B DISPOSAL METHODS VAOT Land Burks 14-08 Line Sareading 14-09 hatustalization 12-10 Ocean Meth Recycling 11-17 Santiany Landfill

M-10 Surface (taser M-14 Subsurface System M-15 Perolesis M-14 Sarev (rigation M-17 Stored On Site M-58 Other (seecify)

小儿

Western Electric

100 Central Avenue Kearny N J 37032 201 465-4000

B-196

December 17, 1980

MR. J. G. AMBERS, Department Chief

222 Broadway

Kearny Works

In response to your letter of December 1, 1980, (re: Centralizing Hazardous Waste Disposal), attached are Kearny Works' completed Hazardous Waste Survey Forms for your information. If there are any questions, please contact Angelo Basile or Virginia Chu at 8-223-5447.

CFC:61KY184520:sr

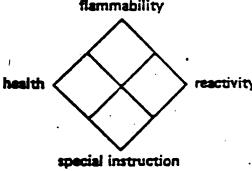
Att.

J KRETTZ, Engineering Manager Plant & Manufacturing Facilities

HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY FORM

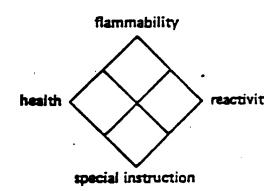
C_PANY LOCATION					
Kearny Victi	. 2				
MAILING ADDRESS		•			
100 Central	Ave., Kea	mu. NJ	07032		
DESL TION OF WASTE					
. Cuanide Slu	dae				
VOLUME 66 drums x 50		FREQUENCY		PACKI	VG
3300. g		PER MONTH	PER ON TIM	- 171	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	CIRCLE APPRO	OPRIATE BLOC	KS		
HYS STATE # 70"F	7)(VISCOSITY •	70° F		
SOUD LIQUID	SEMISOLID	LOW		MEDIUM	·
AYERING BILAYERED	MULTILAYERED	1 1	BY VOLUME AT I		IG
USPENDED SOLIDS			SOLIDS BY WEIGH		
View View View View View View View View	WEIGHT) OR VOLUM			5-20%	
PECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60'F		FLASH POIN	T (et)		
< 0.8 Q.8 - 1.0 1.0 - 1.2 1.2 · 1	1.4 1.7 >1	.7 < 80°F	80-150		150°F
HOUSANDS OF STU'S / LB.	2 12-16 16-		LY BOUND CHLOR		-30%
RGANICALLY BOUND SULFUR (WT. %)		На			
NONE TRACE Q5-	5% > 5%	14	4-7	7	7-10
OXIGITY MEDIUM LON	W UNKNOWN	OTHER INFO	RMATION:		
PLEA	SE IDENTIFY AND QUANT	TFY ALL KNOWN C	OMPONENTS		
*	8		*	. %	
VOLATILE ORGANICS %	%		*	*	
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS %	×		% .	*	
ACIDS OF ALKALIS %	*		* .	*	
SALTS	* *		%	*	
METALLICS %	*		*	*	
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES	*		*	Market Sales Comments	
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS					
			*		
	COVERY		AL ONLY		
IF RE FERY - WHAT COMPONENTIS) IS (ARE)	to se considered for	RECOVERY:			•
PLFASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PRODUCTS SPECI	FICATIONS AND ANY ADI	DITIONAL HAZARD	AND HANDLING I	NFORMATION OF	1 THIS
TE . HE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND ABILIT					
OCATION CONTACT	TITLE				
J. T. Chikowski		DEPT. C	HIEF		
HONE NUMBER	DATE	1-1,7/80		853860059)
x. 7 - 44C3	1 ′	7/17/80	.		

	flammability
	(1) Hazard identification system:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream?N^_ If so, please a copy of the results.
	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? No. If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
_	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? ☐ CORROSIVE? ☐ REACTIVE? ☐ TOXIC? ☐
C	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: Reactive and Toxic The U.S. EPA identification number: Foo8
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environ Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and ReAct?(49 CFR 261)
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): NA 2810
(;	(1) Correct shipping description: <u>Poison B, Liquio</u> , Nos (2) Hazard class(es): <u>Poison B</u>
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Depa of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act? Yes (See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
·i	The Waste Contains: ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR OF YES OF NOTICE OF CARBAMATES CARBAMATES CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
r.	if walte is a pecticide of produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, one following:



PANY LOCATION					
Kearny Works				j	
	·	•			
MAILING ADDRESS			-		
100 Central Ave.	. Kearnu	(,, 27	C7032		
DESCRIPTION OF WASTE					
Methyl Ethyl keto	ne				
VOLUME 142. drums × 50.	gals drum	=	QUENCY	7	PACKING
7100.9015			PER PER PER	ONE	DRUMS
	CIRCLE	APPROPR	ATE BLOCKS		
HYSL L STATE @ 70" F	<u> </u>		VISCOSITY . 70' F		
טונס טוספ טוספ	SEMIS	000	LOW	ME	DIUM
AYERING			& LAYERING BY V	OLUME AT INFINI	TE SETTLING
NONE BILAYERED	MULTILA	YERED	STOP_	<u> </u>	×
NSPENDED SOLIDS			DISSOLVED SOLID	S BY WEIGHT	
(5%) 5-20% > 20%	WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	< 5%	5	20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY & 60'F		,	FLASH POINT (ac)		3
< 0.8 (0.8-1.0) 1.0-1.2 1.2	- 1.4 1.4 - 1.7	>1.7	(80°F)	80-150°F	>150°F
HOUSANDS OF STU'S / LB.	12 12-16	16-20	ORGANICALLY BO	RACE 1-10	
				NACE 1110	10-30%
NONE TRACE 0.5-5% >5% 1-4 47 7					
OXIGITY					7-10
	OW UNKN	IOWN	OTHER INFORMAT	non:	
PLE	ASE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIFY	ALL KNOWN COMPO	NENTS	
*		*	×		*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	•.	*	*		*
		*			
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	<u>`</u>		*	•	*
OS OR ALKALIS %		%	<u> </u>	·	*
SALTS		*	%		*
METALLICS %		*	*		*
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES		*	*		*
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS		<u>~</u>	5		
					*
SERVICE DESIRED:	RECOVERY		DISPOSAL ON	<u> </u>	
IF RE VERY - WHAT COMPONENTISH IS (ARE	TO SE CONSIDER	ed for reco	WERY:		•
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PRODUCTS SPEC	HEICATIONS AND A	MY ADDITIO	NAL MAZABO ANO	HANDI ING INGCR	MATION ON THIS S
					
TO # BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND ABIL	ITY TO DETERMINE	T	UMPLETE AND ACCI	JHATE DESCRIPTION	ON OF THIS WASTI
COCATION CONTACT		TITLE	+ 01		
J. T. Chi Kows Ki			pt. Chier	-	-
PHONE NUMBER		DATE	7/80	8539	860061
8-223 - 5453		, 0	1180		-

, B.	It waste is a pesticide or produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, che following:
· -	The Waste Contains: ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR OF YES OF NOTICE CARBAMATES CARBAMATES CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act? (See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
ı	(1) Correct shipping description: Nothing Ething Knimes
((2) Hazard class(es): Finemahia Liziid
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1193
C.	Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and ReAct? YES (49 CFR 261)
((1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: (I,T). The U.S. EPA identification number: ====================================
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC?
ָס,	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please a copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:



HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY FORM

PANY INCATION	•				
Keamu	Korks				
MAILING ADDRESS			•		
(100 @	ntral thie., Kear	ny, Ni	J 07032		
DES. PTION OF WASTE					
Xylene	·				
VOLUME 128 drums	x 50. gals /drum =	FRE	QUENCY		PACKING
<i></i>	6400. gals		PER PER	ONE	N.
			IONTH IN TEAM	TIME	DRUMS
	CIRCLE	APPROPRI	ATE BLOCKS		
PHYS LSTATE @ 70° F	LIQUID SEMIS	souo	LOW F	MEDIL	194
	- Lucio				
NONE NONE	BILAYERED MULTIL	AYERED	% LAYERING BY VOL	_%	
SUSPENDED SOLIDS	BICATERED		DISSOLVED SOLIDS 8		_ ^
(4 5%) 5-20%	> 20% WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	< 5%	5-201	4
PECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60'F			FLASH POINT (ec)		
	0 - 1.2 1.2 - 1.4 1.4 - 1.7	>1.7	4 80 F	80-150°F	>150°F
THOUSANDS OF BTU'S / LB.			ORGANICALLY BOUN	O CHLORINE IW	[.%)
7 1 14	5-9 9-12 12-16	16-20	NONE TRA	I-10%	10-30%
SAUNICALLY BOUND SULFU	R (WT. %)		pH		
NONE TRAC	E 0.5 - 5% .	> 6%	14 (4)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	7-10
OXICITY			OTHER INFORMATIO	N:	
HIGH (MEDIU	M LOW UNKI	NOWN			
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	D QUANTIFY A	ALL KNOWN COMPONE	NTS	
	4	*	*		. %
VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*		*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	×	*		*
ACIOS OF ALKALIS		×	*		*
SALTS	*	*	*		*
METALLICS	*	*	*		%
PESTICIDES	*	*	*		*
A TRANSPER / TOXICS	*	%	%		%
TIVICE DESIRED:	- RECOVERY	<u> </u>	DISPOSAL ONLY	. 	
	NENTISI IS (ARE) TO SE CONSIDER	ED FOR RECO	VERY:	-	
IF IN PREST - WHAT COME	NEW TO THE CONTROL				•
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED	PRODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND	ANY ADDITIO	NAL HAZARD AND HA	NDLING INFORMA	TION ON THIS
	EDGE AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN				
LOCATION CONTACT		TITLE			
7,77	h, kows Ki	be	pt. Chire		
PHONE NUMBER	24, kows ki	DATE	17/80 .	- 85300	0000
8-227	1 - 5457	14	17/80 .	85386	UU63
		·	ı		

, в.	If waste is a pesticide or produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, che following:
- ئى	The Waste Contains: ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR OF YES OF NO CARBAMATES CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Deping of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
	(See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
((1) Correct shipping description:
	(2) Hazard class(es): Firmmohio liquid
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1307
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Enviror Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and React? YES (49 CFR 261)
((1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: (I) The U.S. EPA identification number: ————————————————————————————————————
·	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? □ CORROSIVE? □ REACTIVE? □ TOXIC? □
D' _	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? No. If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? $\frac{1.0}{1.0}$ If so, please a copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:
	flammability
٠.	ilaminability
•	health reactivity
	X Y

special instruction

"BAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY FORM

CPANY DOCATION					1
Kearny Works					
MAILING ADDRESS			-		
1-1 Central Ave	., Kearny, NJ	07032	L		
DESC. PTION OF WASTE	ı				
Perchloroethylene					
VOLUME 54 drums *	50.0 gals. /drum =	FR	EQUENCY		AACKING
2700 gals	8		PER MONTH	TEAR TI	- 10 1
	CIRCLE	APPROPR	IATE BLOC		
HYS STATE @ 70'F	Omocc	Airnorn	VISCOSTTY .		
SOLIO	LIQUID SEMI	\$ 0UD	LOW		MEDIUM
AYERING			& LAYERING	BY VOLUME AT	NFINITE SETTLING
NONE	BILAYERED MULTIL	AYERED	x	тор%	_ · · × ·
NZA ENDED ZO I DS			DISSOLVED	SOLIDS BY WEIGH	(T
(5% 5-20% L	> 20% (WEIGHT) OR	VOLUME	< 5%		5-20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60 F			FLASH POIN		
< 0.8 0.8-1.0 1.0-1	1.2 (1.2-1.4) 1.4-1.7	>1.7	< 80 ° F	\$0-150	
HOUSANDS OF BTU'S / LB.	942 12-16	16-20	NONE	TRACE	1-10% 10-30%
ARGANICALLY BOUND SULFUR	(WT. %)		pH		
NONE TRACE	0.5 - 5%	> 5%	14	4-7	7 7-10
OXICITY			OTHER INFO	RMATION:	
HIGH MEDIUM	LOW UNK	NOWN			
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AN	D QUÂNTIFY	ALL KNOWN CO	MPONENTS	4.0
	%	*		*	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*		*	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	. %	×		%	*
ACIDS OR ALKALIS	*	*		*	×
SALTS	*	*		*	*
METALLICS	*	*		*	%
CYANIDES PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS OTHER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*		*	*
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	-%	*		*	*
SERVICE DESIRED:	· RECOVERY		015705	LL ONLY	
F RE PERY - WHAT COMPONE	VTISI IS (ARE) TO BE CONSIDER	ED FOR REC	OVERY:		
					•
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PR	ODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND	ANY ADDITIO	DRAL HAZARD	AND HANDLING	INFORMATION ON THIS S
TO LE BEST OF MY KNOWLED	SE AND ASILITY TO DETERMIN	E THIS IS A	COMPLETE AND	ACCURATE DES	CRIPTION OF THIS WASTE
LOCATION CONTACT	•	TITLE			
J.T. Chik	wski .	Dept	. Chief		
PHONE NUMBER		DATE	1.	T - 8	353860065
8-22 7- 5	453	12/	17/80		

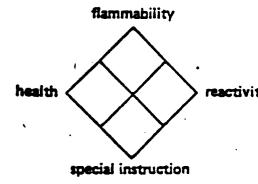
	TI waste is a pesticide of Produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, on
, 0.	following:
	The Waste Contains:
(☐ ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR ☐ YES ☐ NO
1	☐ CARBAMATES ☐ CHLOFINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Dep
	of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
	(See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
1	(1) Correct shipping description: Parchlam of the total and the total an
<u> </u>	(2) Hazard class(es):
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): 11827
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Enviror
	Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Re
	Act ? YES (49 CFR 261)
((1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state:
•	-(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? □ CORROSIVE? □ REACTIVE? □ TOXIC? □
D.	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? <u>No.</u> If so, please a copy of the results.
-	(1) Hazard identification system:
	flammability
•	
	health / reactivit

•:

special instruction

PANY LOCATION						
Kearnu	Works					
MAILING ADDRESS			-			
. ICO Ca	intral Ave. , &	(earnu	NT O	7032		
DES TION OF WASTE	,11,1 sa 5416. 5 5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	.773			
	amoth laws					
	oroethylene					
VOLUME 43 drums x	=0 gals./drum	- FRE	EQUENCY	$\overline{}$	 ₩	CKING
24	100 gals.		PER WONTH		TME	DRUMS
		ASSECTE	LATE DI COI			لنست
HYS STATE # 70" F	CIRCLE	APPRUPR	VISCOSITY			
	LIQUID SEMIS	OUD	LOW	ا أَ	MEDIUM	\neg
AYERING			SIAVERING	BY VOLUME AT		TING
	AYERED MULTIL	YERED		TOP%		LING
USPENDED SOLIDS				SOLIDS BY WEIG		
< 5% S-20% > 2	WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	< 5%		5-20%	
PECIFIC GRAVITY @ 60°F		\	FLASH POINT	T (oc)		
< 0.8 0.8-1.0 1.0-1.2	1.2 · 1.4) [>1.7]	< 80°F	(50'F	>150°F
HOUSANDS OF BTU'S / LB.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		LY BOUND CHL		
< 1 1-5 5-9 5-9	912 12-16	16-20	NONE	TRACE	1-10%	10-30%
	/T. %)		pH			
NONE TRACE	0.5 - 5%	> 5%	14	47	7	7-10
OXICITY MEDIUM	LOW UNKN	IOWN	OTHER INFO	RMATION:		
			<u> </u>			
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIFY	ALL KNOWN CO	MPONENTS .		•
	%	*		*	. %	
VOLATILE ORGANICS	\$	*		*	\$	
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	<u> </u>	×		*	*	
ACIDS OR ALKALIS	%	*		*	*	•
SALTS	\$	<u> </u>		*	<u> </u>	
METALLICS	*	*		*	<u> </u>	
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS - OTHER	%	¢	-	*	*	
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	*	45		%	*	
SERVICE DESIRED:	· RECOVERY		DISPOSA	L ONLY		
			<u> </u>	1)		
HE RE FERY - WHAT COMPONENT	(S) IS (ARE) TO SE CONSIDER	ed for reci	OVERY:			
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PROD						
TC E BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN	E THIS IS A	OMPLETE AND	ACCURATE DE	SCRIPTION OF	THIS WAST
OCATION CONTACT		TITLE				
J. T. Chike	waki .		Ept. Chi	<u> </u>	853860	0067
CHONE NUMBER	- ,	DATE /2	117/80		33333	
R-7.23-1	(1))	, -	716750			

ر. د	in waste is a pesticide of produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, on
	following:
4	The Waste Contains:
• •	☐ ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR ☐ YES ☐ NO
	☐ CARBAMATES
	☐ CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Dep
	of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act? \sim
	(See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
	(1) Correct shipping description: Trichlarmothylana
,	
	(2) Hazard class(es): ORU-L
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1710
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Enviro
	Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and R
	Act ?YES(49 CFR 261)
_	•
	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: (T).
	The U.S. EPA identification number: Foci Foo2
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess?
	IGNITABLE? ☐ CORROSIVE? ☐ REACTIVE? ☐ TOXIC?
n -	
D.	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the
	material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please
	copy of the results.
•	
	(1) Hazard identification system:
	• .



HAZARDOUS WASTE SURVEY FORM

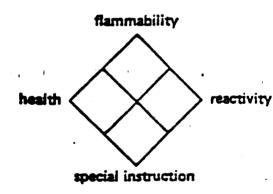
COMPANY LOCATION				
1 Kea	rny Norks			
MAI TADDRESS	_			
(100	Central Ave., K	earry. NJ	07032	
DESCRIPTION OF WASTE				
Sci	nic Solve (mainly	methylene C	heoride	
VOLUME 18	drums x 50. gals/dru	m = FREQUENC		PACKING
	900 gals	PER MONTH	PER ON THE	
	CIRCLE	APPROPRIATE	BLOCKS	
HYSICAL STATE @ 70° F			DSITY ● 70' F	
30U0	LIQUID , SEMI	SOLID	LOW	MEDIUM
AYERING	BILAYERED MULTIL		YERING BY VOLUME AT I	
USPENDED SOLIDS	BICATERED MOCITO		%TOP% DLVED SOLIDS BY WEIGH	
< 5% 5-20%	> 20% WEIGHT) OR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 5%	5-20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60'F		FLAS	H POINT (cc)	
	.0 - 1.2 (1.2 - 1.4) 1.4 - 1.7		< 80 F 80-150) F > 150 F
W ANDS OF STUS/LE	5-9 . 9-12 . 12-16		ANICALLY BOUND CHLO	TINE (WT.%)
MIGANICALLY BOUND SULFU	IR (WT. 36)	Hq		
NONE TRA	E 0.5 - 5%	» 5% 1·	4 (47)	7 7-10
OXICITY			ER INFORMATION:	
HIGH (MEDI	UM UNK	NOWN		
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AN	D QUANTIFY ALL KN	OWN COMPONENTS	
	%	*	*	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	%	% .	*	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*	*
DE OR ALKALIS	x	*	*	*
SAUTS .	3 %	*	* .	*
METALLICS	*	%	- 52	*
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES	1	*	40	*
CARCINOGENS - OTHER HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	*	*	*	*
SEF (DESIRED:	RECOVERY	T.	DISPOSAL ONLY	
	ONENTISI IS (ARE) TO SE CONSIDER	NED FOR RECOVERY		
A SE ATTACH RECLAIME	PRODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND	ANY ADDITIONAL H	AZARD AND HANDLING	INFORMATION ON THIS
	LEDGE AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN			
LOCATION CONTACT	PROFESSION NEIGHT 10 ASTRUM	TITLE		
	hi Kows Ki	Dept.	CHIEF	
THE MIMBER	off ages and	DATE		853860069
		•	•	

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
, B.*	.If waste is a pesticide or produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, che following:
٠,	The Waste Contains: ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR OF YES OF NOTICE OF CARBAMATES CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Department of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
\mathcal{C}^{I}	(1) Correct shipping description: Mathylana Chlorida "-" Times
	(2) Hazard class(es):
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List):
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environ Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and R Act? YES (49 CFR 261)
	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state:
	The U.S. EPA identification number:
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC?
D.	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:
٠.	
•	flammability
•	
•	health reactivity
	× ×
	special instruction
	special his green
-	
_	

BAZAD	אייפ	147a C77m	SURVEY	
DAME.	2003	-449 IE	SUKVEI	FORM"

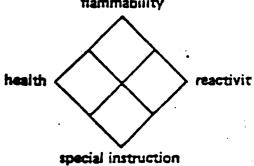
	HAZARDO	S WASTE	SURVEY FORM		
	,	<u></u>			
17		•			
FANY LOCATION					
Kearny Works					
MAILING ADDRESS			-		
100 Central Ave.	; kearny	して、 人工	07032		
DE IFTION OF WASTE					
Methylene Chloride	2				
NOTINE Q5 quine x 200	gale. /drum	FRE	EQUENCY		PACKING
3100. ga		11		EAR TIM	- 111
			الا		E DRUMS-
PHYT L STATE @ 70° F	CIRCLE	APPROPR	IATE BLOCK		
SOLID LIQUID	SEMIS	OUD	LOW	<u></u>	MEDIUM
LAYERING					
NONE SILAYERED	MULTILA	YERED		P%	FINITE SETTLING
SUSPENDED SOLIDS				LIDS BY WEIGH	
< 5% S-20% > 20%	WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	< 5%		5-20%
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0 80'F			ELASH POINT	(ge)	
< 0.8 0.8 - 1.0 1.0 · 1.2 (1.2 ·	1.4) 1.4 - 1.7	>1.7	< 80 F	80-150	F >150 F
THOUSANDS OF STUTS / LB.	2 12-16	18-20	ORGANICALLY	TRACE	INE (WT.%)
OR HICALLY BOUND SULFUR (WT. W)			(pH)		
the second secon	- 5%	5%	14	47	7 7-10
TOXICITY			OTHER INFOR	MATION:	
HIGH MEDIUM LO	W UNKN	IOWN			
PLEA	SE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIFY !	ALL KNOWN COM	PONENTS	
*		*	<u> </u>	.	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS %		*	9		*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS %		*	я	<u> </u>	*
ACIDS OR ALKALIS		*			*
SALTS %		8	- 4	<u> </u>	*
METALLICS %		*	x		*
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS - OTHER		*	2	3	
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS		*	4	×	A
SERVICE DESIRED: - R	SCOVERY		DISPOSAL	ONLY	•
IF PCTVERY - WHAT COMPONENTISH IS (ARE)	TO SE CONSIDERS	ed for reco	IV ERY:		
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PRODUCTS SPECI	FICATIONS AND A	NY ADDITIO	NAL HAZARD AN	ID HANDLING IN	FORMATION ON THIS S
T IE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND ABILL	TY TO DETERMINE	THIS IS A C	OMPLETE AND A	CCURATE DESC	RIPTION OF THIS WAST
LOCATION CONTACT		TITLE			
J. T. Chikows Xi		D	Ept. Chiz	F	0500000
PHONE NUMBER		DATE	27/80 .		853860071
8-223-5457		12/	17/80 .		
					•

,	following:
4 , .	The Waste Contains: CRGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR YES NO CARBAMATES CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
•	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Depa of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
	(1) Correct shipping description: Nothing Chloride "2" This man
	(2) Hazard class(es):
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1593
C.	Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and ReAct? YES (49 CFR 261)
C ;	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: Foo 2
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC?
D,	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? No lf so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis: _
Ε.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please a copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:



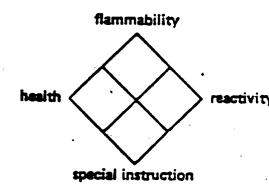
IPANY LOCATION	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
	rnu Works			
MAILING ADDRESS		•	-	
100	Central Ave.,	Kearny, N	17 07032	
DEL TION OF WASTE				
Cau	estec Wastes		•	
VOLUME 77 drums x	50 gals / drum =	FREQUENC	¥ /	PACKING
	150. gals.	PER	AEP.	ONE
				TIME DRUMS
HYE STATE @ 70° F	CINCLE	APPROPRIATE E	SITY • 70° F	
SOUD (LIQUID SEMI		LOW	MEDIUM
AYERING .		* LAY	ERING BY VOLUME A	T INFINITE SETTLING
NONE	SILAYERED MULTIL	1 1	%TOP%_	
USPENDED SOLIDS			LVED SOLIDS BY WE	
< 5% 5-20%	> 20% WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	5%	5-20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY . 60'F			I SOTHE (de)	
< as as-1.0 1.0-	1.2) 1.2 · 1.4 1.4 · 1.7		80°F 80-	150°F > 150°F
HOUSANDS OF STU'S / LB.	9 912 12-16		NICALLY BOUND CH	
			E TRACE	1-10% 10-30%
NONE TRACE	(WT. %)	>5% PH	47	7 7-10
OXIGITY				7 7-10
HIGH MEDIUM	LOW UNK	NOWN	R INFORMATION:	
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIFY ALL KNO	WIN COMPONENTS	
	*	*	*	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	%	*	*	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*	*
ACIDS OR ALKALIS	*	*	*	×
SAUTS	*	*	*	*
METALLICS	*	*	*	*
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS - OTHER	*	*	×	*
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	*	*	*	*
SERVICE DESIRED:	· RECOVERY		ISPOSAL ONLY	
IF R /ERY - WHAT COMPONE	NT(S) IS (ARE) TO BE CONSIDER	ED FOR RECOVERY:		
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PR	ODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND	ANY ADDITIONAL HA	ZARD AND HANDLIN	G INFORMATION ON THIS SI
TI E BEST OF MY KNOWLED	GE AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN	E THIS IS A COMPLET	E AND ACCURATE D	ESCRIPTION OF THIS WASTE
LOCATION CONTACT		TITUE		
すって と	Li Kiws Ki	Dept	Ches	_
PHONE NUMBER		DATE		853860073
8-227-5	752	1417/80	' .	

, b.	is waste is a pesticide of produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, chefollowing:
•	The Waste Contains: © ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR © YES © NO
,	☐ CARBAMATES ☐ CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Dep of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
i	(1) Correct shipping description: Correct Shipping description:
ζ.	(2) Hazard class(es):CORRUSIVE MATERIAL
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1760
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environ Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and R Act? (49 CFR 261)
((1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: The U.S. EPA identification number:
	[2] If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? □ CORROSIVE? ☑ REACTIVE? □ TOXIC? □
D. [*]	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please a copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:
	flammability



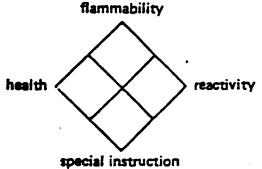
Kearny Korks			
MAILING ADDRESS		<u> </u>	
	·		
100 Central Ne.,	Ex. hurra	07032	
DES TION OF WASTE			
Acid Viestes			
VOLUME 47 drums x 50. gals/dre	FREQUENCY		PACKING
= 2350. gals	PER MONTH	PER ONE TIME	ORUMS
CIRCLE	APPROPRIATE BLOC	CKS	
PHYS .STATE @ 70°F	VISCOSITY		
SOLID (LIQUID) (SEMIS	SOLIO LOW	MED	IUM
LAYERING .	% LAYERIN	G BY VOLUME AT INFINIT	E SETTLING
NONE BILAYERED MULTIL		STOPS	
SUSPENDED SOLIDS		SOLIDS BY WEIGHT	
< 5% 5-20% (> 20% WEIGHT) OR	VOLUME < 5%	5-20	2%
PECIFIC GRAVITY # 60'F	FIASHBOU	MTL(qc)	
< 0.8 0.8 · 1.0 (1.0 · 1.2) 1.2 · 1.4 1.4 · 1.7	>1.7 (< 80° F	80-150 F	>150°F
THOUSANDS OF BTUS / LB.		LLY BOUND CHLORINE IN	rt.x)
- 1 1-6 5-0 9-12 12-16	16-20 (NONE	TRACE 1-10%	10-30%
PRGANICALLY BOUND SULFUR (WT. %)	pH		-,,
	>5% 1-4	47 7	7-10
OXICITY LOW UNKN	OTHER INF	ORMATION:	
Control Control			
PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIFY ALL KNOWN	COMPONENTS	
*	%	×	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS %	*	*	×
ACIDS OR ALKALIS %	% . •	*	*
<u> </u>	*	*	*
METALLICS %	*	×	*
CYAMIDES - PESTICIDES %	*	%	*
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	*	*	*
ERVICE DESIRED: - RECOVERY	DISPOS	AL ONLY	
IF R PERY - WHAT COMPONENTISI IS (ARE) TO BE CONSIDERED FOR RECOVERY:			
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PRODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND ANY ADDITIONAL HAZARD AND HANDLING INFORMATION ON THIS S			
TO LE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND ABILITY TO DETERMINE, THIS IS A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE DESCRIPTION OF THIS WASTI			
LOCATION CONTACT	TITLE		
J. T. Chikmuski	er		
PHONE NUMBER	DEDT. CA.	85386	0075
8-225 -545-3	12/17/80	.]	

, b.	is waste is a pesticide of produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, chefollowing:
1	The Waste Contains:
• ,	☐ ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR ☐ YES ☐ NO☐ CARBAMATES
	☐ CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Dep
	(See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
((1) Correct shipping description: Correct Liquid, 205
	(2) Hazard class(es):CORROSIVE MAHRIAL
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List):
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environ Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and RACT? YES (49 CFR 261)
$\overline{}$	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: The U.S. EPA identification number:
	1(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? ■ IGNITABLE? □ CORROSIVE? ☒ REACTIVE? □ TOXIC? □
D. [*]	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
Ε.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please a copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:



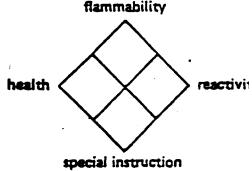
	<u> </u>			
COMPANY LOCATION	1.1			
Kearn	y Works	_		
MAILING ADDRESS				
(100	Central Ave., ke	orny, NJ o	7032	
DESCRIPTION OF WASTE				
Solie	eke			
VOLUME 74 drums	x 50. gals /drum	FREQUENCY		PACKING
	3700. gals	PER MONTH	PER ONE TIME	DRUMS
	CIRCLE	APPROPRIATE BLO	CKS	
PHYSICAL STATE @ 70° F		VISCOSITY	● 70 ° F	
20110	LIQUID	SOLIO LOW	ME	NUIC
NONE	SILAYERED MULTIL	* ·	g by volume at infinit %Top%	
SUSPENDED SOLIDS			SOLIDS BY WEIGHT	
< 5% (5-20%)	> 20% WEIGHT OR	VOLUME < 5%	5-2	20%
SECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60'F		ELASH POL		
	1.2 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.7		/	>150'F
TP TANDS OF STUS/LE.	5-9 9-12 12-16		LLY SOUND CHLORINE (1) TRACE 1-109	
ORGANICALLY BOUND SULFUR	(WT. %)	рН		
NONE TRACE	0.5 - 5%	>5% 14	47 7	7-10
TOXICITY HIGH MEDIU	M LOW UNK	NOWN OTHER INF	ORMATION:	
·	PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	D QUANTIFY ALL KNOWN	COMPONENTS	
	*	*	×	*
VOLATILE ORGANICS	S	*	%	×
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*	*
DS OR ALKALIS	*	*	*	8
SALTS	%	*	*	8
METALLICS	*	*	*	*
CYANIDES - PESTICITY CARCINOGENS - OTHE	¥	*	*	*
HAZARDOUS / TOXIC	S	%	*	*
SERVICE DESIRED:	RECOVERY	DISPOS	ML ONLY	1
IF HOUVERY - WHAT COMPON	IENT(S) IS (ARE) TO SE CONSIDER			
				•
	PRODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND			
	DGE AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN	E, THIS IS A COMPLETE AN	U ACCUMATE DESCRIPTIO	N OF THIS WASTE
LOCATION CONTACT J. T. Cl	Kiw & Ki	Dept chi	t F	
PHONE NUMBER		DATE		
Y	m/F1	12/12/10	8538	60077

<u>~.</u>	Dues this waste stream cumani ululugic material, pathogens, or ethological agents:
8.	If waste is a pesticide or produced by a pesticide manufacturing process, che following:
* }	The Waste Contains:
;	☐ ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR ☐ YES ☐ NO
•	☐ CARBAMATES
	CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Depa
	of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act? Yes (See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
_	(1) Correct shipping description: Flammable solid, No.3:
	(2) Hazard class(es): FLAMAABLE Solid
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List):
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environg Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Research (49 CFR 261)
~	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: The U.S. EPA identification number:
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC?
D.	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material?N^ If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please at copy of the results.
	-(1) Hazard identification system:
	flammability



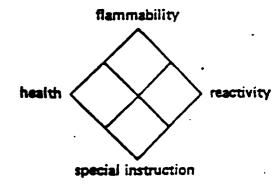
PANY LOCATION				
Keamu !	icis			
MAILING ADDRESS			_	
, 100 Centre	z! Ave., Kear	nu , NJ	07032	
DES TION OF WASTE				
Varsol				
VOLUME 120 drums	v so cals (decree	FR	EQUENCY	PACKING
				ONE
	6000. gals		MONTH YEAR T	TME DRUMS
	CIRCL	E APPROPR	IATE BLOCKS	
SOUD SOUD	LIQUID SEM	ISOUO	VISCOSITY • 70' F	
AYERING			LOW	MEDIUM
NONE	BILAYERED MULTIE	AYERED	% LAYERING BY VOLUME AT	
PUSPENOED SOUDS			DISSOLVED SOLIDS BY WEIG	
< 5% 5-20%	> 20% WEIGHT OR	VOLUME	< 5%	5-20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY 2 60'F			FLASH POINT (C)	
	1.2 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	7 >1.7	480°F (80-1	
HOUSANDS OF STUS / LB.	9-12 12-1	6 16-20	ORGANICALLY BOUND CHL	ORINE IWT.%)
A IICALLY BOUND SULFUR	(WT. %)		pH-	
NONE TRACE	0.5 - 5%	>5%	14 47	7 7-10
OXICITY MEDIUM	LOW JUNE	NOWN	OTHER INFORMATION:	
			ALL KNOWN COMPONENTS	
		*		
VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	 	*	*
	*	*	*	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	<u> </u>	*	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ACIDS OF ALKALIS	<u> </u>	X	*	*
SALYS	*	*	*	*
METALLICS	\$	*	*	*
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS - OTHER	*		*	*
HAZARDOUS / TOXICS	*	75	*	*
SERVICE DESIRED:	RECOVERY	·	(DISPOSAL ONLY	
	ENT(S) IS (ARE) TO BE CONSIDE	SED FOR REC	OVERY:	
ir il con a con con	Hitter is thick is as servere			•
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED P	RODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND	ANY ADDITIO	NAL HAZARD AND HANDLING	INFORMATION ON THIS SH
	OGE AND ABILITY TO DETERMIN			
LOCATION CONTACT	ARE WITH WASTELL IN THE SELECTION	TITLE		
J. T. Chi	Kow 3 Ki		pt- Chief	
PHONE NUMBER		DATE	17/80	853860079
8-223-5	453	12/	17/80	
			·	

•	flammability
	(1) Hazard identification system:
E	copy of the results.
D, ¯	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess? IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC? [
	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: The U.S. EPA identification number:
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environ Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and F. Act?
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 1993
	(2) Hazard class(es): ELAMMABLE LIAND
	(1) Correct shipping description: FLAMMABLE LIMIN NOS (VARIOL)
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Der of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act? YE (See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
	☐ CARBAMATES ☐ CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	The Waste Contains: ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR YES NO
u.	following:



PANY LOCATION				
	ny Works			
MAILING ADDRESS			•	•
ico i	Central Ave., ked	lmo Ni	07632	
DES PTION OF WASTE	Contract Fire y Mar	7 , 70	01032	
	o - Resist (xylen	e and tot	letuoulee and	
1				
To arums	x 50 gals./drum	FREQUEN		PACKING
2400	gas.	MONTH		ONE TIME DRUMS
	CIRCLE	APPROPRIATE	BLOCKS	
PHYS STATE # 70" F	1101110		OSITY # 70" F	
LAYERING .	LICUID SEMI	souo	LOW	MEDIUM
NONE	BILAYERED MULTIL		YERING BY VOLUME A	
SUSPENDED SOLIDS			SOLVED SOLIDS BY WE	* *
< 5% 5-20%	> 20% / WEIGHT OR		« 5%	5-20%
PECIFIC GRAVITY 9 60'F		. ELA	SH POINT (at)	
< as (as-1.0) 1.0-	1.2 1.2 1.4 1.4 1.7] [-1.7]	< 80°F 80-1	50°F >150°F
THOUSANDS OF STU'S / LB.		ORG	ANICALLY BOUND CHE	ORINE (WT.X)
Mr. MICALLY BOUND SULFUR	9-12 12-16		NE TRACE	1-10% 10-30%
MONE TRACE	(WT. %)	>5% PH	4 (47)	7 7-10
TOXICITY				7 7-10
HIGH MEDIUM	O) HEN INFORMATION:			
	PLEASE IDENTIFY AND	QUANTIEY ALL KE	CWN COMPONENTS	
	·			<u> </u>
VOLATILE ORGANICS	*	*	*	*
	.	*	<u> </u>	*
NON VOLATILE ORGANICS	* *	*	<u> </u>	*
ACIDS OF ALKALIS	*	*	*	*
SALTS	*	*	*	*
METALLICS	*	*	*	%
CYANIDES - PESTICIDES CARCINOGENS - OTHER	*	*		*
HAZAROOUS / TOXICS	4	*	T. T.	*
SERVICE DESIRED:	· RECOVERY		CISPOSAL ONLY	
	NTISI IS (ARE) TO BE CONSIDER			1
The Man Samuel	KIND IS DANSE TO BE DESTRUCED.	es i on necoveri	•	•
PLEASE ATTACH RECLAIMED PR	ODUCTS SPECIFICATIONS AND A	ANY ADDITIONAL M	AZARD AND MANDE IN	I INSCRINATION ON THIS
TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDS	GE AND ABILITY TO DETERMINE	TITLE	TE AND ACCURATE DE	SCRIFTION OF THIS WAST
_	J. T. Ch. Kous K. DEPt. Clier			
PHONE NUMBER	ONE HUMBER DATE 8529C0004			
8- 223-5	12/17/8	'o .		

1	following:
,	The Waste Contains:
ત્ય ં	☐ ORGANOPHOSPHATES - CONTAINING SULFUR ☐ YES ☐ NO
į	☐ CARBAMATES
	CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
	Is this waste a "Hazardous Material" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Departure of Transportation pursuant of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act?
	(See 49 CFR 172.101 and 173 for "Hazardous Materials" list and characteristics.)
	(1) Correct shipping description: FLAMMABLE LIQUID NO. S. (Kylone & MEK.)
((2) Hazard class(es): FLAMAAble Lievio
	(3) Identification number (from Hazardous Materials List): UN 19 93
C.	Is this waste a "Hazardous Waste" as defined by regulations of the U.S. Environr
	Protection Agency pursuant to Section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Re-
	Act ? <u>YES</u> (49 CFR 261)
í .	(1) If the waste is a listed hazardous waste, state: IGHITABLE .
	The U.S. EPA identification number: Foo 3 \$ Foo 5
	(2) If the waste is not listed, what hazardous characteristic(s) does it possess?
	IGNITABLE? CORROSIVE? REACTIVE? TOXIC?
D.	Is the information provided in Section C based upon laboratory analysis of the
_	material? If so, please advise of the date of the most recent analysis:
E.	Have you obtained toxicity studies of this waste stream? If so, please at copy of the results.
	(1) Hazard identification system:



Western Electric

Corporate Engineering

222 Broadway New York, N.Y. 10038 212 669 2345

APR : 19**81**:

Re: PCB Transformer Inspection Program

On March 10, 1981, the requirements of the Interim Measures Program for inspection and maintenance of polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) transformers was published in the Federal Register. This program requires that the following procedures be instituted with respect to all PCB transformers in use or stored for reuse:

- I. A visual inspection must be performed once every three months on every PCB (above 500 ppm) transformer.
- II. All leaks shall be recorded. If a PCB transformer is found to have a moderate leak, servicing must commence two business days from the observed date of the leak.
- III. Records containing servicing and inspection history shall be maintained for three years and be made available for inspection on request by EPA. Records shall contain the following information on each PCB transformer:
 - A. location
 - B. date of inspection
 - C. name of inspector
 - D. date and type of leak (leak or moderate leak)
 - E. date and description of servicing after first inspection

Definitions

- 1. PCB transformer contains over 500 ppm PCB's
- Leak when a transformer has any PCB's on any portion of its surface
- Moderate leak a leak which results in PCB's running off or about to run off the surface

The Interim Measures Program as described above goes into effect on May 11, 1981 and the first inspection must be completed by August 10, 1981.

The EPA has announced that it has approved two incinerators for PCB destruction. The incinerators are located at Rollins Environmental Services, Deer Park, Texas and at Energy Systems Company, El Dorado, Arkansas. You may negotiate disposal contracts for liquid PCB disposal through your local purchasing organization with guidance from Corporate Purchasing at Guilford Center.

If you have any questions on this PCB program, please contact me on 8-222-3502 or Art Staheli on 8-222-3768.

T. A. MULHERN

Environmental Engineering and Energy Management

Manager

Letter to: A. C. Di Donato - Allentown P. E. Morgan, M.D. - Atlanta W. H. Garmer - Baltimore Burlington ShopsCentral Region W. R. Cody T. W. Bursh C. Novoa - Central Region - P&D Inst. W. Judy, Jr. - Columbus D. K. Bates - Dallas R. H. Patterson - Denver J. F. Johnson - Eastern Region H. E. Kapp - ERC V. G. Mims - Guilford Center - Hawthorne A. H. Kobialka - Indianapolis W. P. Hopkins - Kansas City R. P. Hall J. Kreitz - Kearny - Merrimack Valley E. N. Lenk - Montgomery J. F. Cubbidge P. L. Spoor - Mtn. Northwest Region W. R. Walter, Jr. - North Carolina J. E. Elliott - Northeastern Region T. Yorke - Northern Illinois R. A. Batson - Oklahoma City - Omaha - Pacific Region K. M. Foster E. Austin C. L. Woods PhoenixPPE, Springfield R. H. March - Reading C. R. Bauer - Reynolda Road - Richmond R. C. Preuitt R. C. Whiteman - Sandia Corporation H. H. Pastorius W. T. Johnston - Shreveport - Southern Region T. A. Campbell - Southwestern Region B. E. Frankenfield J. C. Vicario C. W. Smallwood - Southwestern Region - P&D Mtl. Dis. - Southwestern Region - Des Peres, Mo - New River Valley Plant K. Lannin Copy to: - 222 Broadway J. R. Lauritzen M. I. Zeidman W. J. Avers L. J. Kaitz - BTL, Murray Hill G. M. Wilkening - AT&T, Basking Ridge R. C. Allen - Nassau Recycle, Gaston - ", Staten Island J. F. Watson W. Hageman - Teletype, Little Rock H. L. Crisp - " , Skokie J. V. Blazek

Western Electric

Corporate Engineering

222 Broadway New York, N.Y. 10038 212 669-2345

APR 5 1981

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If you have any questions on this PCB program, please contact me on 8-222-3502 or Art Staheli on 8-222-3768.

T. A. MULHERN

Environmental Engineering and Energy Management

Manager

See Attached List

853860087

Letter to: - Allentown A. C. Di Donato - Atlanta P. E. Morgan, M.D. - Baltimore W. H. Garmer - Burlington Shops W. R. Cody - Central Region T. W. Bursh - Central Region - P&D Inst. C. Novoa - Columbus W. Judy, Jr. - Dallas D. K. Bates R. H. Patterson - Denver - Eastern Region J. F. Johnson H. E. Kapp - Guilford Center V. G. Mims - Hawthorne A. H. Kobialka - Indianapolis W. P. Hopkins R. P. Hall - Kansas City - Kearny J. Kreitz - Merrimack Valley E.N. Lenk - Montgomery J. F. Cubbidge - Mtn. Northwest Region P. L. Spoor W. R. Walter, Jr. - North Carolina J. E. Elliott - Northeastern Region - Northern Illinois T. Yorke - Oklahoma City R. A. Batson - Omaha K. M. Foster - Pacific Region E. Austin - Phoenix C. L. Woods - PPE, Springfield R. H. March - Reading C. R. Bauer - Reynolda Road R. C. Preuitt - Richmond R. C. Whiteman H. H. Pastorius - Sandia Corporation - Shreveport W. T. Johnston - Southern Region T. A. Campbell B. E. Frankenfield - Southwestern Region - Southwestern Region - P&D Mtl. Dis. J. C. Vicario - Southwestern Region - Des Peres, Mo C. W. Smallwood - New River Valley Plant K. Lannin Copy to: - 222 Broadway J. R. Lauritzen M. I. Zeidman 11 W. J. Avers L. J. Kaitz - BTL, Murray Hill G. M. Wilkening - AT&T, Basking Ridge R. C. Allen - Nassau Recycle, Gaston J. F. Watson " , Staten Island W. Hageman - Teletype, Little Rock H. L. Crisp " , Skokie J. V. Blazek

April 30, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Closure Plan for Storage Facility

In the event closure of the Kearny Works facility were necessary; acceleration of our current disposal contract would be effected to remove all stored hazardous wastes. All tanks in which the wastes are generated would be drained into 55 gal. drums and disposed of through our disposal contractor.

:sr

853860089

1,5

350 West 11th Street / New York, New York, 10014 (212) 255-2100

June 29, 1981

Western Electric 100 Central Avenue Kearny, N.J. 07032

Arms Mr. Bill Rodney

PRC! NO. 06037

REE .

LABORATORY REPORT

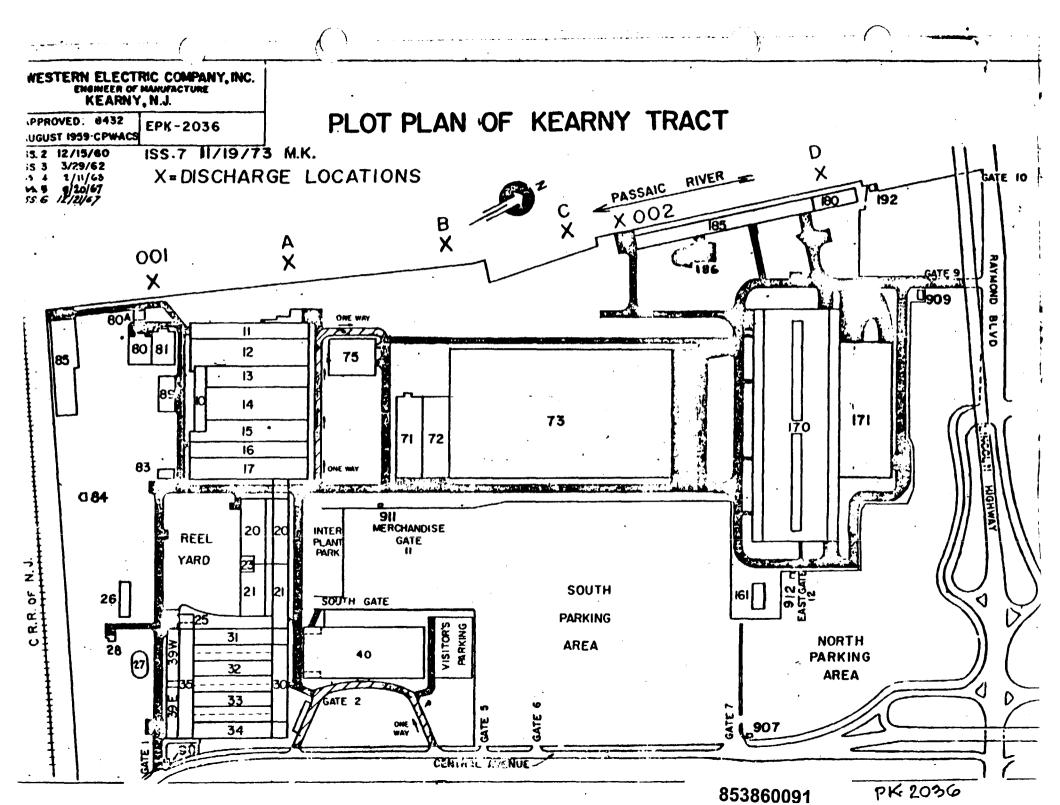
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION TEST	Tunnel Sludge					
Chromium mg/1	'<0.0z ·	·	<u> </u>		· •	
Vickel = /I	1.5	-				
Cadmium == == == == == == == == == == == == ==	۵.005		Ι,	•		
Cvanide mg/I	0.17		:	-		
Arsenic mg/l	0.018					-
Barium - mg/I	0.4	. ـــر				
Lead mg/1	~ <0 .05		:			
Mercury mg/1	<0.0002		į,			1
Selenium ng/l	0.005		!			
SITVET TE/1	0.01		;	<u> </u>		
_			-: .			
**		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1*			
			į		!	
Date sample received:	6/8/81				,	
			1			
-				•		*!
				-		_

REMARKS:

RCRA EP leachate procedure.

Las Someticas, Philip.

Director, Analytical Services



NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPILLA) DISCHARGE M' TORING REPORT (DAIR)

vem Approved 18 No. 158-R002

ADDRESS WESTERN ELLCTRI	E.
KEARNY	NJ 07032
LOCATION KEARNY TOWN	

12-16, NJ0020443 PERMIT NUMBER

(17-19) 001 DISCHARGE NUMBER

810301-810531

MONITORING PERIOD YEAR MO DAY YEAR MO DAY FNOM 8 1 0 3 0 1 TO 8 1 0 5 3 1

PASSAIC RIVER COOLING WATER

K				r						orm.
	(1 (and (Inly) QU)	ANTITY OH LOADING		(4 Card Only) (18: 41)	QUALITY OR CONCE	NTRATION (54 41)		MO.	FREQUENCY OF	-01
	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITE	1	1	(6
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		18.9	20	21.1			1/30	G
PERMITREQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		* * * *	* * * *	43.40	DEG.C		1/30	
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				O	+ 10, 1	+19.0			1/30	C
PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	50.00	MG/L		1/30	C
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		6.6	6.6	6.6			1/30	6.
PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		6.00	* * * *	9.00	SU		1/30	6
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		_		+ 3,4	+ 4.3	16.0			1/30	C.
PEHMIT HEUUINEMENT	• • • •		KG/DAY		* * * *	20.00	MG/L		1/30	C
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT							•			_
PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *		0.50	MG/L		1/30	C
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT										
PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *		1.00	MG/L		1/30	C
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		.019	.058	,079			1/30	
PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		• • • • ,	333	2 . Ca	MGD		1/30	
SUPPOI	MAKING A FALSE RTING DOCUMENT NY MONITORING	CENTIFICATION ON IS OR INTENTION DEVICE OR METH	I THIS REP IALLY TAM OD ARE CI	PERING	Mulle	o JR.			g1: /	7 6
OFFENSE lies unde imprisunme	ES, SEE 18 U.S.C. (r. these statutes may ni uf between 6 months on	1001 AND 33 US الا طهراب Sid	C 4 1 3 1 9	SIGNAT	,,,	AGENT ANEX			YEAR M	ar •
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT DAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT HEQUIREMENT PERMIT HEQUIREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT FERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT FERMIT REQUIREMENT FERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT FERMIT REQUIREMENT FIGUREMENT FIGURE	AVERAGE SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE S	AVERAGE MAXIMUM SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE M	AVERAGE MAXIMUM LINITS SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT BAMPLE MEASUREMENT FERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT SA	AVERAGE MAXIMUM UNITS MINIMUM SAMPLE MEASUREMENT # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	AVERAGE MAXIMUM UNITS MINIMUM AVERAGE SAMPLE MEASUREMENT * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	AVERAGE MAXIMUM UNITS MINIMUM AVERAGE MAXIMUM BAMPLE MEASUREMENT	AVENAGE MAXIMUM UNITS MINIMUM AVENAGE MAXIMUM UNITS BAMPLE MEASUREMENT * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	AVERAGE MARIBUM UNITS MINIMUM AVERAGE MARIBUM AVERAG	ACT ACT

COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Nejerance all minchments here)

*PENIT OF ZN & CH NOT REQ UNLESS AP DED AS A CORROSION INHIBITOR

853860092

DISCHARGE MC

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DIS REELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPULS) DRING REPORT (DAIR)

m Approved AB No. 158-R002 U2

, many, v ore y u,			• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-18 No. 138-
ADDRESS WESTERN ELEC	TRTC CO	NJ0020443	F 002	810301-810531	GP
TCO CENTRAL		PERMIT NUMBER	DISCHARGE NUMBER		13
KEARNY	NJ 07032	MONITORING PI	ERIOD	PASSAJC RIVER	
LOCATION KEARNY TOWN		FROM 8 1 0 3 0 1 TO	YEAR NO DAY	PROCESS WASTE	
The second secon		(20 21) (22-23) (24-25)	(26-27) (28-29) (30-31)	NOTE: Read instructions before comp	leting this form.

PARAMETER		() (wid Unly) QU) (46-11)	NYITY OR LOADING		(4 C and Only) (18 45)	QUALITY OR CONCEN	18ATION (14 61)		NO.	FREQUENCY OF	SAN TY
(12-17)		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	MUMIXAM	UNITS	(44-43)	AMALYSIS (64-68)	/61
COOLO T TEMPERATURE, WATER	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		12.8	15.0	16.7			1/30	6
DEG.CENTIGRADE EFFLUENT GRCSS	PEHMY: ** IIII REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		* * * *	* * * *	30.00	DEG.C		1/30	
00400 1 PH	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		7. 9	8.2	8. 3			1/30	G
EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		6.00	* * * *	9.00	SU		1/30	0
OO530 I SCLICS, TOTAL	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	2. 3	2.8		3.0	3, 6	4.7			1/30	c
SUSPENDED EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT		3.79	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	10.00	MG/L		1/30	C
00550 1 OIL AND GREASE	SAMPLE MEASUHEMENT	1.3	5.4		1.0	3.8	9. 0			1/30	6
EFFLUENT GROSS	PEHMIT NEUUINEMENT		3.79	KG/DAY			10.00	MG/L	1	1/30	G
CC722 1 CYANIDE, FREE	ME VPRHEWEN!	0,01	0.01		,01	,01	. 02			1/30	<i>C</i>
EFFLUENT GRCSS	PEHMIT REQUIREMENT		0.01	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	0.03	MG/L	1	1/30	С
01032 1 Chrcmium, Hex-Val	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0.0/	0,02		.02	.02	.02			1/30	C
(AS CR) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	0.02	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	0.05	MG/L		1/30	C
01034 1 Chrcmium,Tctal	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0,//	0,13		.07	.19	0,22		_ /	1/30	C.F
(AS CR) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	0.09	KG/DAY	* * * * ,	3 ***	0/25	MG/L	1	1/30	CI
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LCAGING LIMITS PER 0.1 MGD

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PERMITTER NAME/AD SS (Include to they Name/ Location V. 7)			DISCHAR	GE MC	IGE ELIMINATION SY DRING REPORT	(DMR)				m App. IB No.	roved ISB-RQ
ADDRESS WESTERN ELEC			NJOO	2C443	F	002	810301-810531		ĠP		. (
100 CENTRAL			PER	MIT NUMBER	Disc					J3 4	
KEARNY	NJ O	7032	1	40	IITORING PERIOD						
LOCATION KEARNY TOWN			FROM 8 1	0 3 0	AY YEAR	PASSALC RIVER PROCESS WASTE NOTE: Read instructions before completing this form.					
		•	NTITY OR LOADING		(4 (ard Unly)	QUALITY OR CONCE	NTRATION		ΤĖ	FREQUENCY	T
PARAMETER (11-17)	\parallel	(44-11) AVERAGE	(54-61) MAXIMUM	UNITS	(M:41) MINIMUM	(44:1J) AVERAGE	(54-61) MAXIMUM	UNITS	NO. EX	ANALYSIS	SAM TV
01045 1 CCPPER, SCLUBLE	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0.11	0,13	<u> </u>	0.17	0.19	0.2			1/30	C
(CU-SOLUBLE) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMINATION TO THE PERMINATION T		0.08	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	0.20	MG/L	-	1/30	С
01042 1 CCPPER,TGTAL	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0.12	0.13		0.18	0.20	0,2			1/30	C
(AS CU) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT		0.38	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	1.00	MG/L		1/30	C
01045 1 IRCN,TOTAL	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0. 12	0,22		0.11	0,21	0.4			1/30	C.
(AS FE) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT HECHINEMENT	* * * *	0.57	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	1.50	MG/L		1/30	С
01046 1 1ron, dissolved	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0.08	0.16		0,06	0.14	0.3			1/30	C/
FERRCUS+FERRIC EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	0.19	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	0.50	MG/L		1/30	: C (
01049 1 LEAD, DISSCLVED	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0.03	0,03		0.05	0.05	0.05			1/30	C
(AS PB) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	0.02	KG/CAY	* * * *	* * * *	0.05	MG/L		1/30	C
01051 1 LEAC.TOTAL	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0,03	0,03	v C 4 D 4 V	0.05	0.05	0.05	MG/L		1/30	(1
(AS PB) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	0.38	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	1.00			1/30	C
01065 1 NICKEL, SCLUBLE	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	0,06	0.09	MC ADAY	0,08	0.11	0.15	MG/L		1/30	CF
(AS NI) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT		0.38	KG/DAY	* * * *	3 A	4,00			1/30	C
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LCADING LIMITS PER 0.1 MGD

* LOADING RESULT. REPORTED DISCO

COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Heference all attachments here)

AREA NUMBER

LEADING LIMITS PER 0.1 MGD *LOADING RESULTS REPORTED between

COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Neference all allachments here)

FUR A-MARIE - 448,000 Lbs

853860095

ADDRESS WESTERN 100 CEN	RAL AVE.
KEARNY	NJ 07032
FACILITY	
LOCATION KEARNY	NW

NJ0020443 PERMIT NUMBER

000 DISCHARGE NUMBER

810301-81u231

GP **J**3

MONITORING PERIOD YEAR FROM 8 1 0 3 0 1 TO 8 1 0 5 3 1

PASSAIC RIVER RUNOFF DIL & GREASE

PARAMETER		(1 (will (nly) QU. (46-11)	ANTITY OR LOADING		(4 Cm d Only) (18 45)	QUALITY OR CONCE	NTRATION (54-61)		NO.	FREQUENCY	- (
(12-17)		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	143.43)	AMALYSIS	1
0056 1 FLCH RATE	SAMPLE MEABUREMENT		* * * *		600	800	1000			1/30	1
(GALLONS PER DAY) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT?		* * * *		* * * *	* * * *	* * * *	GPD		*	
CHEM.OXYGEN DEMAND	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		1.9	28	70			1/30	
COD) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	100.00	MG/L		1/30	I
00400 1 PH	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		7.3	7.4	7.5			1/30	
EFFLUENT GROSS	PEHMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		6.00	* * * *	9.00	SU		1/30	
10530 1 SCLICS, TOTAL	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *		5.6	6.8	12.0			1/30	
USPENDED FFLUENT GROSS	PENMIT REQUIREMENT			KG/DAY		* * * *	50.00	MG/L		1/30	
0550 1 IL AND GREASE	BAMPLE MEABUMEMENT				1.0	2.2	4.5			1/30	
FFLUENT GROSS	PEHMIT REQUIREMENT		* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	15.00	MG/L		1/30	ļ
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COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Reference all ultachments here)

CALY TRACE AMOUNTS OF FLOAT SOLS OR VIS FOAM IN DISCH.

DIS 903 IS DIS 003.

		DISCHAR		DRING REPORT (·IB No.	138-R
RIC CC			20443		904 004	810301-81	0531		GP .
		FROM 8 1	0 3 0 °	T B OT	11	RUNO	FF OIL	& GREASE	
	(1 (and () nly) QU (46 11)	ANTITY OR LOADING (14-81)		(4 Card Only) (18-45)	QUALITY OR CONC	ENTRATION (M &I)		OF	S AR TY
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SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *		× 6 40 4				MG 44	-	
PEHMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *		KG/UA1	* * * *	* * * *	50.00	MG/L	1/30	С
SAMPLE MEASUREMENT		* * * *	KG/DAY				MG/L	-	_
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ADDORGES WESTERN ELECTION CENTRAL AT KEARNY		725		20443 MIT NUMBER	1	905 005 HARGE NUMBER	810301-81	0531		(GP AT
CACHITY LOCATION KEARNY TOWN	NJ 07		FROM 8 1	0 3 0 E	1 10 8 1	MO DAY 0 5 3 1		AIC RI FF OIL onsbefore	8 6		rm.
PARAMETER (32-17)	\searrow	() (and Unity) QU (46-1)) AVERAGE	ANTITY OR LOADING (14-81) MAXIMUM	UNITS	(4 Card Daly) (18 45) MINIMUM	QUALITY OR CONCEI	NTRATION (54-61) MAXIMUM	UNIT\$	NO.	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS	SAMP: TYPE
0C340 1 Chem.Oxygen Cemand	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		.				(63-63)	(04.44)	
(COD) EFFLUENT GROSS 00400 1	PERMIP VALA	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	100.00	MG/L		1/30	CF
PH	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT	* * * *	* * * *					SU			
EFFLUENT GRCSS	REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		6.00	* * * *	9,00			1/30	GF
SCLIDS, TOTAL SUSPENDED EFFLUENT GROSS	MEASUREMENT PEHMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *		50.00	MG/L		1/30	Ci
00550 1 CIL AND GREASE	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				·		_			_	_
EFFLUENT GRCSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT		* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	15.00	MG/L		1/30	Gi
50050 1 Flow	BAMPLE MEASUREMENT PERMIT	* * * *	* * * *			NIL		MGD			
EFFLUENT GROSS	REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		* * * *	* * * *				• 4 1	<u> </u>
	PERMIT REQUIREMENT										
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COMMENT AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Reference all alla Americ here) CNLY TRACE AMOUNTS OF FLOAT SOLS OR VIS FOAM IN DISCH

DIS 905 IS DIS 005.

PERMITTER NAME/AL 55 (Include facility Name/Location V. I) NAME ADDRESS WESTERN ELECTION 100 CENTRAL AV		DISCHARG	NATIONAL POLLUTANT DIS ARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (APPLES) DISCHARGE MC DRING REPORT (DAIR) (17-10) (17-10) PERMIT NUMBER DISCHARGE NUMBER							roved 158-R@2 GP A1 J3 4	
FACILITY LOCATION KEARNY TOWN			FROM 8 1	C 3 U		0 5 3 1 1 (1831) N		AIC RI FF OIL	. 3		
PARAMETER (11-17)		(10 ad Only) QUI (46 11) AVERAGE	ANTITY OR LOADING (14 81) MAXIMUM	UNITS	(4 Card Unly) (14 41) MINIMUM	QUALITY OR CONCI	ENTRATION (54 67) MAXIMUM	UNITS	NO.	FREQUENCY OF ANALYSIS	TYP
CO340 1 CHEM.OXYGEN DEMAND	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *	* * * *						(62-61)	(64-68)	(49.7)
(CCD) EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT'" " REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	100.00	MG/L		1/30	CP
00400 1 PH	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *	* * * *					su			
EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE	* * * *	* * * *		6.00	* * * *	9.00			1/30	GR
SCLIDS, TOTAL SUSPENDED EFFLUENT GROSS	MEASUREMENT PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	50.00	MG/L		1/30	CP
CO550 I CIL AND GREASE	SAMPLE MEASUHEMENT		* * * *							_	
EFFLUENT GROSS	PERMIT REQUIREMENT	* * * *	* * * *	KG/DAY	* * * *	* * * *	15.00	MG/L		1/36	GR
50050 1 FLOW	SAMPLE MEASUHEMENT	• • •	* * * *			NIL		MGD			_
EFFLUENT GROSS	PEHMIT REQUIREMENT SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	* * * *	* * * *		* * * *	* * * *	* * * *			*	•
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MR. J. P. LOGIO - 24740

Re: Specialized Environmental Training Required by Federal State and Local Laws Pertaining to the Receival, Handling, Storage, Control and Disposal of Hazardous Materials

Environmental Laws since 1976 have necessitated special attention and training for hazardous material storekeeping functions over and above normally recognized storekeeping duties.

1. Receival

<u>Item</u>	Requi	red	<u>By</u> *
Determine if material is combustible, flammable, reactive, toxic caustic or corrosive. This includes solids liquids and gases. Apply appropriate labels.	OSHA	and	DOT

2. Handling - Storage - Control

<u>Item</u>	Required By
Segregate in storage acids from cyanides, flammables from other categories, etc.	OSHA
Follow trucking and handling procedures to prevent or contain spills which would result in civil and criminal judgements.	USEPA NJDEP
Handle and dispense highly flammable materials safely.	OSHA Insurance Co's. C.I.
Administer Authorization system to assure distribution only to authorized shops.	OSHA C.I.
Police functions of shops, and truckers, returning waste materials (packaging, segregation, identification, etc.)	OSHA RCRA NJDEP USEP A

3. Disposal

Item	Required By
Determine constituents of wastes to segregate into ignitable, corrosive, toxic and reactive via 100% sampling. Regularly interface with chemical test firm.	RCRA

3. Disposal (Continued)

<u>Item</u>	Required By
Monitor qualifications of waste haulers.	RCRA NJDEP
Segregate, package, label, placard and load wastes for shipping.	DOT RORA
Fill out and sign waste hazardous material manifests and journal orders.	RCRA NJDEP C.I.

Since 1976, Mr. R. Capetola has worked with and received specialized training in the above items from G. C. Tranchetti, Senior Engineer, B. H. Rapp, Senior Engineer, A. J. Basile, Planning Engineer and C. F. Chu, Engineer. Mr. Capetola has contributed greatly to the formulation and practical implementation of the above policies.

BHR:84520:sr

Copy to:

L. C. Attisano - 24749

*Abbreviations of Agencies or Acts

OSHA - Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration

DOT - Federal Department of Transportation

USEPA - Federal Environmental Protection Agency

NJDEP - New Jersey - Department of Environmental Protection

C.I. - Corporate Instructions

RCRA - Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (administered by USEPA)

Re: 1981 Wastewater Treatment Plant Survey - Kearny Works

During October 27 through 29, 1981, I visited the Kearny Works to perform a survey of their wastewater treatment plant (WTP). Also, the operation of the WTP has been observed during recent visits to the Kearny Works to conduct laboratory tests in their control room.

Geraral

This WTP was designed for an average flow of 1.1 MGD. During the period of October 1 through 28, 1981, the average flow was approximately 56,000 gpd. Under normal conditions, the WTP is operated two shifts/day, five days/week. There are two licensed operators and a helper on duty during the first shift, and a licensed operator and a helper on duty during the second shift.

The printed wiring board operations in the 170 building have been discontinue. These jobs have been transferred to the Richmond Works. Therefore, the majority of the wastewater which is treated at the WTP is generated in the 185 building. Kearny has been allocated the plating work, for two products, which was formerly carried out at the Kansas City Works. This is expected to increase their wastewater flow by approximately 5%.

Treatment

The WTP contains acid-alkali (A/A) neutralization, chrome reduction, cyanide destruction, solids removal, and sludge dewatering systems. Currently, the wastewater flow through the A/A system is in the acid condition (pH 2.2 - 2.4 Nautralization of this wastewater is not performed in this system. The pH is adjusted in the rapid mix tank after the A/A, cyanide, and chrome wastestreams are mixed. This is done due to the presence of hexavalent chrome in the cyanide wastestream. In order to treat this hexavalent chrome, the pH in the influent chamber to the rapid mix tank is kept below 4 and the residual sulfur dioxide from the chrome system is maintained much higher than the residual chlorine from the cyanide system.

The concentrated acid holding tank is in need of repair. The lining is bubbled in some areas. A job request for the replacement of this lining was prepared on May 13, 1981.

In the chrome system, hexavalent chrome is reduced to trivalent chrome by means of the acid sulfonation reduction process. Sulfuric acid is fed into the chrome treatment tank to maintain an acid environment and sulfur dioxide gas is employed here for its reducing characteristics. The set points in the treatment tank are a pH of 2.3 and an ORP of 280 mv. A sulfur dioxide residual of 30 to 40 ppm is maintained.

The cyanide wastestream is treated in a flow-through, two stage alkaline chlorination system. Sodium hydroxide is used for pH adjustment and chlorine gas for oxidation purposes in this system. In the first stage the set points are a pH of 10.2 and an GRP of 390 mv. The set points in the second stage are a pH of 7.9 and an GRP of 590 mv. A 4 to 6 ppm chlorine residual is maintained.

The three wastestreams are combined in the influent chamber which leads to the rapid mix tank. In the rapid mix tank, the pH is controlled at the set point of 8.6. Also the coagulant, ferric sulfate, is added here.

The solids removal unit at Kearny is an EIMCO 45 ft. diameter reactor-clarifier. During this survey, the sludge bed was maintained approximately 4 ft. below the surface. The supernatant was always clear and had a pH of approximately 8.8. The clarifier was sand blasted and coated with bitumastic during the two week shut-down in July. The coagulant aid, Calgon WI-2700 (an anionic polymer) is added in the center well.

The sludge blow-off schedule varies. It is set according to the usage of coagulant aid. For example, when the aid usage is high, the blow-off is increased. At the time of this survey, the timer which controls the opening and closing of the desludging valve was set to open 45 seconds every 90 minutes.

The pH of the effluent from the clarifier is adjusted in the final pH adjustment tank. The set point in this tank is a pH of 8.2.

EFFLUENT QUALITY

There have only been two instances to date in 1981 where the effluent was not in compliance with their National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit conditions. The following are the average levels of their permitted parameters f the first nine months of 1981:

	Average	Permit Value
Oil and grease (mg/l)	2.0	10
TSS (mg/1)	4.9	10
Cr Total (mg/l)	0.07	0.25
Cr ⁺⁶ (mg/1)	0.02	0.05
Cu Total (mg/l)	0.21	1.0
Cu Soluable (mg/l)	0.16	0.2
Ni Total (mg/l)	0.14	2.0
Ni Soluable (mg/l)	0.12	1.0
Lead Total (mg/l)	0.05	1.0
Lead Soluable (mg/l)	0.05	0.05
Iron Total (mg/l)	0.22	1.5
Iron Soluable (mg/l)	0.12	0.5
Cyanide Oxidizable (mg/l)	0.016	0.03
pH (units)	7.6	6.0 - 9.0

Sludge Dewatering

The sludge is dewatered on a Komline-Sanderson 8 ft. x 8 ft. rotary drum precoat vacuum filter. Perlite is the precoat material which is used. The last filter run was made on October 16. Prior to that filter runs were performed at least once per week. An average filter run dewaters approximately 12,500 gallons of raw sludge.

A percent solids determination of the filter cake is performed on a monthly basis. The test is done by heating the filter cake sample at 110°C to constant weight. The filtered sludge averaged 20% solids to date during 1981. Their maintenance records indicate that the filter cloth has been replaced in December of 1975 and 1979. Also, the polypropylene wear plate has been replaced at least once every two years.

Pump Room

The condition of the pump room area was good. There were no water puddles. One pump was being painted and the rest had a good coat of paint on them.

One sludge pump was out of service. A leak in the casing was found by an operator. Upon dismantling, it was discovered that the impeller was also badly erroded. A new sludge pump is on order.

The epoxy coating on the pump room floor had two tears in it. One between P-11 and P-12, and the other in front of the gland seal water pump.

Reclaimed Water

T - - 1.

As the result of a suggestion made by the day shift operators of the WTP, reclaimed water is being used for the mixing of chemicals and the cleaning of tanks. Since June, 1981, this water has been used for mixing ferric sulfate, coagulant aid and precoat.

Analysis

The WTP control room is equipped with a Perkin-Elmer atomic absorption unit, Beckman and Corning pH meters, a variety of glassware and chemicals, and other miscellaneous equipment. The operators perform the following tests either during start up or on an hourly or bi-hourly basis.

lank	lests
Clarifier Rapid Mix A/A Surge A/A Effluent CN Surge CN; 1st and 2nd stage	Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu, SO ₂ , Iron, Cl ₂ Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu, Iron, Acidity Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu Total Cr, Total Cu, Cl ₂
and effluent Chrome Treatment Chrome Effluent Final Effluent	Cr ⁺⁶ , SO ₂ Cr ₊₆ , SO ₂ Cr ⁺⁶ , Total Cr, Total Cu, Total Soluble metals

A composite sample is analyzed on a monthly basis by the Chemteon Consulting Group. These results are reported to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) pursuant to hearny's NPDES permit.

NPDES Permit

Fearny's NPDES permit was to expire on June 30, 1981, however, because they have applied for renewal the conditions of this permit are still in effect. Renewal was applied for in December, 1981. The EPA acknowledged receipt in a letter of February 3, 1981 and is currently processing the renewal application.

On September 14, 1981, Mr. P. Greco of Region II EPA visited the Kearny Works to perform a NPDES inspection. The purpose of this visit was to review Kearny's compliance with their existing permit. Mr. Greco seemed to be satisfied with the Kearny operation and indicated that the processing of their renewal application was slow due to a shortage of manpower.

Conclusion

The WTP at the Kearny Works is being maintained and operated very well. The immaculate condition of the control room and other work areas should also be noted.

T. A. HUNTER
Plant Engineer

SPILL PLAN 11-81

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Inspection of Kearmy Works

On November 19, 1981, Messrs. Paul M. Zarrillo and James Plummer of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection accompanied by J. T. Chikowski and B. H. Rapp of Department 84520, inspected various areas with the following objectives:

- 1. To determine the level of compliance with existing water pollution laws.
- 2. To determine if any elements were missing from the revised Spill Plans submitted on November 5, 1981.
- 3. To determine if the compliance measures proposed on the Spill Plans were reasonable.

After making a rather lengthy inspection, Messrs. Zarrillo and Plummer agreed that we are in compliance with existing laws and that our Spill Plans seem satisfactory. They will write a letter recommending acceptance of the Plans to the Director of the Division of Hazard Management, and he should advise us of formal plan approval in February, 1982.

We deeply appreciate Mr. Hardy's c∞peration, which has resulted in continuously presentable conditions.

One request for action was made. Acid carboys are stored close to the edge of the macadam pavement south of Building 185. A leak here could reach ground water. Department 84520 will pursue relocation of the carboys or the installation of a short length of curb. Either solution is relatively low cost.

:sr

Bruce H. RAPP - 84520

J. T. CHIKOWSKI

Copy to:

D. M. Cuomo - 80000

A. L. Ferren - 84000

J. Kreitz - 84500

W. J. Hardy - 84700

MR. R. B. BUTTERFIELD, JR. - 15KY

Re: Attached Amended Spill Plans for Kearny Works

On December 7, 1979, we submitted Spill Plans to the State of New Jersey to comply with State Law. The plans provided information, as required by the Law, and proposed, among other things, to consolidate hazardous materials storage at a current cost of approximately \$1,000,000.

Plan approval was stayed by litigation, until the New Jersey Supreme Court ruled in favor of the State on May 1, 1981.

On August 7, 1981, the State requested that we update the Plans by November 5, 1981. The State will render final approval or disapproval by February 3, 1982.

The attached amended Plans contain revisions which are trivial except for one item. Current business needs require us to rescind, at least temporarily, the offer of the \$1,000,000 hazardous materials consolidation. The lowest cost, complying substitute is simply to concentrate all virgin materials and waste in the area west of Building 73 for approximately \$60,000. Action on this need not start until January, 1983 at the earliest. The decision can be easily revised until that date.

The amended Plans have been reviewed and approved by Corporate Environmental and Legal Staff. State approval is expected but not certain. If the Plans are not approved, we will request a hearing.

Your signature on the cover letter to Mr. Stoop is recommended.

BHR:84520:sr

Att.

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SPILL CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN

Western Electric Company, Kearny, New Jersey

This plan is prepared in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency rules and regulations, Chapter I, Subchapter D, Part 112 for a facility located on the east side of the Passaic River about one-half mile north of Newark Bay. It is used solely to receive and store oil for use in generating steam in the adjacent powerhouse.

- 1. DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY OIL TANK
- 1.1 The storage facility is a welded steel oil tank of 20,000 barrels nominal capacity, located about 480 feet from the river bulkhead. The tank is 60 feet in diameter and 40 feet high, supported two feet above grade on a piled concrete foundation. A steel dike 100 feet in diameter and 16 feet high is supported on a concrete foundation extending a minimum of three feet below grade. The only two openings through the dike and foundation are closed respectively by a bolted flange and an Eddy shear gate, bolted closed.

2. PIPING

- 2.1 All piping associated with the tank, except foamite, is carried in a concrete trough with removable covers flush with grade to the powerhouse basement where pumps, heaters and associated equipment are installed. Surface water entering the trough runs into the basement, where it is readily observed by personnel in the area, and any oil leakage would be equally visible. The oil fill line continues through the powerhouse basement, a tunnel connecting to the former coal and ash handling building, the basement of that building and a short concrete trough under the road to a valved termination at the river bulkhead. The latter portion of the run is not frequented by personnel, but as the fill line is blown out or pumped out after each oil receival and valves at both ends closed, leakage could occur only during receival of oil.
- 2.2 Deliveries of oil are received by barge. A connection, with a pump, for unleaded tank cars exists in the coal and ash building, but it has never been used and there are no plans to use it. It is not equipped with a facility tank car and tank truck loading/unloading rack and the regulations covering this type of installation are not applicable.

3. PREVIOUS SPILLS

3.1 This facility has been in operation since 1962 and no oil spill has ever occurre:

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4. FOTENTIAL FOR MECHANICAL FAILURE

4.1 This potential is judged to be extremely low. Tank overflow is prevented both by comparison of metered flow into the tank with previously calculated pty capacity available and by stationing a man on top of the tank during oil receivals to monitor the level. In event of tank leakage or rupture the discharge would be contained within the dike until pumped out. With no portion of the dike as close as 400 feet to the river bulkhead or 100 feet to a storm water surface train the possibility of oil reaching navigable water is considered to be remote.

5. CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES

- 5.1 Onshore Facilities The dike referred to above would serve to contain oil spilled from the storage tank. Leakage from pipes and other equipment would be contained within the concrete troughs and basement.
- 5.2 Offshore Facilities A spill into the water during oil receivals would be handled by the commercial barge transporting the oil, which must carry equipment and employ procedures in accordance with applicable Coast Guard Regulations. Minor spills at the bulkhead connection would be caught in a small discharge container installed in accordance with Coast Guard requirements.

6. ACTION IN EVENT OF A SPILL

- i.l General instructions have been prepared for action to be taken in the event of any observable spill or discharge of oil or chemicals which cannot be cleaned up promptly and which might directly or indirectly result in pollution of the Passaic River.
- 6.2 If such spill or leakage should occur, notification shall immediately be made, if during the day shift, to the Department Chief of Environmental Control if available, or to his alternates in the following order:

Department Chief, Environmental Control	Ext.	3933	
Water Pollution Engineer	Ext.	2161 or	2306
Industrial Hygiene Engineer	Ext.	3188	
Safety Engineer	Ext.	4304	

6.3 Notification at other times shall be to:

Night	Shift Coordinator	Ext.	2167	
Plant	Security	Ext.	2222 or	2223

6.4 If it appears that available personnel and equipment are inadequate to contain and remove an oil spill, the following shall be notified that a spill has curred and assistance is required:

Metropolitan Petroleum Petrochemicals Co., Inc. 25 Caven Point Road Jersey City, N.J. 07305 (201) (9) 434-4451

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6.5 If the spill is major, the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his delegate will notify the following supervisor:

Manager, Manufacturing Engineering	Ext.	2021
Assistant Manager, Works Service	Ext.	4261
Assistant Manager, Plant Engineering	Ext.	4170

- 6.6 The Engineering Manager or his delegate will investigate the spill, establish decontamination procedures where possible and notify immediately one of the following Federal officials by telephone in the sequence listed:
 - (a) National Response Center 800-424-8302
 - (b) N.J.D.E.P. Trenton
 Business Hours: 609-292-5560
 All Other Times: 609-292-7172
 - (c) U.S. Coast Guard
 Captain of the Port, Pollution Section
 212-264-8753
- 6.7 If a major spill occurs at a time other than during the day shift, the Night Administrator will notify the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his alternates at home and o-tain decontamination instructions. He shall also notify the officials and the supervisors listed above. Provisions are also included for notifying company headquarters officials of occurrence and description of spills at any time.
- 6.8 Corrective actions to be employed may include retention, collection, neutraliza and removal of spilled material using barriers, pumps, absorbants, buffer chemicals and transport equipment as found appropriate, in accordance with N.J.D.E.P. and Coast Guard regulations. No chemicals are to be added without their prior approval.

KEARNY WORKS

X 03270:GEP

14KY134520

CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR OIL AND CHECICAL SPILLS

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 Objective The Federal and State Governments have decreed that there shall be no discharge of oil or other hazardous materials into the waters of the state or onto lands from which it might flow or drain into these waters.
 - 1.2 This instruction has been prepared to respond to any such discharge into the river, storm sewer, sanitary sewer or anywhere on our property.
 - 1.3 "Hazardous Substances" include:
 - (a) Petroleum and petroleum products
- (b) All pesticides designated as "prohibited," "restricted," or "specially restricted" pursuant to New Jersey Pesticide Control Act of 1971 (N.J.S.A. 13:1F-1 et seq.) at N.J.A.C. 7:30-1.5 thru 1.7, on file in the Environmental Control Department 14KY184520.
- (c) Substances identified as hazardous by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency at 40 FR 59961, December 30, 1975, proposed pursuant to Section 311 (5)
 (2) (A) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 USC 1251 et seq., on file in the Environmental Control Department 14KY184520.
 - 1.4 Interpretation of what action to take:
- (a) Any single major spill and accidental discharge of oil or chemical large enough to be noticed shall be subject to the governmental reporting and corrective features of this contingency plan. (See par. 2 below).
- (b) Intentional or careless discharges of oil or untreated chemicals to the storm water system or sanitary sewer in less obvious amounts either occasionally or repetitively are prohibited and when observed shall be reported to the Department Chief of Environmental Control who shall determine the course of action. (See par. 3 below).
- (c) All other lesser spills which cannot be cleaned up promptly without some minor discharge shall be reported as soon as possible to the Department Chief of Environmental Control who shall determine the course of action. (See par. 4 below).
- (d) The addition by operating or maintenance personnel of dispersants or emulsifiant of oil or organic chemicals to circumvent this instruction is prohobited. The does not prevent the use of fire extinguisher foam in fire fighting or the use of emulsifiers in emergency situations to reduce hazardous vapors in confined areas under the direction of Environmental Control or Plant Security.

(***

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- 2. REPORTING PROCEDURE FOR MAJOR SPILLS UNDER THIS PLAN
- 2.1 When a serious spill has occurred during the day shift and the possibility of, or actual temporary water pollution exists, immediate notification shall be made to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520), Ext. 3933. If he is not available, contact one of the following alternates, in the order listed below:

Water Pollution Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 2161) Industrial Hygiene Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 3188) Safety Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 4304)

2.11 The Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520) or his alternate shall immediately contact the following supervisors to apprise them of the spill:

Engineering Manager - 14KY184000 (Ext. 2021)
Assistant Manager, Engineering - 14KY184500 (Ext. 4170)
Plant Construction & Maintenance Plant
Security Assistant Manager - 14KY122700 (Ext. 4261)

2.12 The Engineering Manager of Environmental Control or his delegate shall immediately determine the nature and extent of the spill, establish contamination procedures where possible. When our facilities are not capable of comoving the spillage, assistant shall be obtained from:

Metropolitan Petroleum Petrochemicals Inc. 25 Caven Point Road Jersey City, N.J. 07305 Phone: (201) (9) 434-4451

- 2.121 Notify the following officials immediately by telephone:
 - (a) National Response Center 800-424-8802
 - (b) N.J. Department of Environmental Protection (N.J.D.E.P.)

 During Business Hours 609-292-5560

 All Other Times 509-292-7172

 (If a call to the first number is not answered, then the second number should have decided.
 - (c) U.S. Coast Guard

 Captain of the Port, Polution Section
 212-264-8753
- 2.13 When a major spill occurs at other times the Night Administrator (14KY124140, Ext. 2167) and Plant Security should be notified. The Night Administrator hall contact the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his alternates at one and obtain instructions on decontamination procedures. The Night Administrator shall notify the officials listed in par. 2.121. He shall also notify, or take appropriate action to notify as soon as possible each of the personnel listed in par. 2.11.

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2.14 Confirmation of Notification Report - The Department Chief of Environmental Control shall send a written confirmation of the notification of discharge within ten working days after giving notice to the N.J.D.E.P. Confirmation shall include a description of the discharge incident, including the source, if known: a description of the measures taken to clean up and remove the discharge and any staps planned or taken to prevent a recurrence of the discharge incident. Confirmation letters shall be sent to:

Department of Environmental Protection Division of Water Resources P.O. Box 2809 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 ATTENTION: Discharge Confirmation

3. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

Immediate action to be taken is to stop and contain the discharge with due consider ation to the immediate fire and toxic hazards to personnel involved. The Department Chief or his alternate shall direct any further clean up or decontamination procedures No chemicals shall be applied without prior approval of the N.J.D.E.P. or Federal On Scene Coordinator. Unauthorized use of chemicals shall be regarded as a prohibited discharge.

4. COMPANY HEADQUARTERS NOTIFICATIONS

4.1 For an incident which resulted in temporary pollution of surrounding waterways and for which notification of Federal officials per par. 2.121 has been done, the Engineering Manager responsible for environmental control shall also notify the following by telephone:

Manager, Corporate Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Ext. 8-222-4808

If not available, the telephone notification shall be directed to:

Assistant Manager, Environmental Engineering, Ext. 8-222-3280 or Attorney, (Environmental Matters) Gen. Attv. Org., Ext. 8-222-2488

- 4.2 The telephone notification shall be confirmed by a TWX with copies to all the individuals listed in par. 4.1. The TWX should include the following informatic
 - (a) Location, date and time of incident.
 - (b) Brief description of the incident, i.e., oil spillage, acid spillage, etc.
 - (c) Possible hazards or danger resulting from the incident, for example, river polluted.
- (d) Date, time, agency and individual(s) that the incident was reported to, i.e.,

 Coast Guard, Environmental Protection Agency, State Department of Environmental Protection, etc.
 - (e) Action being taken by the Kearny Works.

5.5 t ttag ..., 1977

- Kearny personnel responsible for water pollution and State of New Jersey or lown of Hearny regulatory authorities. Such interaction should continue and need not be communicated to Corporate Engineering Control unless:
 - (a) We are charged with violating a regulation.
 - (b) We have a reportable incident as described above.
 - (c) A situation has occurred which appears to have a significant impact upon the Company in the environmental area.
 - (d) We make any <u>formal</u> communication to Federal environmental personnel. (i.e., send copies of such formal correspondence to Corporate Engineering.

FREVENTION

- 5.1 When fuel oil is pumped from the barge to the Powerhouse storage tank, the valve at the bulkhead shall be manned at all times. When the pumping is completed, the valve shall be closed and locked, the supplier's hose disconnected and the filler pipe blanked cff. Tailings or drippings shall be collected and not permitted to drop into the water. The barge is equipped with flotation barriers for use in the event of a spill due to hose or equipment failure. If carelessness or actual spilling is observed, it should be reported promptly to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520) for appropriate action. See App A.
 - 5.2 No chemicals and no oils or other organic material may be poured or allowed to escape into storm water drains at any time.
 - 5.3 No oils or organic materials may be poured into or allowed to escape into sanitary drains at any time.
- 5.4 Chemicals from plating and metal finishing operations will be permitted only into those drains specially designated for the purpose by Environmental Control. This will normally proceed via suitable water treatment facilities.
 - 5.5 All other liquid waste shall be removed from the premises by the contract scavenger's truck or incinerated by approved methods.

KEARNY WORKS

Reason For Reissue: Revised throughout

X 03270:GEP

CONTINUENCY PLAN FOR OUT WID CHEMICAL SPILLS

1. General

- 1.1 Chiective This instruction has been prepared to provide a contingency plan to respond to major accidental spills of oils or chemicals to the navigable waters aljoining our property or to the sanitary sewer from facilities or containers on the Kearny Tract.
- 1.2 Score For the purpose of this instruction, a "spill" refers to any accidental or undesirable discharge of material which might result in water pollution either directly to the Passaic River through the grounds storm water system or indirectly through the sanitary sewer or ground scepage.
- 1.3 <u>Harmful discharges to navisable waters</u> The Federal Act holds that spills and discharges to navigable waters are harmful when they
 - (a) Violate applicable water quality standards, or
 - (b) Cause a film or sheen (iridescent appearance) on the surface of the receiving water or cause a sludge or emulsion to be deposited beneath the surface of the water or upon adjoining shoralines.

1.4 Intercretation of what action to take:

- (a) Any single major spill and addidental discharge of oil or chemilarge enough to be noticed and reported to the authorities by the public (including our own employees) shall be subject to the governmental reporting and corrective features of this contingency plan. (See par. 2 below.)
- (b) Intentional or careless discharges of oil or untreated chemical to the storm water system or sanitary sewer in less obvious amounts either operationally or repetitively are prohibited and when observed shall be reported to the Department Chief of Environmental Control who shall determine the course of action (See par. 3 below.)
- (c) All other lesser spills which cannot be cleaned up promptly without some minor discharge shall be reported as soon as possible to the Department Chief of Environmental Control who shall determine the course of action. (See par. 4 below.)
- (d) The addition by operating or maintenance personnel of dispersa or emulsifiers to oil or organic chemicals to circumvent this instruction is prohibited. This does not prevent the use of fire extinguisher foam in fire fighting or the use of emulsifi in emergency situations to reduce hazardous vapors in confinerareas under the direction of Environmental Control or Flant Security.

2. Reporting Procedure for Major Stills under this Plan

2.1 When a serious spill has occurred during the day shift and the possibility of, or actual temporary water pollution exists, immediate notification shall be made to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (84520), Mr. J. G. Ambers, Ext. 3933. If he is not available, contact one of the following alternates, in the order listed below:

Mr. M. Koosman - 84520 (X2161) Water Pollution Engineer
Mr. G. D. Ware - 84520 (X3188) Industrial Hygiene Engineer

Mr. G. C. Tranchetti - 84520 (X4304) Safety Engineer

2.11 The Department Chief of Environmental Control (84520) or his alternates shall immediately contact the following supervisor: to apprise them of the spill:

Mr. L. T. Newill, Engineering Manager - 84000 Ext. 2002 Mr. D. R. Kinley, Engineering Assistant Manager - 84500 Ext. Mr. E. J. Gill, Plant Construction and Maintenance and Plant Security Assistant Manager - 32500 Ext. 2319

- 2.12 The Engineering Manager of Environmental Control or his deleg shall immediately determine the nature and extent of the spil establish decontamination procedures where possible, and notify one of the following Federal officials immediately by telephone in the following sequence:
 - (a) Duty Officer (Call first)
 U.S. Coast Guard
 Governors Island
 New York, New York 10004
 212 (7) 264-4800
 - (b) Oil and Hazardous Material Section (Call if Coast Guar Environmental Protection Agency, not accessible)
 Region 2 Office
 Edison, New Jersey 38817
 201 (9) 548-8730
- 2.13 When a major spill occurs at other times the Might Aiministre (Mr. A. A. Bielicki 20120, K-2107) and Plant Security shall notified. The Night Administrator shall contact the Departme Chief or Environmental Control or his alternates at home and obtain instructions on decontamination procedures. The Night Administrator shall notify one of the Federal official lister in par. 2.12. He shall also notify, or take appropriate action notify as soon as possible each of the names listed in par. 2.11.

3. Reporting Procedure for all other Smills

3.1 No notification of Federal officials shall be required. However, prompt notification shall be given to the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his alternate who shall determine the corrective action required. (See personnel listed in par. 2.1.)

4. Company Headquarters Notifications

- 4.1 For an incident which resulted in temporary pollution of surrounding waterways and for which notification of Federal officials per par. 2.1 has been done, the Engineering Manager responsible for environmental control shall also notify the following by telephone:
 - Mr. J. P. McGowan, Manager, PD&C, K8-222-3563

 If not available, the telephone notification shall be directed to:
 - Mr. T. L. Carroll, Assistant Manager, PD&C, X8-222-6551 or
 - Mr. W. H. Cooper, Attorney, Legal Pepartment, X8-222-6460
- 4.2 The telephone notification shall be confirmed by a TWX with copies to all the individuals listed in part 4.1 plus Mr. D. R. Chittick, Director of Environmental Control, ERC, Princeton. The TWX should include the following information:
 - a. Location, date and time of incident.
 - b. Brief description of the incident, i.e., oil spillage, acid spillage, etc.
 - c. Possible hazards or danger resulting from the incident; for example, river polluted.
 - d. Date, time, agency and individual(s) that the incident was reported to, i.e., Coast Cuard, Environmental Protection Agency, State Department of Environmental Protection, etc.
 - e. Action being taken by the Kearny Works.
- 4.3 It is to the Company's advantage to maintain good working relational between Kearny personnel responsible for water pollution and State of New Jersey or Town of Kearny regulatory authorities. Such interaction should continue and need not be communicated to Plant Design and Construction or the Director of Environmental Control unle
 - a. We are charged with violating a regulation.

- b. We have a reportable incident as described above.
- c. A situation has occurred which appears to have a significant impact upon the Company in the environmental area.
- d. We make any <u>formal</u> communication to Federal environmental personnel. (i.e. send copies of such formal correspondence to P.D.&C. and the Director of Environmental Control.)

5. Corrective Actions

This instruction is intended for administrative purposes rather than technical, but the general decontamination procedure consists of safe and reasonable efforts to retain, collect, neutralize and remove the spilled material using barriers, pumps, absorbants, buffer chemicals and transport equipment. Consideration must be given to the immediate fire and toxic hazards to the personnel involved in the clean-up.

6. Prevention

- 6.1 All exterior free standing (above grade) storage tanks larger
 than 500 gallons shall be protected by pavement and curbing of
 sufficient area and height to retain the contents of the tank.
 Large tanks (over 2,000 gallons) shall be protected by a retaining
 dike whose capacity shall be sufficient to retain the contents of
 the storage tank (or tanks) within. In the case of large vertical
 cylinder tanks, the dike exterior capacity is normally one-half the
 capacity of the vessel protected, the other half remaining inside.
 Where a roof is not provided, rainwater only shall be drained by
 manually opening a valve in the curbing or dike.
- 6.2 When fuel oil is pumped from the barge to the Powerhouse storage tank, the valve at the bulkhead shall be manned at all times. When the pumping is completed, the valve shall be closed and locked, the supplier's hose disconnected and the filler pipe blanked off. Tailings or drippings shall be collected in a bucket and not permitt to drop into the water. The barge is equipped with flotation barrie for use in the event of a spill due to hose or equipment failure. If carelessness or actual spilling is observed, it should be reported promptly to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (8/520) for appropriate action.
- 6.3 No chemicals and no cils or other organic material may be poured or allowed to escape into storm water drains at any time.

- 6.4 No oils or organic materials may be poured into or allowed to escape into sanitary drains at any time.
- 6.5 Chemicals from plating and metal finishing operations will be permitted only into those drains specially designated for the purpose by Environmental Control. This will normally proceed via suitable water treatment facilities.
- 6.6 All other liquid waste shall be removed from the premises by the contract scavenger's truck or incinerated by approved methods.

Western Electric Kearny Works

CI 76.301 - KY LAD 1 May 12, 1977 Replaces issue dated 11/13/

CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR OIL AND CHEMICAL SPILLS

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 Objective The Federal and State Governments have decreed that there shall no discharge of oil or other hazardous materials into the waters of the stat or onto lands from which it might flow or drain into these waters.
 - 1.2 This instruction has been prepared to respond to any such discharge into the river, storm sewer, sanitary sewer or anywhere on our property.
 - 1.3 "Hazardous Substances" include:
 - (a) Petroleum and petroleum products
- (b) All pesticides designated as "prohibited," "restricted," or "specially restricted" pursuant to New Jersey Pesticide Control Act of 1971 (N.J.S.A. 13:1F-1 et seq.) at N.J.A.C. 7:30-1.5 thru 1.7, on file in the Environmental Contr. Department 14KY184520.
- (c) Substances identified as hazardous by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency at 40 FR 59961, December 30, 1975, proposed pursuant to Section 311 (2) (A) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 USC 1251 et seq., on file in the Environmental Control Department 14KY184520.
 - 1.4 Interpretation of what action to take:
- (a) Any single major spill and accidental discharge of oil or chemical large enough to be noticed shall be subject to the governmental reporting and corrective features of this contingency plan. (See par. 2 below).
- (b) Intentional or careless discharges of oil or untreated chemicals to the sto water system or sanitary sewer in less obvious amounts either occasionally repetitively are prohibited and when observed shall be reported to the Department Chief of Environmental Control who shall determine the course of action. (See par. below).
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- (d) The addition by operating or maintenance personnel of dispersants or emulsi
 to oil or organic chemicals to circumvent this instruction is prohobited.
 does not prevent the use of fire extinguisher foam in fire fighting or the use of
 emulsifiers in emergency situations to reduce hazardous vapors in confined areas un
 the direction of Environmental Control or Plant Security.

.CI 76. 01 - KY LAD 1 May 12, 1977

2. REPORTING PROCEDURE FOR MAJOR SPILLS UNDER THIS PLAN

2.1 When a serious spill has occurred during the day shift and the possibility of, or actual temporary water pollution exists, immediate notification shall be made to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520), Ext. 3933. If he is not available, contact one of the following alternates, in the order listed below:

Water Pollution Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 2161) Industrial Hygiene Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 3188) Safety Engineer - 14KY184520 (Ext. 4304)

2.11 The Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520) or his alternate shall immediately contact the following supervisors to apprise them of the spill:

Engineering Manager - 14KY184000 (Ext. 2021)
Assistant Manager, Engineering - 14KY184500 (Ext. 4170)
Plant Construction & Maintenance Plant
Security Assistant Manager - 14KY122700 (Ext. 4261)

2.12 The Engineering Manager of Environmental Control or his delegate shall immediately determine the nature and extent of the spill, establish lecontamination procedures where possible. When our facilities are not capable of removing the spillage, assistant shall be obtained from:

Metropolitan Petroleum Petrochemicals Inc. 25 Cavan Point Road Jersey City, N.J. 07305 Phone: (201) (9) 434-4451

- 2.121 Notify the following officials immediately by telephone:
 - (a) National Response Center 800-424-8802
 - (b) N.J. Department of Environmental Protection (N.J.D.E.P.)
 During Business Hours 609-292-5560
 All Other Times 509-292-7172
 (If a call to the first number is not answered, then the second number should be called).
 - (c) U.S. Coast Guard
 Captain of the Port, Polution Section
 212-264-8753
- 2.13 When a major spill occurs at other times the Night Administrator (14KY124140, Ext. 2167) and Plant Security should be notified. The Night Administrator shall contact the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his alternates at home and obtain instructions on decontamination procedures. The Night Administrator shall notify the officials listed in par. 2.121. He shall also notify, or take appropriate action to notify as soon as possible each of the personnel listed in par. 2.11.

Western Electric Kearny Works 3.

CI 76.301 - KY LAD 1 May 12, 1977

2.14 Confirmation of Notification Report - The Department Chief of Environmental Control shall send a written confirmation of the notification of discharge within ten working days after giving notice to the N.J.D.E.P. Confirmation shall include a description of the discharge incident, including the source, if known; a description of the measures taken to clean up and remove the discharge and any steps planned or taken to prevent a recurrence of the discharge incident. Confirmation letters shall be sent to:

Department of Environmental Protection Division of Water Resources P.O. Box 2809 Trenton, New Jersey 08625 ATTENTION: Discharge Confirmation

3. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

.(

Immediate action to be taken is to stop and contain the discharge with due consideration to the immediate fire and toxic hazards to personnel involved. The Department Chief or his alternate shall direct any further clean up or decontamination procedure No chemicals shall be applied without prior approval of the N.J.D.E.P. or Federal On Scene Coordinator. Unauthorized use of chemicals shall be regarded as a prohibite discharge.

- 4. COMPANY HEADQUARTERS NOTIFICATIONS
- 4.1 For an incident which resulted in temporary pollution of surrounding waterways and for which notification of Federal officials per par. 2.121 has been done, the Engineering Manager responsible for environmental control shall also notify the following by telephone:

Manager, Corporate Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Ext. 8-222-4808

If not available, the telephone notification shall be directed to:

Assistant Manager, Environmental Engineering, Ext. 8-222-3280 or
Attorney, (Environmental Matters) Gen. Atty. Org., Ext. 8-222-2488

- 4.2 The telephone notification shall be confirmed by a TWX with copies to all the individuals listed in par. 4.1. The TWX should include the following informat
 - (a) Location, date and time of incident.
 - (b) Brief description of the incident, i.e., oil spillage, acid spillage, etc.
 - (c) Possible hazards or danger resulting from the incident, for example, river polluted.
- (d) Date, time, agency and individual(s) that the incident was reported to, i.e Coast Guard, Environmental Protection Agency, State Department of Environmental Protection, etc.
 - (e) Action being taken by the Kearny Works.

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- 4.3 It is to the Company's advantage to maintain good working relations between Kearny personnel responsible for water pollution and State of New Jersey or Town of Kearny regulatory authorities. Such interaction should continue and need not be communicated to Corporate Engineering Control unless:
 - (a) We are charged with violating a regulation.
 - (b) We have a reportable incident as described above.
 - (c) A situation has occurred which appears to have a significant impact upon the Company in the environmental area.
 - (d) We make any <u>formal</u> communication to Federal environmental personnel. (i.e., send copies of such formal correspondence to Corporate Engineering.

5. PREVENTION

- 5.1 When fuel oil is pumped from the barge to the Powerhouse storage tank, the valve at the bulkhead shall be manned at all times. When the pumping is completed, the valve shall be closed and locked, the supplier's hose disconnected and the filler pipe blanked cff. Tailings or drippings shall be collected and not permitted to drop into the water. The barge is equipped with flotation barriers for use in the event of a spill due to hose or equipment failure. If carelessness or actual spilling is observed, it should be reported promptly to the Department Chief of Environmental Control (14KY184520) for appropriate action. See App A.
 - 5.2 No chemicals and no oils or other organic material may be poured or allowed to escape into storm water drains at any time.
 - 5.3 No oils or organic materials may be poured into or allowed to escape into sanitary drains at any time.
- 5.4 Chemicals from plating and metal finishing operations will be permitted only into those drains specially designated for the purpose by Environmental Control. This will normally proceed via suitable water treatment facilities.
 - 5.5 All other liquid waste shall be removed from the premises by the contract scavenger's truck or incinerated by approved methods.

KEARNY WORKS

Reason For Reissue: Revised throughout

X 03270:GEP

SPILL CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN

Western Electric Company, Kearny, New Jersey

This plan is prepared in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency rules and regulations, Chapter I, Subchapter D, Part 112 for a facility located on the east side of the Passaic River about one-half mile north of Newark Bay. It is used sole to receive and store oil for use in generating steam in the adjacent powerhouse.

- 1. DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY - OIL TANK

1.1 The storage facility is a welded steel oil tank of 20,000 barrels nominal capacity, located about 480 feet from the river bulkhead. The tank is 60 feet in diameter and 40 feet high, supported two feet above grade on a piled concrete foundation. A steel dike 100 feet in diameter and 16 feet high is supported on a concrete foundation extending a minimum of three feet below grade. The only two openings through the dike and foundation are closed respectively by a bolted flange and an Eddy shear gate, bolted closed.

2. PIPING

- 2.1 All piping associated with the tank, except foamite, is carried in a concrete trough with removable covers flush with grade to the powerhouse basement when pumps, heaters and associated equipment are installed. Surface water entering the trough runs into the basement, where it is readily observed by personnel in the are and any oil leakage would be equally visible. The oil fill line continues through the powerhouse basement, a tunnel connecting to the former coal and ash handling building, the basement of that building and a short concrete trough under the road to a valved termination at the river bulkhead. The latter portion of the run is no frequented by personnel, but as the fill line is blown out or pumped out after each oil receival and valves at both ends closed, leakage could occur only during received of oil.
- 2.2 Deliveries of oil are received by barge. A connection, with a pump, for unlotank cars exists in the coal and ash building, but it has never been used and there are no plans to use it. It is not equipped with a facility tank car and tank truck loading/unloading raches, the regulations covering this type of installation are not applicable.

3. PREVIOUS SPILLS

3.1 This facility has been in operation since 1962 and no oil spill has ever occur

CI 76 301 - KY LAD 1 App A May 12, 1977

4. POTENTIAL FOR MECHANICAL FAILURE

4.1 This potential is judged to be extremely low. Tank overflow is prevented both by comparison of metered flow into the tank with previously calculated apty capacity available and by stationing a man on top of the tank during oil receivals to monitor the level. In event of tank leakage or rupture the discharge would be contained within the dike until pumped out. With no portion of the dike as close as 400 feet to the river bulkhead or 100 feet to a storm water surface drain the possibility of oil reaching navigable water is considered to be remote.

5. CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES

- 5.1 Onshore Facilities The dike referred to above would serve to contain oil spilled from the storage tank. Leakage from pipes and other equipment would be contained within the concrete troughs and basement.
- 5.2 Offshore Facilities A spill into the water during oil receivals would be handled by the commercial barge transporting the oil, which must carry equipment and employ procedures in accordance with applicable Coast Guard Regulations. Minor spills at the bulkhead connection would be caught in a small discharge container installed in accordance with Coast Guard requirements.

6. ACTION IN EVENT OF A SPILL

- 6.1 General instructions have been prepared for action to be taken in the event of any observable spill or discharge of oil or chemicals which cannot be cleaned up promptly and which might directly or indirectly result in pollution of the Passaic River.
- 6.2 If such spill or leakage should occur, notification shall immediately be made, if during the day shift, to the Department Chief of Environmental Control if available, or to his alternates in the following order:

Department Chief, Environmental Control	Ext. 3933
Water Pollution Engineer	Ext. 2161 or 2300
Industrial Hygiene Engineer	Ext. 3188
Safety Engineer	Ext. 4304

- 6.3 Notification at other times shall be to:

Night Shift Coordinator Ext. 2167
Plant Security Ext. 2222 or 2223

6.4 If it appears that available personnel and equipment are inadequate to contain and remove an oil spill, the following shall be notified that a spill has curred and assistance is required:

Metropolitan Petroleum Petrochemicals Co., Inc. 25 Caven Point Road Jersey City, N.J. 07305 (201) (9) 434-4451

853860126

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6.5 If the spill is major, the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his delegate will notify the following supervisor:

Manager, Manufacturing Engineering Ext. 2021
Assistant Manager, Works Service Ext. 4261
Assistant Manager, Plant Engineering Ext. 4170

- 6.6 The Engineering Manager or his delegate will investigate the spill, establish decontamination procedures where possible and notify immediately one of the following Federal officials by telephone in the sequence listed:
 - (a) National Response Center 800-424-8802
 - (b) N.J.D.E.P. Trenton
 Business Hours: 609-292-5560
 All Other Times: 609-292-7172
 - (c) U.S. Coast Guard
 Captain of the Port, Pollution Section
 212-264-8753
- 6.7 If a major spill occurs at a time other than during the day shift, the Night Administrator will notify the Department Chief of Environmental Control or his alternates at home and o-tain decontamination instructions. He shall also notify the officials and the supervisors listed above. Provisions are also included for notifying company headquarters officials of occurrence and description of spills at any time.
- 6.8 Corrective actions to be employed may include retention, collection, neutrali and removal of spilled material using barriers, pumps, absorbants, buffer chemicals and transport equipment as found appropriate, in accordance with N.J.D.E.. and Coast Guard regulations. No chemicals are to be added without their prior approval.

KEARNY WORKS

X 03270:GEP

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: RCRA and PCB Inspection at the Kearny Works

On October 27, 1981, Terry Hunter and I visited the Kearny Works for the purpose of conducting a RCRA and PCB plant compliance survey. Chris Tranchetti and Angelo Basile hosted the RCRA tour of the plant and Bruce Rapp conducted the PCB portion.

RCRA Compliance Survey

We used the RCRA checklist and reviewed each item in turn as follows:

- 1. Manifest Kearny sends the bulk of their hazardous waste

 3. Manifests
 The N.J.
 Dart document
 Story in this
 Story for unsigned
 waste shipment.
- 2. Containers The shipping containers and drums we saw were in good condition with proper DOT labels and the EPA hazardous label (photostat attached) filled out and attached to every drum of waste. We saw no placards as there were no trucks evident.
- Written Inspection Plans for Storage Area They do not have any.
- 4. Contingency Plans They are using the coordinators indicated in the NJ spill control plan, and are just finishing drafting the plan (copy attached).
- Personnel Records, Job Description and Training A training program has been prepared and implemented for two people for the receival, handling, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. (copy attached)
- 6. Additional Records 1) Exception reports; are applicable when manifests are not returned by disposer, Kearny keeps records and uses 35 days as time limit before following up. 2) Test results on wastes routine tests are performed on all wastes by an outside laboratory. 3) Descriptions and reports of incidents resulting from hazardous waste management. None to date.

7. Storage Facilities

- A. RCRA Permit or "Interim Status" Kearny has filed for "Interim Status" as a storage facility.
- B. Storage Area The storage area, (Pad) 135' x 85' is open to the weather and fenced in with an 8' chain link fence. The area is diked with a concrete curb which varies from 6" to 18" depending upon the ground slope. The area has a large warning sign on the fence identifying the enclosure as a storage area. There are no fire extinguishers as yet in the storage area but they have been ordered. The storage area is 75 feet from the plant security police and fire control stations.
- C. Spill Collection System Their spill control plan consists of covering potential spills with "speedi-dri" and calling their scavenger in for clean up.
- D. Drainage The storage area has a large drainage pit in the approximate center. The pit is equipped with a manual valve and the drain leads to the river. The storage area can be drained within four hours after a heavy rain with this system. RCRA requires that drums stand in rainwater no more than one hour after a rain. Kearny has the drums stored on pallets and therefore meets this one hour requirement.
- E. Closure Plan Copy attached

In conclusion, we feel that the Kearny Works satisfactorily meets the RCRA requirements for a generator and storer of hazardous waste. We also feel there is weakness in several areas as follows:

- The collection system for spills could allow hazardous waste into the storm drain.
- 2. The storage area should really be roofed over to keep rainwater etc. cff the drums and out of the area.
- 3. The drain systement and valve could be a problem in freezing weather.
- 4. Asphalt pad is cracked and should be impervious.

PCB Inspection

Kearny has 13 PCB transfirters on site using "pyranol" and "abestol" as the dielectric fluid. Of these transformers, seven are inside installations and the remaining six are putside, two of which are not functioning and considered storage tanks. They also have a drum storage area inside with a total of twelve 30 gallor drums containing virgin PCB liquid used for transformer make-up.



We reviewed their annual PCB summary record and the transformer inspection record under the "Interim Measures Program". These records were satisfactory and up to date. Following this, we reviewed the PCB marking and storage requirements and looked at all transformers and the drum storage area. During this review, we found several items in these areas which were not in compliance with the PCB final rule (40 CFR Part 761).

These non compliance areas are as follows:

- 1. No label on the east unit transformer at the waste treatment plant.
- 2. The (2) transformers in outside storage at building 170 south are not diked.
- 3. The (2) transformers in outside storage at building 170 south do not have "adequate roof and walls to prevent rain water from reaching the stored PCB items."
- 4. The storage area in the basement of Building 32 is below the 100 year flood level.
- 5. The storage area is not adequately marked with mark "ML" which is the specified label. However, the area is identified as a PCB storage area with a non standard label.
- 6. The storage area is not diked.
- 7. The stored drums have no labels. The stored drums have no labels.

The non compliance items were reviewed with Bruce Rapp who informed his supervisor Mr. Chikowski. I was assured that these items would be corrected as soon as possible.

A. H. STAHELI Senior Engineer

Atts.

rb

December 8, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Kearny Works' PCB Storage Area

On December 4, 1981, I visited the Kearny Works in order to confirm that corrective action was taken to place the Works' PCB storage area in compliance with 40CFR761. The new storage area which is located on the fifth floor of Building #25 is correctly labelled, has secondary containment (dikes) for all PCBs and PCB items, and satisfactorily complies with the PCB Ban Regulations for an Annex III storage facility.

T. A. Hunter

:mf

BUREAU OF HAZ DOUS WASTE GENERATOR'S A .UAL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1981

GENERATOR'S N	NAME WESTERN	ELECTRIC COMPA	NY · · · ·		2.EPA ID N	10NJ	D002139053	
ADDRESS 100 C	Central Avenue,	Kearny, N.J.	07032					
I.TRANSPORTER					5.EPA ID N	10 •N	YD990762742	
.ADD ESS_								
'.FACILITY					8.EPA ID N	oNY	D002044196	
. ADDRESS						r	,	
5848		ION OF WASTE		T HAZ.CLASS Corrosive	QUANTITY 49300	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE F007	REJECT

MANIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTE
5848	Corrosive Liquid, NOS, Sodium Hyd	roxide Corrosive	49300	Lbs.	F007	
58 39	11	11	11	**	11	
5821	11	11	11	79	11	
5822	11	11	tt .	. 11	17	
5823	11	11	11	11	11	
5825	11	11	19	11	11	
5824	11	11 .	11	11	11	
5840	11	11	11	"	11	
5849	11	11	11	11	11	
5850	11	. "	11	11	11	
5829	II .	11	11	11	11	
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5828	"	. !!	"	"	. 11	

- PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

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BUREAU OF HAZAP US WASTE GENERATOR'S ANNUL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1981

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ANIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTIO
5827	Corrosive Liquid, NOS, Sodium Hyd	Corrosive	49300	lbs.	F007	
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15860	11	11	11	11	11	

⁻ PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

GENERATOR'S ANNU REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1981

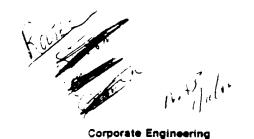
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NIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECO.	
158 55	Corrosive Liquid, NOS, Sodium Hydr	corrosive	49300	Lbs.	F007		
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75137	"	11	11	11	11		
75148	11	11	11	"	11		
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PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

BUREAU OF HAZAP US WASTE GBNERATOR'S ANNUL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1981

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WIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJUCT
75143	Corrosive Liquid, NOS, Sodium Hydr	oxide Corrosive Material	49300	Lbs.	F007	
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PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.





222 Broadway New York, N.Y 10038 212 571-2345

JAN 5 1982

Re: Company Instruction 76.232, Polychlorinated Biphenyls

The Broadway Publication Center at 222 Broadway will distribute copies of this C.I. through normal channels. For your immediate use, we are enclosing an advance copy of this instruction.

If you have any questions, please contact Art Staheli on 8-222-3768.

J. G. AMBERS
Department Chief
Environmental Control
Engineering

Enc.

Letter to: See Attached List

F. M. Goll T. Trent M. A. Bronzert R. Shipekq C. W. Gerhard R. J. Speights J. B. Doerr E. J. Spurgiesz E. C. Thorne L. R. Albrecht R. H. Phillips R. N. Hays J. T. Chikowski A. J. Murabito G. R. Best A. C. Lyman T. E. Hill E. F. Setmeyer C. M. Carolina R. A. Veach C. C. Van Etten E. P. Hjorth J. A. Neel R. A. Robertson J. P. Carpenter J. A. Hudak F. V. McGeehan E. B. Mitchell G. E. Harris R. M. Dollard J. Locke F. J. Grande 3. Schlipf

Copy to:
H. S. Moss
J. R. Durante
G. M. Rancich
J. B. Bonner
L. J. Kaitz
R. C. Allen
P. Wyszkowski

- Allentown - Atlanta - Baltimore - Burlington Shops - Calumbus - Dallas - Denver - ERC - Guilford Center - Hawthorne - Indianapolis - Kansas City - Kearny - Merrimack Valley - Montgomery - New River Valley - North Carolina - Lisle, Ill. - Oklahoma City - Omaha - Phoenix - PPE, Springfield - Reading - Richmond - Rolling Meadows - Installation - Shreveport - Southwestern Region - Southern Region - Pacific Region - Northeastern Region - Mtn. Northwest Region - Eastern Region - Central Region - Nassau Recycle, Gaston

- Nassau Recycle, Gaston
- ", Staten Island
- Teletype, Skokie
- ", Little Rock
- 222 Broadway
- AT&T, Basking Ridge
- BTL, Murray Hill

Western Electric Corporate Engineering CI 76.232 December 15, 1981 New Instruction

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCB'S) MANUFACTURING, PROCESSING DISTRIBUTION AND USE - PROHIBITIONS

CONTENTS

- 1. General
- 2. Definitions
- 3. Disposal Requirements For PCB's
- 4. Storage Of PCB's For Disposal
- 5. Decontamination
- 6. Marking
- 7. Monitoring & Recordkeeping

- 8. Transformers
- 9. Interim Measure Program For PCB Transformers
- 10. Hydraulic Systems
- 11. Spills
- 12. Penalties For Failing To Comply Appendix A PCB Inspection Manual

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 The purpose of this instruction is to define the requirements of the PCB manufacturing, processing and distribution rule (40 CFR Part 761) which became effective on July 1, 1979.
- 1.2 This rule which was promulgated under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), is designed to protect the environment from further contamination by PCB's due to their improper handling, use and disposal.
- 1.3 The rule allows the continued use of PCB's in totally enclosed systems such as transformers and capacitors. A slow phasing out, such as allowed by this regulation is felt by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to be the best way to control further contamination of the environment. Specifically the main points of this rule are:
- 1.31 It prohibits all manufacturing of PCB's after July 2, 1979 unless exempted by EPA.
- 1.32 It prohibits the processing, distribution in commerce and use of PCB's except in a totally enclosed manner after July 2, 1979 unless specifically exempted by EPA.
- 1.33 It authorizes certain processing, distribution in commerce and use of PCB's in a non-totally enclosed manner (which would otherwise be subject to par. 1.32 above).

- 1.4 PCB's are potentially harmful because once released into the environment they do not biodegrade. In addition, PCB's tend to accumulate in the tissues of living organisms. This means as PCB's move up in the food chain towards man their concentrations increase. Test results have shown that PCB's cause reproductive failures, gastric disorders, skin lesions and tumors in laboratory animals.
- 1.5 This rule, 40 CRF Part 761, supercedes the "Disposal and Marking" regulation of February 17, 1978 and the August 2, 1978 Technical Amendments.
- 1.6 This instruction is to be used as a guide when preparing local instructions related to the disposal of hazardous wastes. Locations should modify this instruction to incorporate state or local requirements and assign functional responsibilities where necessary.

1.7 Related Instructions

- CI 77.305 Dept. of Transportation Regulations For Hazardous Materials and Wastes
- CI 76.231 Management of Hazardous Wastes
- CI 15.500 Hazardous Materials Data Bank Procedures

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.01 PCB A chemical substance limited to the biphenyl molecule which has been chlorinated to varying degrees.
- 2.02 PCB Container Any can, barrel or drum that contains and whose surfaces are in direct contact with PCB's.
- 2.03 PCB Article A manufactured article, not a container, whose surfaces are in direct contact with PCB's. Transformers, capacitors are examples.
- 2.04 PCB Article Container Any can, barrel or drum used to contain PCB articles whose surfaces are not in contact with PCB's.
- 2.05 PCB Equipment Any manufactured item which contains a PCB article. Frames, cabinets containing PCB capacitors are examples of this.
- 2.06 PCB Item Any PCB article, PCB article container, PCB equipment or PCB container.
- 2.07 PCB Transformer Any transformer that contains 500 or more PPM of PCB's.

- 2.08 PCB Contaminated Transformer Any transformer that contains 50 PPM or more but less than 500 PPM of PCB's.
- 2.09 Annex I Incinerator An EPA approved incinerator for PCB destruction per Section 761.40(a).
- 2.10 Annex II Landfill An EPA approved chemical waste landfill for PCB's per Section 761.40(b).
- 2.11 Annex III Storage Facility An EPA approved PCB storage area for PCB's per Section 761.42.
- 2.12 Large High Voltage Capacitor One that operates at 2,000 Volts A.C. or above and contains 3 lbs. or more of PCB's.
- 2.13 Large Low Voltage Capacitor One that operates at less than 2,000 Volts A.C. and contains 3 lbs. or more of PCB's.
- 3. DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PCB'S
- 3.1 Following are the types of PCB's and PCB items and their specified disposal methods:

Type of PCB and/or PCB Items

Disposal Method

3.101 Liquid PCB Mixtures (over 500 PPM)

- Incinerate in an Annex I Incinerator.

3.102 Liquid PCB Mixtures (50-500 PPM)

- Incinerate in an Annex I Incinerator.

Or

- Incinerate in a high efficiency boiler (per 761.10).

Ot .

- Landfill in an Annex II landfill.
- 3.103 Liquid PCB Mixtures (under 50 PPM)
- Municipal Trash: except this material may not be used for dust control or road oiling.

3.104 PCB Containers (over 500 PPM PCB's)

- Container and contents incinerated in an Annex I Incinerator.

0r

CI 76.232 December 15, 1981

Type of PCB and/or PCB Item	Disposal Method
	- Drained Container disposed of in an Annex II landfill and liquid incinerated in an Annex I Incinerator.
3.105 PCB Container (50-500 PPM PCB's)	- Drained container disposed of in municipal trash, liquids per paragraph 3.102 above.
3.106 PCB Transformers (over 500 PPM)	- Transformer disposed of in an Annex II landfill after first draining PCB's, filling with solvent and letting stand 18 hours and draining again. Then, dispose of PCB's and solvent in an Annex I Incinerator.
3.107 PCB Contaminated Transformer (50-500 PPM)	- Drain transformer and dispose of PCB contaminated liquid as per paragraph 3.102 above. No TSCA regulations on disposal of drained transformer.
3.108 PCB Small Capacitors (under 3 lbs.)	- Municipal Solid Waste. Where there are accumulations of small capacitors in excess of 200, then disposal should be in an Annex II landfill.
3.109 PCB Large Capacitors (over 3 lbs.)	- Incineration in an Annex I Incinerator.
3.110 Fluorescent Light Ballasts	- Municipal Solid Waste.
3.111 Non Liquid PCB's (Contaminated Soil, Rags, etc.)	- Disposal in an Annex II landfill.

- Incineration in an Annex I Incinerator.

3.2 Locations of the eight (8) Annex II Landfills

	EPA Region	Site Location	Company	
3.21	II	New York	Cecos International P.O. Box 619 Niagara Falls, N.Y. (716) 731-3281	14302

1

	EPA Region	Site Location	Company
3.22	II	New York	SCA Chemical Service Inc. 1550 Balmar Road Model City, N.Y. 14107 (716) 754-8231
3.23	IV	Al abama	Waste Management of Alabama P.O. Box 55 Route 17 Mile Post 163 Emelle, Alabama 35470 (800) 241-7829
3.24	V	Ohio	Cecos International 50982 Aber Road Williamsburg, Ohio 45176 (513) 724-6114
3.25	X	Idaho	ENVIRO Safe Services of Idaho Inc. P.O. Box 936 Mountain Home, Idaho 83301 (208) 834-2275
3.26	IX	Nev ad a	U.S. Ecology Inc. 9200 Shelbyville Road P.O. Box 7246 Louisville, Kentucky 40207 (502) 426-7160
3.27	x	Oregon	Chem-Security Systems Inc. P.O. Box 1269 Portland, Oregon 97207 (503) 223-1912
 3.28	IX	California	Casmalia Disposal 539 Ysidro Road P.O. Box 5275 (805) 969-5897

3.3 Location of the two (2) EPA approved Annex I Incinerators:

	EPA Region	Site Location	Company
3.31	VI	Arkansas	Ensco Inc. American Oil Road Eldorado, Arkansas (501) 863-7178

CI 76.232 December 15, 1981

	EPA Region	Site Location	Company
3.22	VI	Texas	Rollins Environmental Services
			P.O. Box 609
			Deer Park, Texas 77536
			(713) 47 9- 6001

4. STORAGE OF PCB'S FOR DISPOSAL

- 4.01 Any PCB article or PCB container stored for disposal before January 1, 1983 shall be disposed of before January 1, 1984.
- 4.02 Any PCB article or PCB container stored for disposal after January 1, 1983 shall be disposed of within 1 year of the initial storage date.
- 4.03 Storage facilities for PCB articles and PCB containers shall be provided with the following:
- 4.031 Adequate roof and walls to prevent rainwater from reaching the stored PCB's.
- 4.032 Smooth Portland cement or steel floor, free of drains, expansion joints, cracks, gaps or other openings.
- 4.033 Continuous curbing at least 6" high with containment volume of twice the largest stored container or 25% of the total stored items whichever is greater.
 - 4.034 A location above the 100 year flood water elevation.
- 4.04 The following PCB items may be stored temporarily in an area which does not comply with paragraph 4.03 above for up to thirty (30) days from the date of removal from service, provided that date is marked on the container.
 - 4.041 Non-leaking PCB articles and equipment
- 4.042 Leaking PCB articles and PCB equipment which are placed in a PCB container with sufficient sorbent materials to contain the remaining PCB's in the leaking PCB items.
- 4.043 PCB containers containing non-liquid PCB's such as contaminated rags and soil.

- 4.044 PCB containers containing liquid PCB's in the 50-500 PPM range providing a spill prevention plan has been prepared for the temporary storage area in accordance with 40 CFR 112. Container must carry the notation that concentration does not exceed 500 PPM.
- 4.05 Non-leaking large high voltage capacitors and PCB contaminated transformers may be stored adjacent to a PCB storage facility on pallets until January 1, 1983.
- 4.06 Any item of movable equipment used to handle PCB's and which has been in direct contact with PCB's shall not be removed from the storage area without first being properly decontaminated.
- 4.07 All PCB articles and PCB containers in storage shall be checked every 30 days. Any leaking articles or containers shall be transferred to non-leaking containers, and contaminated residues from cleanup should be disposed of in accordance with paragraph 3.111.
- 4.08 The container specification defines five types of metal containers adequate for storing PCB's. These containers range in size from one gallon containers to railroad tank cars. Except as provided in paragraph 4.09 below, any container used for the storage of liquid PCB's shall comply with the DOT specification 49 CFR 178.80 (Spec 5), 178.82 (Spec 5B), 178.102 (Spec 6D or 178.116 (Spec 17E). Containers used for non-liquid PCB storage shall comply with 178.80 (Spec 5 Container), 178.82 (Spec 5B Container) or 178.115 (Spec 17C Container).
- 4.09 Storage containers for liquid can be larger than the containers specified in paragraph 4.08 above, provided they are designed and constructed in compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.106.
- 4.10 When storing PCB's for disposal, separate facilities need not always be constructed, all that is required to meet the <u>intent of the regulation</u> is the following:
- 4.101 A small area inside a building serves the purpose of "adequate roof and walls."
- 4.102 A smooth floor free of drains, cracks or openings serves the purpose of poured "Portland Cement Floor." This area should then be diked as required.
 - 4.103 A metal pan with raised edges serves as a "dike."
- 4.104 A large drum or several drums could serve as a "diked area" if the stored PCB's and PCB items are placed in small containers inside the larger drums.

5. DECONTAMINATION

- 5.1 A PCB container to be decontaminated shall have the internal surfaces rinsed three times with a solvent containing less than 50 PPM of PCB's. Each rinse shall use a volume of solvent equal to 10% of the containers capacity. The solvent can be reused until it exceeds 50 PPM of PCB's, at which point it shall be disposed of by incineration in an Annex I Incinerator.
- 5.2 Movable equipment used in storage areas shall be decontaminated by swabbing with a solvent described in paragraph 5.1 above.

6. MARKING

6.1 The following formats shall be used for PCB marking requirements:

CAUTION CONTAINS PCBS (Polychlarinated Biphenyls) A roxic environmental contaminant requiring special handling and disposal in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Regulations 40 CFR 761—For Disposal Information contact the nearest U.S. E.P.A. Office. In case of accident or spill, call toll free the U.S. Coast Guard National Response Center: 800:424-8802 Also Contact —Tel. No.

CAUTION CONTANT PCBS
(Physikalized States)
FOR PROPER DISPOSAL INFORMATION
CONTACT U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL
PROTECTION AGENCY

FIGURE 2

FIGURE 1

6.2 When marking large PCB articles, containers or equipment, the large mark (Fig. 1) shall be used. The size shall be square, at least 6" on each side down to a minimum of 2" on a side for smaller size equipment.

- 6.3 When marking smaller PCB articles and equipment, the smaller mark (Fig. 2) shall be used. The size shall be a rectangle l" x 2". If the item to be marked is very small then the mark can be reduced to a minimum of .4" x .8".
 - 6.4 Ordering Information
 - 6.41 Labels may be purchased from:

Label Master
7525 N. Wolcott Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60626
Phone: (312) 973-5100 or locally

- 6.5 The following PCB containing items shall be marked with one of the labels shown in Figures 1 and 2.
- 6.501 All PCB transformers (marking of PCB contaminated transformers is not required).
 - 6.502 All large high voltage PCB capacitors.
- 6.503 Where structures such as poles, fences, etc. are supporting and protecting large high voltage PCB capacitors then, these structures shall be marked instead, and a record of the capacitors inside the structure shall be maintained at the location.
- 6.504 All transport vehicles with 99 lbs. of liquid PCB's or with one or more PCB transformers.
 - 6.505 Electric motors with PCB coolant.
 - 6.506 Hydraulic machinery using PCB hydraulic fluid.
 - 6.507 PCB containers.
 - 6.508 PCB articles and equipment.
 - 6.509 Storage areas for PCB's.
- 6.510 Large low voltage capacitors shall be marked at the time of removal from use.

7. MONITORING AND EXCORDINE PING

- 7.1 Beginning July 2, 1978, each location containing 99 lbs. of PCB chemical substances and mixtures or one or more PCB transformers or 50 large PCB capacitors shall develop and maintain records on the disposition of the PCB's. A document shall be prepared by July 1 of each year, covering the previous calendar year. These records shall be maintained for five years after PCB's are no longer used at the facility. The records shall be kept in accordance with the following:
- 7.11 The dates when PCB's are removed from service, are placed into storage for disposal, are placed into transport for disposal. Quantities shall be reported as follows:
- 7.111 Total weight in kilograms of PCB's and PCB items in containers with the identification of each containers contents.
- 7.112 Total number of PCB transformers and the total weight in kilograms of the PCB's contained in them.
 - 7.113 Total number of PCB large high or low voltage capacitors.
- 7.12 For PCB's and PCB items removed from service, the location of the storage or disposal facility they went to including the name of the owner or operator.
- 7.13 Total quantities of PCB's and PCB items remaining in service at the end of the calendar year using the quantity shown in paragraphs 7.111 to 7.113 above.
- 7.2 Where a location has a storage facility (diked area for PCB storage) on site, a separate record for the facility shall be kept, showing the following:
 - 7.21 The date when PCB's and PCB items were received for storage.
- 7.22 The date when PCB's and PCB items were removed from storage and either transferred to another storage area or disposed of, including identification of the disposal facility.
- 7.23 A summary of the total kilograms of PCB's and PCB articles in containers and the total kilograms of PCB's in transformers that were:
 - 7.231 Received during the year.
 - 7.232 Transferred or disposed of during the year.

- 7.233 Retained in storage at the year's end, including identification of each containers contents.
- 7.3 When PCB's are no longer stored on site, the EPA Regional Administrator for the Region your plant is located in must be notified within 60 days of your closing the storage facility. In addition, the records described herein must be kept on site for five (5) years after the storage facility is closed.

8. TRANSFORMERS

- 8.1 There are three (3) categories of transformers and as such are subject to different storage disposal and rebuilding requirements. These categories are:
- 8.11 Non-PCB transformers (less than 50 PPM). There are no servicing or rebuilding restrictions. The only disposal restriction, is that if the fluid has any detectable PCB's it cannot be used as a sealant or dust control agent on roads. No transformer may be classified as a non-PCB transformer, unless its fluid has been tested and found to contain less than 50 PPM. Certification must be provided.
- 8.12 PCB contaminated transformers (50-500 PPM). The only restriction on servicing or rebuilding is that it be done by the transformer owner, operator or a person with an exemption to the ban regulations. Disposal restrictions are that the PCB contaminated fluid must be disposed of in an Annex I Incinerator or in an Annex II landfill or high efficiency boiler. There are no restrictions on disposal or recycling of the transformer casing or coil.
- 8.13 PCB transformer (above 500 PPM). PCB transformers cannot be rebuilt. If the defect requires removal of the coil from the casing, then the transformer must be replaced by a non-PCB type. Leaks and other minor repairs, not requiring removal of the coil may be performed. PCB fluid can only be disposed of in an Annex I Incinerator. After rinsing with solvent, the transformer can be disposed of in an Annex II landfill.
- 8.2 To convert from a PCB contaminated transformer to a non-PCB transformer or from a PCB transformer to a PCB contaminated transformer, it must be drained and refilled with a non-PCB dielectric. After 3 months operation, it must be tested before being reclassified. After reclassification, it may be rebuilt.
- 8.3 A transformer must be classified as a PCB transformer if any of the following exist:
 - 8.31 A nameplate indicates the transformer contains PCB dielectric fluid.

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- 8.32 The dielectric was tested and found to contain 500 PPM or more of PCB's.
 - 8.33 The transformer has no nameplate or any other identification.
- 8.34 The owner has other reasons to believe the unit contains 500 PPM or more of PCB's.
- 8.4 A mineral oil transformer can never be assumed to be a non-PCB transformer unless its dielectric fluid has been tested by the owner, or certified by the manufacturer to contain less than 50 PPM PCB's. According to the EPA, each location as owner or operator has the option, at the time of disposal, of disposing of an untested mineral oil transformer as a PCB contaminated unit or testing it and disposing of it (if below 50 PPM) as a non-PCB unit. In actuality, most disposal facilities require that testing be done on any transformer fluid and that a copy of the laboratory results be furnished before the fluid will be accepted for disposal.
- 8.5 Sale or transfer of PCB transformers. A PCB transformer may be sold or transferred if it is not leaking and if it was acquired prior to July 1, 1979.
- 8.6 A PCB transformer which is not in service and is awaiting disposal, is considered a storage tank and must be put either into temporary storage (per par. 4.04) if disposal will be within 30 days, or into a specified storage facility (per par. 4.03) if disposal will be delayed past 30 days.
- 8.7 A PCB transformer which is not in service but is to be stored for other than permanent disposal is exempt from any storage requirements, provided it is not leaking.

9. INTERIM MEASURES PROGRAM FOR PCB TRANSFORMERS

- 9.1 The Interim Measures Program which must be complied with in order to continue using PCB transformers was enacted for the following reasons:
- 9.11 Section 6(e) of the Toxic Substances Control Act prohibits the use of PCB's ecept in a "totally, enclosed manner." The EPA in its regulations considers PCB transformers as "totally enclosed," thereby allowing their continued use. However, the U.S. Court of Appeals ruled that the EPA's definition is unsupported and they require the EPA to undertake a program of testing and rulemaking to be completed in late 1982. Therefore, in order to continue using PCB transformers, the owner or operators must institute the risk reducing activities of the Interim Measures Program.

- 9.2 The following procedures must be followed with respect to all PCB transformers in use or stored for reuse.
- 9 21 A visual inspection of each PCB transformer shall be performed every three (3) months.
- 9.22 All leaks shall be recorded. If a transformer is found to have a moderate leak, servicing is required and must commence two (2) business days from the date the leak is observed. Leaks are defined as:
 - 9.221 Leak PCB's on any portion of the transformer's external surface.
- 9.222 Moderate Leak A leak which results in PCB's running off or about to run off any external surface.
- 9.23 Records, containing inspection and servicing history for all PCB transformers in use or stored for use shall be maintained for three (3) years and shall be available upon request by EPA. The records shall contain the following information on all PCB transformers:
 - 9.231 Its location.
 - 9.232 The date of each inspection and the name of the inspector.
 - 9.233 List all leaks and moderate leaks and the date observed.
- 9.234 Describe all servicing performed on the transformer from the date of subsequent servicing.
- 9.24 The Interim Measures Program ent into effect on May 11, 1981 and the first inspection must have been completed by August 10, 1981.

10. HYDRAULIC SYSTEMS

- 10.1 PCB's may be used in hydraulic systems and may be processed and distributed in commerce for purposes of filtering, distilling or otherwise reducing the concentration until July 1, 1984 provided that:
- 10.11 Each hydraulic system used for metal forming operations such as die casting, or other systems that ever contained PCB's be tested no later than November 1, 1979 and annually after that until PCB concentrations are below 50 PPM.
- 10.12 If the original test shows the PCB concentration to be above 50 PPM, the system must be drained and filled with non-PCB hydraulic fluid. This must be done within six months of the original test and annually thereafter until concentrations are below 50 PPM.

- 10.13 Hydraulic systems may be topped off with non-PBC hydraulic fluid to reduce concentrations.
 - 10.14 Addition of PCB's to any hydraulic system is prohibited.
- 10.15 Data from testing operations must be retained for five years after the hydraulic systems reach 50 PPM.

11. SPILLS

- 11.1 In the event of a spill, the following procedure should be followed:
- 11.11 Report the spill to your Regional EPA office which will in turn notify the Coast Guard if necessary. Also, please notify Assistant Manager, Energy and Environmental Engineering on CORNET 222-3502.
- 11.12 The spilled liquid should be cleaned up using rags and/or other absorbent material. Where possible, non-flammable solvents such as Freon TF, l,l,l-Trichloroethane or high-flash mineral spirits should be used to rinse or scrub the surface. Where the spill is on soil, remove a sufficient quantity until you are confident the concentration will be below 50 PPM.
- 11.13 Any contaminated solvent and any liquid PCB's generated by clean up operations shall be stored in accordance with paragraph 4 of this instruction pending disposal by Annex I incineration.
- 11.14 Non-liquid PCB's such as rags, soil, rubber gloves and any other contaminated articles generated by cleanup operations shall be stored in accordance with paragraph 4 of this instruction pending disposal in an Annex II landfill.

12. PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO COMPLY

- 12.1 Failures to comply with this regulation is a violation of Section 15 of the Toxic Substances Control Act.
- 12.2 Any violation of a provision of Section 15 carries a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day for each violation and/or criminal penalty of up to one year imprisonment.

ISSUED BY
MANAGER OF ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

December 8, 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Kearny Works' PCB Storage Area

On December 4, 1981, I visited the Kearny Works in order to confirm that corrective action was taken to place the Works' PCB storage area in compliance with 40CFR761. The new storage area which is located on the fifth floor of Building #25 is correctly labelled, has secondary containment (dikes) for all PCBs and PCB items, and satisfactorily complies with the PCB Ban Regulations for an Annex III storage facility.

T. A. Hunter

:mf

MR. J. J. HEANEY - 84550

Re: PCB Contaminated Transformers

Attached is a laboratory report indicating that all of our high voltage mineral oil transformers have less than 50 parts per million of PCB's except the Wire Mill three, and the fourth from the west end of the row outside 170-3. These four have less than 500 PPM and must be disposed of as PCB contaminated.

We have advised Mr. Wolchok of the 111 building condition.

BHR:84520:sr



Western Electric Co., Inc. 100 Central Avenue

January 4, 1982

100 Central Avenue Kearny, N.J. 07032

Attn: Bruce H. Rapp, Dept. 8452

PROJ. NO.: 11WE3

REF.: 13 Transformer Oils

LABORATORY REPORT

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION TEST	PCB Content (ppm)		•
т6	<50		
IS 170-SOUTH, #4 FROM WES	56.		
T2 Left	<50		
T2 Center	<50	1	
T2 Right	<50		,
Tl Left	<50		
Tl Center	<50	•	
Tl Right	<50		
Spa re	<50		
Т8	<50		
T52 WIRE MILL SAST	85.		
TSI WARMILL CENTIR	120.		
TSS WIRE MILL WEST	61.		
ŕ			

REMARKS:

Sample was extracted and analyzed by gas chromatography-electron capture detection.

Alan Schoffman, Ph.D. Director, Analytical Services

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

On February 3, 1982, two Interstate Sanitation Commission representatives, Mr. Henry W. Anusiak and Mr. Pete L. Sattler, met with Mr. Joe Chikowski and Mr. Angelo Basile to inspect Kearny's six permitted outfalls to the Passaic River. Attached are copies of D.E.P. correspondence as evidence of State approved authorization for their organization to conduct a monitoring inspection.

They toured the Waste Treatment Plant (002) and were shown the sampling points for both the Powerhouse (301) and outfall 303 located in 12 building basement below the old Cable Shop. We also indicated the location of the manhole covers where the remaining three discharge points (004, 005, 006) are sampled. (primarily storm water drainage outfalls).

We provided verbally the answers to their NPDES compliance questionnaire we had previous received through the mail. They were favorably impressed with the treatment plant especially the clearness of the filtered water in the clarifier.

They plan to return to Kearny unannounced sometime in April of this year to take effluent samples of all six outfalls. They will utilize a mobile laboratory unit on company grounds to analyze the samples. The samples will be taken at periodic intervals during the eight hours the Waste Treatment Plant is expected to be in operation.

:sr

Copy to: (without attachment)
J. T. Chikowski - 84520
R. M. Dineen - 84752

R. M. Dineen - 84752 D. R. Staple - 84753

Copy to: (with attachment)

J. G. Ambers - 222 Broadway W. Boyhan - 222 Broadway

Circle Basile - 41/520
ANGELO J. BASILE - 84520



Kearny Works

1 30 Central Avenue Kearny, NJ 07032 201 465-4000

inager

Re: Western Electric Company Kearny Waste Treatment Flant Sludge

Dear Mr. Capener:

Enclosed is the additional sample you requested per your letter of April 30, 1982, to Mr. Angelo J. Basile. This sample is a composite of our sludge filter cake taken over a period of seven (7) production days.

Also, for your use as comparative information, the following results are from a recent sludge analysis conducted by our laboratory for the metals of environmental concern to us:

Metal	Total (mg/kg)*
Chromium Copper Lead Nickle Zinc	12,000 2,300 2,400 4,200 150
*Wet basi	s - 79% moisture

We are glad to be of help in this matter and appreciate your interest.

Yours truly,

B:15KY684520:sr

J. J. CHIKOWSKI, Department Chief Entironmental and Safety Engineering

Copy to: (with att.)
J. G. Ambers - 222 Broadway

April 30, 1982

Mr. Angelo J. Basile Western Electric 100 Central Avenue Kearny, NJ 07032

Dear Mr. Basile:

The first sludge sample provided in Tebruary has been analyzed by cocessing Company. The preliminary results, as noted below, indicate marginal resource recovery potential:

Semiquantitative Analysis

sio ₂	63.0%
A12 ⁰ 3	7.2
CaO	0.64
P2 ^O 5	Traces <1.0
Fe ₂ O ₃	16.0
MgO	0.93
Na	Traces $\langle 0.10 \rangle$
Cu	1.1
Ti	0.043
Pb	0.44
В	0.043
Cđ	Not Detected \langle 0.006
Cr	0.66
Sn	1.0

Mr. Angelo J. Basile April 30, 1982 Page 2

Mn	0.060
Ni	1.1
Мо	0.020
V	Not Detected < 0.002
Ag	0.00055
Zn	2.6
Zr	Not Detected <0.003
Co	Traces (0.002
Sr	Not Detected < 0.002
К	Not Detected < 0.10
Au	Not Detected <0.002
Pd	Not Detected < 0.002
Other elements	nil

Enclosed are additional sampling and mailing materials. Please arrange for the taking of a one (1) pound composite sample of the sludge filter cake produced at your facility. A sample taken over five (5) production days would be preferable and more representative than a grab sample. WRCP would also appreciate receiving a copy of any analysis done on the sludge.

Please don't hesitate to call me with any questions you may have. Your interest and cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Enc.: As noted.

Generator Name:	NESTERM :	ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC.	enne e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Generator EPA ID No.: NJD002	139053		
Generator address: 100 Central	Avenue, R	Kearny, N.J. 07032	
General description of the Waste:	Waste	water Treatment Sludges fro	om Metal
Finishing Operations			
Does the waste material descriptions of DHS Class II materials at .18 (inclusive).		i under COMAR 08.05.05 Regu	lations .01-
DHS Class I		Approximat	e Concentration(mg
Acrolein	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Acetylaminofluorene	yes	<u>X</u> no	
alpha-Naphthylamine	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Aminodiphenyl	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Auramine	yes	<u>X</u> no	
beta-Naphthylamine	yes	X no	
beta-Propiolactone	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Benzidine	yes	X_no	
bis(Chloromethyl) Ether	yes	X_no	
Cadmium Salts	yes	X_no	
Chlornaphazine (bis (2-Chloroethyl) 2-Naphthylamine)	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Dichlorobenzidine	yes	X no	
Dichlorodiphenyltri- chloroethane (DDT)	yes	<u>X</u> _no	
Dimethylaminoazoben- zene		<u>y_</u> no	
Dioxins	yes	X no	
Endrin	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Ethyleneimine	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Heptachlor	yes	<u>X_</u> no	
Heptachlor Epoxide	yes	<u>X_no</u>	AND THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY.
Kepone	yes	<u>X</u> no	

DHS Class I			Approximate Concentration Fr.
Mercury Compounds	yes	X no	
Methyl Chloromethly Ether	yes	X_no	
Methylene-bis-Chloraniline	yes	y_no	
Mirex	yes	X_no	
Mustard Gas (bi-Chloroethyl Sulphide)	yes	X_no	
Nickel Carbonyl	yes	X_no	
Nitrobiphenyl	yes	<u>x</u> no	
Nitrosodimethylamine	yes	g no	
Phosphorus (White)	yes	X_no	-
Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	yes	X_no	
Tetrachlorodiphenylethane (TDE)	yes	X_no	
Tetraethyl Pyrophosphate	yes	X no	
Vinyl Chloride Monomer	yes	X_no	
DHS Class II			
Aldrin	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Antimycins	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Arsenicals	yes	X_no	
Asbestos in Fibre Form	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Chlordane	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Chromates	<u>X</u> yes	no	TRIVAL. 0.2 Chrome (E.P. Extract)
Cyanides	X_yes	no	(E.P. Extract)
Dimethyl Formamide	yes	Xno	
Disulfoton	yes	X no	
Endosulfan	yes	<u>y</u> no	
Estrogenic Compounds	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Flouroacetic Acid, and its salts	yes	X no	
Cuthion	VAC	X no	

DHS Class II			Approximate Concentration (mg
Mercury (Metallic)	yes	X no	
Mevinpnos	yes	Xno	
Parathion	yes	X no	
Pentachlorophenol	yes	X no	
Phthalic Acid Esters	yes	<u> X</u> no	
Picioram	yes	<u>X</u> nc	
Rotenone	yes	on X	
Toxaphene	yes	$\sum_{i=1}^{N} a_i x_i$	
Trichloroethylene	yes	4	
Trichlorophenol	yes	To an	
Tetraethyl Lead	yes	1	
		Pro on Loy	: Augh Fance
		Dat /	: Aigh Parile

7-70.0 581 - 11 3 - 187 1.77 271- 11 2カ MENISH, 900 E11 - LL 5.0 - 6.0 09 745326 200 26 - 11 5.0-6.0 カの XXYENS - 50 - 10.0 E//- 11 o € - 7.≯ 11 METHYL ETHYL KETENE 8 = -0.0 - 3.2 36 - 77 18 MEHYLENE CHLORIUS という 021--150 12 2.0 - 6.0 120 -77 GECT JESCRIPTICN

1-510

S MITT

NOUTE STEEL GULLSALSAL

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Water Base Paint Sludge

The Western Electric Company Kearny Works has been attempting to dispose of water base paint sludge trhough an outside contractor

У

The purpose of

this memorandum is to record this information.

I. Incredients of Paint

From the supplier (Armitage Paints), the percent content by weight and ingredient make-up consists of:

A. Liquid

1. Water (17.24%)

- 2. Butyl Cellosolve (0.16%)
 - 3. N-Propanol (5.3%)
 - 4. Hexalene Glycol (5.3%)

35% Resin

1. Solid (24.5%)

2. Liquid (Alcohol) (10.5%)

C. Pigment 35%

1. Titanium Dioxide (33.37%

2. Lampblack (0.54%)

3. Yellow Iron Oxide (1.09%)

Total 100%

II. Manufacturing Process

From the Product Engineer and Wasta consultations and Engineer the following was determined. The operation covers the consultation of a variety of fabricated metal parts on a convey recording line, which includes an exhausted water-wall spray booth followed two configurations oven. The parts are transported by the conveyor into the booth, record the exhausted water wall and the operator. The operator sprace the parts; the solvent vapors are exhausted; the particulates are cast from by the water wall and are washed down into a holding tank at the table of the booth.

During the off-shift, the paint Stander is collected in the following manner. The water flow is shut off. The gratings above the holding tank are removed and appropriate quantities of Sociam Hyproxide are put in the water to flocculate the paint sludge. After an appropriate wait, the cleaner dons the required protective clothing and wates through the tank collecting the sludge with a screened scoop and a perforated shovel. This material is placed in an empty 5 gallon paint can, covered, and then transported to a

holding area until all tanks are done. The total quantity of paint sludge collected is then transported to an outside storage area for ultimate disposition.

III. Waste Product Generated

The following was obtained from the Product Engineer. The waste product generated consists of a mixture of the solid particles of paint, the Na (OH) flocculent and water. It is approximately ninety percent solids. No alien contaminent is developed through the process.

IV. Heavy Metals and Flammability Analyses

The below listed information was obtained from the Chem. Lab.

A. Heavy Metals Analysis

Thirteen grams of a random-selected sample was dried and ignited. The remaining ash weighed 2.2 grams. A fifty percent solution of nitric acid was used to extract metals from the ash. The ash was then filtered and washed. The filtrate was diluted in 200 ml of water and analyzed on an atomic absorption spectrophotometer.

Atomic absorption analysis of the filtrate gave the following results based on the original weight of the sample.

Element	% of Water-Based Residue
Copper	0.00014
Chromium	Not Detected
Nickel	0.003
Cobalt	Not Detected
Iron	0.038
Zinc	0.0015
Cadmium	0.00003
Lead	0.0003
Silver	0.0003

3. Flammability Analysis

A similar quantity of the sample was ignited under controlled temperature conditions. The temperature was raised for $0.9 \, \mathrm{mag}$, hich point the water began to vaporize. Vaporization was complated and the dried ash ignited at approximately $108^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ($226^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$).

C. C. TRANCHETTI - 84520

:sr



R. B. Butterfleid, Jr. General Manager Kearny Works i'i Wes

Western Electric

100 Central Avenue

Kearny, NJ 07032 201 465-4001

= 2 3

MR. HENRY KOLAKOWSKI, Superintendent Town of Kearny Wastewater Treatment Plant 39 Central Avenue Kearny, New Jersey 07032

Dear Sir:

As requested in your letter of August 31, 1982, attached is the completed "Standard Form A" covering our wastewater discharged to the Kearny Sewage Treatment Plant.

Should you desire further information, please feel free to contact Mr. Angelo Basile on 465-5447.

Very truly yours,

General Manager

Att.

Copy to:
J. G. Ambers - 222 Broadway 4

STANDARD FORM A-MUNICIPAL



SECTION IV. INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION TO MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

Submit a description of each major industrial facility discharging to the municipal system, using a separate Section IV for each facility description. Indicate the 4 digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code for the industry, the major product or raw material, the flow (In thousand gallons per day), and the characteristics of the wastewater discharged from the industrial facility into the municipal system. Consult Table III for standard measures of products or raw materials. (see instructions)

1.	-	contributing Fac	cillty			
	Name			4012	WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY	
	Numbe	er& Street		4016	100 Jentral Avenue	_
	City			401c	Kearny	
	County	,		401d	Hudson	_
	State			401e		
	Zip Co	d●		401f	<u> </u>	
2.		,	striai see	402	3661	
3.	Princip	al Product or R			Units (Quantity Table	
	Produc	t		4032		
	Raw M.	at er iai		403b		_
4.	dischar tem in	Indicate the voi gad into the mu thousand gallor ether this disch	inicipal sys- is per day	4044		
_	mittent	t or continuous.		404b		
э.	pretrea	tment Provided tment is providing g the municipal	ed prior to	+03	☐ Yes	
6.		teristics of Wast structions)	tewater			
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		Name				
	4063	Parameter Number	* .			
	406b	Value	<u>.</u>			

853860166

SECTION IV - INDUSTRIAL WASTE CONTRIBUTION TO MUNICIPAL SYSTEM

I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in this questionnaire and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, such information is true, complete and accurate.

<u> </u>	TERETELD, .	ж
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	Title	
S	ignature of	
Author	ized Rep res e	entative
Yr	Мо	Day
	Application	•

18 U.S.C. Section 1001 provides that:

Whoever, in any matter within the jurisdiction of any department or agency of the United States knowingly and wilfully falsifies, conceals or covers up by any trick, scheme, or device a material fact, or makes any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or representation, or makes or uses any talse writing or document knowing same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or entry, shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

GENERATOR ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTE REPORT

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1981.

100 CEN KEARNY	39053 VELECTRIC CO CHIROWSKI JOE VIRAL AVENUE	DEPARTMENT	NJ 07032	label attached was enclosed information of and provide the tion below. If Sections 1, 11, preprinted lab CIFIC INSTRUBEFORE CONTRUCTED IN FORESTATION TO BEFORE CONTRUCTURE SEFORE CONTRUCTURESTATION TO BEFORE TO BEFOR	STRUCTIONS: If you to the mailing enveloped affix it in the space of the label is incorrect to correct information is correct and III below blank. It el, complete all section UCTIONS CONTAINE APLETING THIS FORMATION IS report is required by less the total points.	ope in which this for provided. If any of , draw a line through in the appropriate section did not receives. REFER TO THE SDOKM. The information aw (Section 3002 of	orm the shit sec- tave ve a SPE- LET re-
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Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1981.

Date rec'd: Rec'd hv:

Do not make entries in shaded areas

VII. GENERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.

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IX. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.

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VIII. FACILITY NAME opecity facility to which all wastes of

DIC.

X. FACILITY ADDRESS P.O. Box 55

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED

during 1961. This section to be completed only once. Do not repeat on suggestional shierts,

1557

XII. WASTE IDENTIFICATION quence A. Description of Waste Spent Cyanide Plating Bath Solution Residue from Misc. Flating Operations: CHROMIC ACID Residue From Misc. Stripping Operations: SODIUM HYDROXID Residue From Misc. Cleaning & Degreasing Operations: Mixtur of TCE, PCE, MCD, XYLENE, MEH METHANOL & OIL Residue From Printed Wiring Board Cleaning Operation: Mixture of VARSOL, XYLENE, MEK, ETHYLBENZENE & WATER Residue From Photo Print Operation: FORMALDAHYDE Residue From Mass Soldering Operation: Mixture of PCE & **LSOPROPANOL** Residue From Coil Impregnatio: Operation: VARNISH

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XIII. COMMENTS (enter information by section number (see a fractions)

Page _ of __

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1981.

VII. GENERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.

IX. FACILITY'S EPA 1.D. NO.

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FNY, D, D, D 2, D 4 4 4 9 6

X. FACILITY ADDRESS 31 Sea Cliff Avenue Glen Cove, L.I., N.Y. 11931

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED the members riuring 1981. This section to be completed only once. The not repeat on supplemental sheets.)

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	Residue From Printed Wiring Board Land Area Copper Plating	1315	43 46	47 50	1 16 1/	.9.0.0.0. 6	50
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XIII. COMMENTS (enter information by section number—see instructions)

Western Electric

Kearny Works

100 Central Avenue Kearny IN J. 07032 201-465-4000

February 15, 1983

MANIFEST SECTION

New Jersey Eureau of Hazarious Waste Classification & Manifest
32 East Hanover Street

Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Re: Annual Report of Hazardous Waste Generator, Western Electric Company, Kearny Works

Sirs:

In accordance with NJAC 7:26-7.4 (g) 1, and Mr. D. J. Leu's request of December 22, 1982, we have attached the Western Electric Company, Kearny Works Hazardous Waste Cenerator's Annual Report for 1982. If you have any questions about this report contact Chris Tranchetti, Senior Environmental Engineer, (201) 465-5445.

Yours truly,

Original Signed By J. T. CHIKOWSKI

J. T. CHIKOWSKI, Department Chief Environmental & Safety Engineerin

GCT:51KY680320:sr

Att.

BUREAU OF HAZAF US WASTE GENERATOR'S ANN AL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1982

GENERATOR'S NA	AME Western Electric Co.			2.EPA ID NO. NJD 002139053					
ADDRESS 100	Central Avenue, Kearny, N.J.	07032		Telephone Number (201) 465-5445					
TRANSPORTER'S	NAMI	t	•	5.EPA ID NO. ALD 000622464					
. ADDRESS_									
FACILITY				8.EPA ID N	o. ALD	000622464			
· ADDRESS_		· 							
NANIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE		DOT HAZ.CLASS	δηνητίμα	units	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTED		
-0 75154 -0375155	Xytene		100 m 119.	·, ·	•	[8, 11]			
0075156	Flam. Liq. 200			•	••	"			
	Perchloroethylene Hixt.		1.12		11	"			
0075157	Trichloroethylene Mixt. Flam. Liq. NOS		" Flam. Liq.	23970 13860	11 11	11 11			
0104151	11 1517 1517		rian. Liq.	14700	11	 !!			
11	Paint Shudge		None	6300	**	F017			
**	Trichloroethylene Mixt.		ORMA	13800	11	D001			
11	Perchloroethylene Mixt.		**	2400	11	11			
0104152	ff .		11	16500	**	**			
"	Methyl Ethyl Ketone		Flam. Liq.	9000	11	tt			
11	Paint, Varnish		11	12050	**	tt.			
0104154	Haz. Waste Liq. NOS		ORME	28000	11	D000			
0104161	Methylene Chloride Mixt.		ORMA	22550	**	DOO1			
"	Perchloroethylene Mixt.		11	10800	**	"			
'' ''	Trichloroethylene Mixt.		11	1800	11	11			
11	Methyl Ethyl Ketone		Flam. Liq.	3000	tf	11			
**************************************	Flam. Liq. NOS		11	4500	11	11			
CIMPLICAT			II .	14800	11	H	•		

⁻ PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

BUREAU OF HAZAL IS WASTE GENERATOR'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1982

GENERATOR'S N	AME SAME		2.EPA ID N	10		
·.ADDRESS			ŋ	le Lephone	Number	
TRANSPORTER'S	NAMEAS	·	5.EPA ID N	10		······································
ADDRESS				 		
	ME PAGE 1		8.EPA ID N	0	and the second s	
. ADDRESSNJ						
	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT_HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTED
0104102	Paint Sludge	None	7200	Lbs.	F017	
0104102	Methylene Chloride Mixt.	ORMA	ชี800		D001	
0125323	"	11	30600	11	11	
0125525	Paint Sludge	None	7500	11	F017	
0125324	11	"	23850	11	tt.	
U II	Methylene Chloride Mixt.	ORMA	2400	11	D001	
II .	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Flam. Liq.	500	11	11	
0125324	Varnish	Flam. Liq.	6000	11	11	
11	Xylene	11	2000	11	11	
tt	Flant Liq. NOS	11	1000	11	ff .	
0175325	Paint Sludge	None	34500	17	F017	
11	Trichloroethylene Mixt.	ORMA	2400	11	DO01	
**	Photo Resist	Flam. Liq.	500	11	11	
ti .	Acetone		2000	11	11	
11	Alcohol NOS	11	1000	11	17	
01.11.3.26	11	, "	1500	11	H	
н	Acetone	11	500	11	11	
tt.	Paint, Varnish	11	8000	11	11	
H	Paint Sludge	None	27000	11	F017	
0125327	u S	11	27000	11	11	
11	Perchloroethylene Mixt.	ORMA	12000	ff	DO01	

PLACE AU "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

TERUTION.

BUREAU OF HAZAR' 'S WASTE GENERATOR'S AUNU... REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1982

GENERATOR'S N.	AMESAME		2.EPA ID N	0		
. ADDRESS		Principal de la companya de la comp	<u> </u>	'e tephone	Number	
.TRANSPORTER'S	NAME AS		5.EPA ID N	0		
. ADDRESS						
FACILITY'S NAI	ME PAGE 1		8.EPA ID N	0		
. ADDRESS						
NJ .MANIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTED
0125329	Paint, Varnish ,	Flam. Liq.	11550	Lbs.	D001	
11	Paint Studge	None	23600	**	F017	
0125500	II	**	11900	11	. 11	
11	Methylene Chloride Mixt.	ORMA	8800	Ħ	D001	
H	Perchloroethylene Mixt.	tt.	5400	11	11	
n '	Trichloroethylene Mixt.	11	7200	**	l†	
11	Flam. Liq. NOS	Flam. Liq.	3000	11	11	

PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.

GENERATOR'S ANNU... REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1982

GENERATOR'S N	AME Western Electric Co.		2.EPA ID N	o. <u>NJ</u> E	002139053	
.ADDRESS 100	Central Avenue, Kearny, N.J. 070)32	<u> </u>	'e Lephone	Number (201) 465-	-5445
.TRANSPORTER'S	NAM		5.EPA ID N	o. MDD	000797373	•
. ADDRESS						
.FACILITY'S			8.EPA ID N	o. MDD	000797365	
ADDRESS		161				
NJ MANIFEST NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	DOT HAZ.CLASS	QUANTITY	UNITS	EPA WASTE TYPE	REJECTED
∪104153	Metal Hydroxide Sludge	ORME	8	Tons	F006	
01043.55	11	11	13			
0104156	!!	11	9	11	t t	
0104157	tt	**	10	11	11	
0104158	н	**	10	11	11	
0104159	11	11	10	11	tt	
-104160	H	11	10	11	11	
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0125330	н	11	8	**	11	

⁻ PLACE AN "*" UNDER THE REJECTED COLUMN FOR THOSE MANIFESTS REJECTED BY FACILITY.



Kearny Works

100 Central Avenue Kearny NU 07032 201 465-4000

March 28, 1983

MR. FRANK COOLICK, Thief
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Hazardous Waste Engineering
32 E. Hanover Street
Trenton. N.J. 08625

Re: 1982 TSD Facility Annual Peport

Dear Mr. Jooliok:

This is in reply to your letters of 2.16783 requesting a TSD Annual Report by 3.1.83 and 2.25783 granting a 30 day extention) regarding the subject report.

As directed in the correspondence, enclosed are two 2 copies of the report. If any additional information is required, contact thris Tranchetti on 201/46545445.

Wery truly yours,

300:518Y680320:sr

Enc. 2

3 0 1984

T. CHIMCHSKI, Department Chief

Environmental & Safety Engineering

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Group: Aylene

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Clear sample, gather yellow to cates 5.9 82 1.46 100 1007 1.47 1001 10.877 275 1.44 1002 1003 10.874 275 1.44 1005 10.874 275 1.44 10.75 10.874 275 1.44 10.75 10.875	·. 3		; =	16	2.91		700	0.877	æ	<u>-</u>	
Garden yellow, allogaty turbed 5.9 82 2.00 2.00 0.875 275 1.4 Garden yellow, allogaty turbed 5.9 81 2.26 2.25 00 2.00 2.00 1.4 Garden yellow, allogaty turbed 5.9 81 2.26 2.25 00 2.00 <th>Ē</th> <td>- Clear sample, golden yellow in color</td> <td>₹ -</td> <td>¥</td> <td>- #</td> <td></td> <td>- 8</td> <td>7/8 8</td> <td>G.</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Ē	- Clear sample, golden yellow in color	₹ -	¥	- #		- 8	7/8 8	G.		
tarden yellow, slightly furbid 5.9 82 2.00 2.00 00b 0.879 795 1.4 (adden yellow, alightly furbid 5.9 81 2.26 2.25 007 0.878 795 (adden yellow, alightly furbid 5.9 81 2.26 2.25 007 0.878 795 (adden yellow, alightly furbid 5.9 79 7.10 007 0.878 795 007 0.878 795 007 0.878 0.975	ŝ	to before per Dowe, week cate by teatert	=	Ė	- 200	;; -	i e	0 87.	Ę	7.1	
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ATTACHMENT 111

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WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.

1982 HAZARDOOS WASTE TRACKING SHEET "A"

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- 0		H	11	50	"	11	Freon	11
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ATTENCHEMENT IV

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.

1982 HAZARO OUS WASTE TRACKING SHEET BE

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	MACTIG			METHOD	NILLIM NOLLV. XXI	OURCOING N.J.		1982 DATE WASTE
	=: -	THINKING.	21.112	95.1	F.W. H.J.T.Y	(IF APPLICABLE)	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	SHIPPED OFF S.
1//1	1001	1000	၁	201	*	7515700	Trichloroethylene Mixt.	2/18
1/6	=	2300	=	-	=	0075154 &	Xylene	1/21 &
				-		3617/00		2/4
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1/3	=	1350	=	=	=	007515	Frichloroethylene Mixt.	2/18
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						7212700		2/18
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						25115010		4/15
9.71	=	2,5	=	:	=	9.19.00	Хувене	9/c
7.7	=	000	=	:	=	0104151	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2/25
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*HAZ. WE	Maz. Waste Storage A	li ea						

### WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.

## 1982 HAZARIXOIS WASTE TRACKING SHEET "B"

<u>2</u> of <u>4</u>

1982 DATE WASTE SHIPPED OFF	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	OUTCOING N.J. MANIFEST ↓ (1F APPLICABLE)	FACILITY WITHIN IXXXTION	METHOD OF TSD	, UNITS .	ÖOMALLLA	HAZARDOUS WASTE 1D	1982 DATE 
4/15	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	0104152	*	soi	G	500	1001	3/3
6/24	Sonic Solve Mixt.	0104161	"	"		300	- "	3/5
7/8	Paint Studge	010/1162	11	"	11	300	F017	3/9
4/15	Varnish	0104152		11	11	500	1001	3/12
8/12	Paint Sludge	0125323	."	11	11	350	F017	3/15
6/24	Methylene Chloride Mixt.	0104161	11	11	ti	500	DOOL	3/17
8/12	Paint Studge	0125323	ti .	11	11	400	F017	3/22
6/24	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	0104161	ti	11	11	300	DOOL	37.25
7/8	Methylene Chloride Mixt	0104162	*1	11	#1	200	11	37.76
8/12	Paint Studge	01.45323	11	11	11	Gen	16017	1/30
6724	Perchloroethylene Mixt.	Calenalti	"	,	۶.		Lead	1,7,1
1	Mathylene Chloride Mixt	4 1 1						476
1	Trachforocthylene Mixt.	11 1111						4.1.
8/12 &	Parnt Sludge	01 5373 &	.,			·•	1.07	4.1.
8/19		01. 5500						
6/24	Varsot	0104161		11	11	400	D001	4/15
8/19	Paint Sludge	0125500	11	11	11	500	F017	4/19
4	411 11	11	"	"	11	600	0	4/26
8/12	Methylene Chloride Mixt.	0125323	"	"	) <del> </del>	600	D001	4/29
9/19 &	Paint Sludge	0125500 &		"	ш	700	F017	5/4
· · /10	,	0125324						
	Perchloroethylene Mixt.	0104161	"	"	li .	350	1001	5/1
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9/10	Paint Studge	0125324	"	"	11	700	F017	11
11	11 11	H .	11		11	750	11	5/17
8/19	Perchloroethylene Mixt.	0125500	"	''	ti .	450	b001	5/20
. •	Perchloroethylene Mixt	0125500	"	"	ti		1001	

### WESTERN ELECTRIC CO. 1982 HAZARDOUS WASTE TRACKING SHEET "B"

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1982 MTE	TEACH STANDIS	ÖnVALTLÄ	UNITS	METHOD OF TSD	EVCITITA MILHIN TYXALION	OUTCOING N.J. MANTEEST ↓ (IF APPLICABLE)	DESCRIPTION OF WASTE	1982 DATE WASTE SHIPPED OFF-
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6/2	1001	750	II .	**	"	0125323	Methylene Chloride Mixt	8/12
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6/14	11	650	"	"	u.	11		11
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						0125324		9/10
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7/27	**	600	"	"	11	<b>11</b>	. "	11
8/2	"	800	" `	"	"	II.	u ' u	11
*1	1001	50	**	"	11	0125324	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	9/10
8/6	11	600	11	11	"	11	Varnish	11
8/9	F017	700	**	**	11	0125326	Paint Studge	11/4
8/11	1001	200	11	11		0125324	Xylene	9/10
8/13	"	1,00	11	u .	**	11	Phóto Resist	11
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8/24	F017	700	"	"	11	0125326 &	Paint Sludge	11/4 &
						0125327	,	11/11
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# MESLERI ELECTRIC CO.

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1982 HAZARKOUS WASTE TRACKING SHEEF "B"

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1982 SUPPRINCE PATERTAL RECEIVED & STORED

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069	$O^{C_1^{\dagger}_1}$	Sonic Solve Mixt.		
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0515	0066	Perchloroethylene Mixt.		
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REMONED (IN CVETONS)	HECETAED SLORVCE OLK	DESCRIBLION OF WASTE	WVNTEESL NO 12 NEM DEIGREK	CEMERVALOR

MR. M. S. KIRWAN - 83460

Re: Disposal Routine for Spent Mickel Solution

The attempt to reclaim the spent nickel solution proved unsuccessful. The attached letter, dated 5/13/83, details the reason why.

Since reclamation is out, please follow this alternate disposal routine. Place the 1000 gallons into twenty 55 gallon closed-top steel drums. If the pH is 4 or more acetic, plastic inner liners are required. Label each drum, identifying the waste and using shop section number, and ship it to the Hazardous Waste Cuside Storage Area (OP) on a flat bed trailer. Final disposition will be accomplished at that end.

GCT:30320:sr

J. T. CHIKOWSKI - 8032

Att.

Copy to:

A. Messano - 22157 A. Basile - 80320

7

### Western Electric

Corporate Engineering

222 Broadway New York N.Y. 10038 212 669-2345

JUL 1 2 1983

MR. J. KREITZ Engineering Manager

Kearny Works

Re: Waste Treatment Plant and RCRA/PCB Surveys

Attached for your information are two (2) Memoranda; one on our waste treatment plant survey and the other on our RCRA/PCB survey, both prepared by Mr. E. T. Lee of my organization.

Mr. Lee was extremely well pleased with the operation and maintenance of your waste treatment plant. Except for a couple of minor comments about the hazardous waste storage facility, your RCRA/PCB program is also considered satisfactory.

We appreciate the assistance provided to Mr. Lee by your staff during the surveys.

Energy and Environmental

Engineering Manager

Att.

### MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: RORA/PCB Survey at the Kearny Works

On June 20 and 23, 1983, I conducted a RORA/PCB survey at the Kearny Works. Messrs. Bruce Rapp, Chris Tranchetti, and Angelo Basile hosted the tour and provided assistance during the survey. Last onsite survey was conducted in October 27, 1981.

### RCPA Compliance Survey

The following categories of hazardous waste are managed under ROFA:

Paint sludge

Chlorinated Solvents - methylene chloride, perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, etc.

Fluorinated Solvents - variety of Freens

Flammable Solvents - MER, Varsol, xylene, acetone, alcohols, etc.

Varnishes

Miscellaneous Corrosives

Cyanide Sludge

Waste Oil

All these wastes except waste oil are manifested. Waste oil has been listed as hazardous waste by New Jersey D.E.P. effective January 17, 1983, but manifesting is exempted for generators who produce less than 1991 gallons per month (see attached New Jersey Register).

1. Manifest - Kearny Works is in compliance with both the

- Containers The containers observed in the storage area were in good condition with proper DOT and EPA hazardous waste labels.
- 3. Written Inspection Plan The storage area is inspected daily for leaking and rusting containers and the security of the gate and drain system as indicated by the attached Storage Area Inspection Record sheet. Also maintained is a daily Storage Tracking Record. Both records were modeled from the information provided by the NJ DEP for the TSD (Transport, Storage and Disposal of Hazardous Waste) annual report requirements.

- 4. Contingency Plans A type written plan was available with emergency coordinators designated.
- 5. Additional Records No exception reports have been filed to date. Test results on waste analysis performed annually are kept on record. No incident reports have been filed.
- 6. Storage Facilities The storage area, a 135'  $\times$  85' asphalt pad, is open to weather and fenced in with an 8' chair link fence. The enclosure is secured by a lock and clearly identified as a hazardous waste storage area by a large warning sign. There is telephone service about 250 feet away. Fire extinguishers had been ordered but not yet installed. See attached Job Request originated by Mr. Tranchetti, dated October 26, 1981.

The storage pad is diked but the curb has valved openings. Some of the valves were left open during the tour. Mr. Tranchetti has asked that these openings be capped. Otherwise, the drainage system for the storage pad, as described in last survey report dated October 27, 1981, meets the applicable RCRA requirements.

### PCB Inspection

The PCB items at Kearny Works include transformers, virgin PCB liquid contained in drums and some rags. The two transformers in outside storage at the south side of Building 170 were removed from premises on September 29, 1982 to Emelle, Alabama, as indicated by the attached disposal documents. There were 11 transformers in service, four outside and seven inside installations. There were ten 30-gallon drums and two partial drums of virgin PCB liquid stored in Building 25 on the 5th floor. This new PCB drum storage area is above the 100 year flood level. The area was locked and was not inspected because the key could not be located. According to Mr. Rapp, the 30-gallon drums are stacked in pairs within a 80-gallon drum which serves as diked area. He also stated that all the drums are properly labelled.

The PCB transformers were toured and were found properly labelled with mark " $M_T$ ". Annual PCB summary and quarterly inspection records were reviewed and found to be satisfactory. In summary, the PCB program was in compliance with applicable TSCA regulations.

Sin 1 Le

E. T. LEE Senior Engineer

### MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: Waste Treatment Plant Survey at the Kearny Works

On June 21 and 23, 1983, I conducted a waste treatment plant (WTP) survey at the Kearny Works. Messrs. Angelo Basile, Bill McComb, and Felix Sanchez rovided assistance during the survey. The last survey was conducted curing October of 1981.

### General

The WTP is operated one shift, five days a week, treating about 120,000 gallons of wastewater per day. This flow is double the volume observed during our last survey. The plant is very well maintained and operated by two licensed operators and a helper. Both the control room and the downstairs pump room were in immaculate condition. Pump maintenance and repair are done by the operators. Instrumentation work is performed by a contractor. The clarifier effluent was crystal clear. A stable, well defined sludge bed was visible under three to four feet of sparkling clear supernatant.

### Chrome Treatment

The sulfur dioxide residual is usually maintained at 30 to 40 ppm by a pH set point of 2.4 and an ORP set point of 240^{MV}. This higher sulfur dioxide residual is maintained due to the presence of hexavalent chrome in the cyanide waste. In the rapid mix tank where the pretreated cyanide and the pretreated chrome are mixed, the excess sulfur dioxide is put to use to destroy the hexavalent chrome from the cyanide waste. The pH in the influent chamber of the rapid mix tank is kept below 4.0 to allow the chrome reduction to take place.

### Cyanide Treatment

A chlorine residual of 4-6 ppm is normally maintained in the pretreated cyanide effluent by the following pH and ORP set points:

	<u>рН</u>	ORP, mv
1st Stage	10.	420
2nd Stage	8.	600

Cyanide destruction under these conditions is reported to be effective.

### Acid-Alkali Neutralization

Currently, pH adjustment in the acid-alkali neutralization system is not performed, the wastewater simply flows through the system. This is done, as mentioned before, to create a low pH (less than 4.0) condition in the influent chamber of the rapid mix tank to facilitate the reduction of any hexavalent chrome that might be present in the cyanide waste.

pH adjustment for the acid-alkali and pretreated chrome and cyanide is performed in one step in the main compartment of the rapid mix tank. The pH is controlled at a set point of 8.7. The pH leaving the rapid mix tank was recorded at  $8.7 \pm 0.3$  during the survey. Further examination of previous recording charts showed similar results. This is considered very satisfactory for one step pH control.

### Solid Removal

A well defined sludge blanket formed by large size floc was clearly visible three feet below the water surface. A sample taken from the clarifier effluent showed no visible suspended solids, it was crystal clear. Mr. McComb reported that this kind of performance has been achieved consistently since the printed wiring board operation was discontinued in 1981.

The coagulant aid dosage and the blow-off schedule are adjusted according to the condition of the floc formation and the thickness of the sludge blanket. During the survey, the coagulant aid, Calgon WT-2700, was added in the clarifier center well at about 5 ppm. The sludge blow-off schedule was set at 45 seconds per 45 minutes.

### Effluent Quality

The following National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit conditions are in effect:

Oil and grease (mg/l)	10	Ni Soluable (mg/l)	1.0
TSS (mg/l)	10	Lead Total (mg/l)	1.0
Cr Total (mg/l)	0.25	Lead Soluable (mg/l)	0.05
Cr ⁺⁶ (mg/1)	0.05	Iron Total (mg/l)	1.5
Cu Total (mg/l)	1.0	Iron Soluable (mg/l)	0.5
Cu Soluable (mg/l)	0.2	Cyanide Oxidizable (mg/l)	0.03
Ni Total (mg/1)	2.0	pH (units)	6.0 - 9.0
Ni Total (mg/l)	2.0		

These limits are considered quite stringent. The WTP effluent has been in total compliance with the above limits since last survey in October, 1981.

### Sludge Dewatering

The vacuum filter currently runs about twice a week. It consumes 900 lbs. (18 50 lb. bags) of perlite material to precoat each time and dewaters 15 - 20,000 gallons of sludge and generates 8,000 to 10,000 lbs. of filter cake. Every 7 to 10 days the filter cake fills a truck load of 10 tons. Each truck load of the filter cake which contains about 20% solids (17% - 22%), is analyzed for EP toxicity before shipment. If it is

### Pump Room

The pump room was in immaculate condition. Equipment was very well painted. According to the operators, broken equipment is quickly repaired as soon as the parts are available.

The two epoxy floor coating tears reported in the last survey were repaired.

### MPDES Permit

The last NPDES permit was to expire on June 30, 1981. A permit renewal application was filed in December, 1980. A new permit has not been issued. The permit conditions set forth in the last permit are still in effect.

A Compliance Monitoring Inspection of the Kearny WTP was conducted by the N.J. DEP on March 3, 1983. The facility was rated as Acceptable out of a possible rating of Acceptable, Conditional Acceptable, or Unacceptable.

### Conclusion

The Kearny WTP is very well maintained and operated. The discharge has been in total compliance with permit conditions for nearly two years. The immaculate condition of the facility should be highly commended.

L. F. Ambus for

### NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITY ANNUAL REPORT - PART I

	CALENDAR FEAR COVERED 1983
2.	FACILITY'S NAME HT. AT. TECHNOLIGIES, INC.
3.	EPA 10 NO. NJD CO2139053
4.	MAILING ADDRESS ICC CENTRAL AVE KEARNY NEW VERSEY 07037
5.	STREET ADDRESS OF FACILITY ICO CONTRALAVE.  KEARNY NEW VERSEY 07032
6.	FACILITY CONTACT G. C. TRANCHETTI PHONE NUMBER (201) 465-5445
	CLOSURE COST ESTIMATE \$ 74,000
а.	POST-CLOSURE COST ESTIMATE (if applicable) \$ NOT APPLICABLE
9.	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT
	"I certify under panalty of law that I have personally examined and am familar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties under N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq. for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment".
	R.R. WAHLBERG Signature Date
10.	In addition to the information required above and that required in Part II of this report, please submit the following required items: (where applicable)
	A. A copy of the facility's typical waste analysis form. (INCLUDED)  B. A copy of the facility's typical daily inspection form. (INCLUDED)  C. A copy of the typical notice to a generator, required under N.J.A.C. 7:26-9.4(a); and a listing of all generators who received this notice (only for commercial facilities). (N/A)
	<ul> <li>A listing of all waste shipments rejected, according to mar feet number and an explanation for each rejected shipment (only for commercial facilities).</li> <li>A listing of all manifest discrepancies and an explanation of each discrepancy only for commercial facilities) (N/A)</li> <li>A listing of the total quantity of each waste type treated, stored, or disposed</li> </ul>

of at the facility. This listing shall include all mazardous waste accepted at the hazardous waste facility, including all on-site generated hazardous waste. isting of the total quantities of each waste type consigned to each treatment. storage, or disposal process used at the facility. This listing shall include all nazardous waste accepted at the hazardous waste facility, including all

-. A report covering all incidents that required implementing the contingence

on-site generated hazardous waste. (NOHEREGO SAMEAS F'

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13. GENERATOR ADDRESS 100 CENTR	ALAVE			
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.4. GENERATOR EPA ID # NJD CC 2	213905	3		
15. WASTE IDENTIFICATION				
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G. FLAM. LIG. NOS (THINNERS)	DOOL	11	7200	) (
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ade 7	2 of <u>2</u>					

### Western Electric

Morton 1. Zeidman Attorney 222 Broadway New York N Y 10038 212 669 2510

December 7, 1983

MR. JOE SCHMIDT
Office of Regulatory Services
NJ Department of Environmental
Protection
CN 402
Trenton, NJ

Re: Western Electric Co., Inc. - Kearny Works 100 Central Ave., Kearny, NJ 07032

Dear Mr. Schmidt:

On January 27, 1983, the Western Electric Company announced plans to close its Kearny, NJ, manufacturing facility. The closing will occur in stages over several years. Subsequent to the announcement, the New Jersey Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (ECRA) was passed requiring an industrial establishment to notify the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) of its decision to close a facility. The act becomes operative on December 31, 1983, and Western Electric, if subject to the provisions of ECRA, would be required to notify the DEP prior to December 31, 1983.

Section 3F of ECRA provides in part, "Those facilities or parts of facilities subject to operational closure and post closure maintenance requirements pursuant to the 'Solid Waste Management Act,' P.L. 1970, C. 39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the 'Major Hazardous Waste Facilities Siting Act,' P.L. 1981, C. 279 (C.13:1E-49 et seq.) or the 'Solid Waste Disposal Act' (42 U.S.C. Sec. 6901, et seq.)... shall not be considered industrial establishments for the purposes of this act."

¹ A copy of the announcement is attached.

During our discussion on November 30, 1983, Chris Tranchetti and I informed you that the Kearny facility contained a waste water treatment plant and storage facility which are subject to the closure and post closure requirements of the statutes specified in Sec. 3F above. We asked you whether the Kearny Works is subject to the ECRA since the waste water treatment facility and storage facility would require closure and post closure maintenance, pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act or the Solid Waste Management Act (statutes).

You determined that the Kearny Works would not be subject to the provisions of ECRA since the waste treatment and storage facility are subject to closure and post closure maintenance requirements and consequently the Kearny Works would be subject to the closure and post closure requirements of the "statutes."

Based on your determination, Western is not required to notify the DEP of its decision to close the Kearny Works (although such intification is contained in this letter) or to submit a negative declaration or cleanup plan pursuant to ECFA.

If the above properly is tribes the determination made by you in our converse; nof November 30, 1983, I would appreciate you indicating your concurrence on the bottom of this letter as a secturning same to me.

Very truly yours,

² Pursuant to the "statutes," Western Electric has furnished the DEP with a letter of credit covering the closure costs of the waste treatment plant and storage facility and a cleanup plan for such facilities.

100 Central Avenue Kearny, N. J. 07032 201-465-4000

FEB 2 1984

Manifest Section N. J. Dep. Division of Waste Management Bureau of Hazardous Waste Classification & Manifest 32 East Hanover Street Trenton, New Jersey 08625

Re: Generator's Annual Report

Gentlemen:

In response to Mr. D. J. Leu's request of December 15, 1983, attached is the AT&T Technologies, Inc. (formerly Western Electric Co.), Kearny Works Hazardous Waste Generator's Annual Report for 1983. If you have any questions, either contact me on the telephone number listed in the report, or Chris Tranchetti on (201 -65-5445.

70T:23310:rda

Yours truly,

Att:

Environmental Engineering

# Department of Environmental Protection Division of Waste Management Bureau of Hazardous Waste Classification and Manifest

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City	County	State	Zip
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(201) Emergency Phone	465-5555 (PC	ANT PROTECTION)	
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NEW DERSEY DEPARTHENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROFECTION,"
BUREAU OF HAZARDOUS WASTE
GENERATOR'S ANNUAL REPORT
FOR YEAR OF 1903

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NEW JERSEY DEPARTHENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF UAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR'S ANNUAL REPORT

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NEW JEHSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERALOR'S ANNUAL REPORT FUR YEAR OF 1983 1. GENERATURYS NAME A TAT VECHNOLOGIES LYCL (WESTERN ELECTRIC CO) 2. FPA 10 NO. NJD CORTAGOES

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NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION." BUREAU OF HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERALOR'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1943

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### NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIONS BUREAU OF HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR YEAR OF 1983

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### HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT GUIDELINE NO. 9

### Underground Bulk Hazardous Material Storage Tanks and Piping

This guideline contains recommendations for installation and testing of underground tanks and piping used for hazardous materials and wastes to minimize the possibility of groundwater and aquifer contamination due to undetected leakage. It is assumed that procedures and facilities to deal with leakage from above ground tanks and piping are already adequately covered in the location's Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC), Pollution Incident Prevention Plan (PIPP) and/or Emergency Response Plan.

Refer any questions or comments to S.K. Rempner, CORNET 8-222-3573 or W.S. Boyhan, CORNET 8-222-4149.

The following recommendations apply to all underground tanks and piping systems, and above ground tanks mounted directly on non-impervious bases, that contain hazardous materials. This includes storage tanks for virgin and waste materials, and spill tanks (PIPP tanks). Fiping includes all pipes directly associated with tanks such as fill, pumpout and vent piping as well as transfer, drain and sampling lines not necessarily associated with a buried tank.

The term "hazardous material" used in this guideline means all substances which would be considered a pollutant if discharged to an aquifer or waterway. This includes both virgin and waste solvents, gasoline, fuel oil, plating chemicals, acids, caustic, etc.

### SIGNIFICANT FACTORS

This guideline provides only an overview of the problem of groundwater protection. The actual action to be taken must be determined locally on a case-by-case basis for each tank or piping system. The following factors must be considered before such a determination can be made:

- Tank Capacity the larger the tank, the greater the risk.
- 2. Substance Stored Chlorinated solvents, gasoline, benzene or cyanides are of far greater concern than ethanol or acetone. Deionized water would probably be of no concern.
- J. Age of Tank

- 4. Materials of construction of tank and piping, presence of protective inner and/or outer coatings, cathodic protection, sacrificial anodes, electrical isolation, secondary containment, etc.
- Use of expansion joints in piping (to reduce stresses on piping and nozzles), double wall piping, impervious trenches, etc.
- Soil resistivity, groundwater level and other conditions which would contribute to corrosion.
- 7. Proximity to Aquifer.
- 8. Class of Aquifer:
  - Class I Drinking water supply that is vulnerable, irreplacible or supplies a unique habitat.

    Class II Current or potential drinking water supply.
  - Class III Unsuitable for drinking water or other uses.
- 9. Geological nature of the area.
- History of pollution incidents experienced by Location.
- History of pollution incidents experienced by others in the area.
- 12. Federal, state and local regulations.

### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

- Secondary Containment, with continuous monitoring of the volume between containers:
  - a) Double wall tank and piping.
  - b) Concrete vault.
  - c) Membrane lining of excavation.
- Periodic Leakage Testing (At least annually) of both tanks and piping.
  - a) Leak Lokator
  - b) Petro-Tite
  - c) Horner (Western U.S. only)
- Inventory balancing (Input [Output + Accumulation] = Leakage), by establishing a daily transfer record and inventory, with a weekly balancing procedure.
- Leakage detection by periodic sampling and testing of monitoring or test wells
- 5. Groundwater monitoring.

### SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

- Gasoline Storage Tanks and Associated Piping We do not recommend on-premises gasoline storage unless absolutely necessary for the efficient operation of the location. Unnecessary tanks should be removed.
  - If on-premises storage of gasoline is necessary:
  - a) All new installations of tanks and piping should provide secondary containment with continuous monitoring of the volume between the two containers
  - b) Existing tanks should be considered for replacement, depending upon corrosivity of the local soil, use of protective coatings, cathodic protection and other specific factors which will affect the ultimate life of the tank and piping. Under any circumstances, tanks older than twenty years should be replaced by December 31, 1986.
- All New Tanks and Associated Figing Unless buried storage is required by law, or above ground storage is impractical, we strongly recommend above ground installation of all storage tanks, with adequate provisions to contain leakage from both tanks and associated piping.

If underground installation is required, the tanks should be provided with secondary containment and continuous monitoring of the volume between containers, or with a highly reliable leak detection system and annual leak testing.

All Existing Buried Tanks and Associated Piping - Consideration should be given to the elimination of buried tanks unless provided with secondary containment and continuous monitoring of the volume between the two containers, or with a highly reliable leak detection system and annual leak testing.

Remove any tanks taken out of service.

For all buried tanks in service, establish a daily transfer record and inventory, with a weekly balancing procedure. If the tanks are ten years or older, perform leak tests annually, unless regulations require earlier or more frequent testing.

NOTE: Annual leak testing and inventory balancing are not necessary for tanks provided with double containment and continuous monitoring of the volume between containers, unless required by regulations. These functions are automatically provided as a consequence of continuous monitoring.

### SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS (Concluded)

Buried Transfer. Spill and Drain Piping - Based upon recent surveys, buried piping is more likely to be a source of leakage than buried tanks. Because of the wide variety of circumstances associated with piping it is difficult to provide definite recommendations. Each location should review all buried pipe installations and provide a case-by-case determination of the work necessary to prevent or promptly detect leakage. All modifications should be scheduled to be completed by December 31, 1988, unless regulations require faster action.

Kearny Works

100 Central Avenue Kearny NJ 07032 201 465-4000

FEB 27 1985

Manifest Section N. J. Dep. Division of Waste Management Bureau of Hazardous Waste Classification & Manifest 32 East Hanover Street Trenton, New Jersey 38625

Re: Generator's Annual Report

Gentlemen:

In Response to Mancy Power's request of January 26, 1984, attached is the AT&T Technologies, Inc. (formerly Western Electric Co.), Kearny Works Hazardous Waste Generator's Annual Report for 1984. If you have any questions, contact Chris Tranchetti on (201) 465-5445.

GCT:23310:amk

Yours truly,

Att:

R. R. WAHLSERG, Department Chief Environmental Engineering

# NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATOR ANNUAL REPORT 1984

I.	EPA ID Number:
II.	Generator Name:  AT&T Technologies, Inc.
III.	Check here if there was no hazardous waste manifested during the report year.
III B.	Check here if the company is considered a small quantity generator.
ıv.	Chris Tranchetti Contact Person:
v.	Phone Number: 1- (201) 465-5445
VI.	Annual total of waste generated (Attachment)
VII.	Company information verification (Attachment)
VIII.	Certification
	I certify that the information given in this annual report is true accurate and complete.
	R. R. WAHLBERG (lecquilles 2/27/65
	(Print or type name) (Signature) (Date)

Part VI.

# NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MANIFEST SECTION GENERATOR ANNUAL REPORT 1984

1.	Generator Name:	AT&T Technologies, Inc. EPA	A ID No.	002139053	
	Site Address:	100 Central Avenue, Kearny,	, New Jer	sey 07032	
2.	Transporter Nam		. ID No.	NYD080336241	
3.	TSD Facility Na		. ID No.	NYD080336241	
	TSDF Address:	·			
4.	Waste Information	<b>:</b>			
	Waste Type	Waste Description	DOT Haz Class		Units
	F006	Metal Hydroxide Sl.:>	0RM <b>-E</b> MA9189		Tons

NOTE: For each combination of transporter and TSD facility, list the total quantity manifested for each waste type.

# NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MANIFEST SECTION GENERATOR ANNUAL REPORT 1984

1.	Generator Name:	AT&T Technologies, Inc. EPA ID	No.	002139053
	Site Address:	100 Central Avenue, Kearny, New	35 W E.	
2.	Transporter N	מי:	No.	ALD000622464
3.	TSD Facility:		<b>).</b>	ALD000622464
	TSDF Address:	P. O. B.	⁻ 9	

### 4. Waste Information:

Waste Type	Waste Description	DOT Haz Class	Total Ouantity	Units
D001	Perchloroethylene Mixture	ORM-A	38,500	Lbs.
N9X300	Paint Slud <b>ge</b>	None	227,600	Lbs.
D001	Flam. Liq. N.O.S. (Varsol)	Flam. Liq.	6,723	Lbs.
2001	Acetone	Flam. Liq.	. 722	Lbs.
D001	Flam. Liq. N.O.S. (Thirners)	Flam. Liq.	. 3,000	Lbs.
2001	Trichloroethylene Mixture	ORM-A	21,100	Lbs.
2001	Paint, Varnish	Flam. Liq.	. 48,900	Lbs.
None	Glycerine	None	2,000	Lbs.
D001	Haz. Waste, Solid, N.O.S.	ORM-E	8,100	Lbs.
D002	Corrosive Liq., N.O.S.	Corrosive	4,800	Lbs.

NOTE: For each combination of transporter and TSD facility, list the total quantity manifested for each waste type.

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Page		of	

# NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MANIFEST SECTION GENERATOR ANNUAL REPORT 1984

1.	Generator Name:	AT&T Technologies, Inc.	EPA ID No.	002139053	
	Site Address:	100 Central Avenue, Kearr	ny, New Jersey	07032	
2.	Transporter Na		A ID No.	JD980536577	
3.	TSD Facility F		No. <u>N</u>	JJD980536577	<del></del>
	TSDF Address:		Jersey	08105	
4.	Waste Information	ı;			
	Waste Type	Waste Description	DOT Haz Class	Total Ouantity	Units
	NJX726	Waste Oil N.O.S.	Combustible	12450	Cals.

NOTE: For each combination of transporter and TSD facility, list the total quantity manifested for each waste type.

EPA IU:	1200011	771177		
COMPANY NAME:	WESTERN	ELECTRIC CO.	INC.	AT&T Technologies, Inc.
SITE ADDRESS				
SITE STREET: SITE CITY: SITE STATE: SITE ZIP:	100 CEN KEAKNY NJ 07032	THAL AVENUE		
MAILING ADURESS				
MAIL STREET: MAIL CITY: MAIL ZIP:	07032			
GENERAL INFURMATI	CN			
CONTACT NAME: PHUNE NUMBER:	201-465	-5454		Chris Tranchetti
COUNTY: LATITUDE: LUNGITUDE:	Hous		404330 740450	
SIC CODE: COMPANY TYPE:	3001 6EN-	TSDF-		

(d)

## MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

Re: New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) Permit Renewal Conference at Kearny on May 21, 1985.

On May 21, 1985, at approximately 10:00 a.m., Herb Juppe and I met with three (3) New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP), Division of Water Resources representatives (Flavian Stellerine - NJDEP, Barry Langer - SAIC, and Yasmin Alilhai - SAIC. Business cards for all attached).

The purpose of the meeting was to determine if Kearny is required to renew it's NJPDES permit. Summarily, we are not. The associated details which led to this determination follows.

Mr. Stellerine outlined the State's position. Kearny has submitted it's 5-year permit renewal to the Federal EPA in 1980. Subsequent to that time, the NJDEP took over the permitting and enforcement effort—and—the State honored our Federal renewal as though it were submitted to New Jersey. Officially, Kearny had no definitive permit termination date, but the State was performing an orderly renewal investigation of all permittees and it was our turn. Hence, the reason for their visit.

A brief review of Kearny's permit followed. I identified that there were six outfalls, four of which(outfall numbers 003 through 006) were storm sewer outfalls into which we fed AC, drainage systems, water sumps and water fountain effluent. Outfall number 001 was the Powerhouse discharge point, from which cooling water effluent emanates. Outfall number 002 was the Waste Treatment Plant, from which the treated Plating Shop effluent emanates. The State reviewed a copy of an NJDEP 4/26/85 Compliance Evaluation Inspection from which we received an "Acceptable" (the highest available) rating. I furnished a copy of the Kearny Works Plot Plan with all six discharge locations shown. The State representatives also reviewed a copy of the Storm Sewer System Plot Plan to satisfactorily confirm the recently passed legislation regarding permitting of Parking Lot storm sewer outfalls.

I further pointed out that Union Minerals was purchasing the property around the end of June and identified the anticipated ECRA, completion of cleaning up the Plating Shop and Waste Treatment Plant as late July. Herb Juppe added that the Powerhouse would cease operations at the end of June. Mr. Stellerine and his colleques were completely satisfied with the information conveyed. He stated that permit renewal was not required in light of the above information. He indicated that termination of the permit was in order and that the proper vehicle to do this was an "Affidavit of Exemption" (copy attached). He added that, because the Waste Treatment Plant would be operating after the sale was consumated, we should contact the following person to confirm the technique of applying for the exemption.

Mr. Herman Adelman NJDEP Division of Water Resources Bureau of Permits Administration (609) 984-4428 Mr Stellerine then requested a tour of the Waste Treatment Plant, the Powerhouse, and the four storm sewer outfalls so his group could write a final report on our permit, a copy of which we would receive. Herb Juppe left the meeting and I escorted the NJDEP group on the tour.

We finished at approximately 12:30 p.m., at which time the NJDEP left, after expressing their satisfaction and approval of Kearny's application of it's NJPDES permit.

GCT:23310:amk

El Franchetti-G.C. Tranchetti, CSP

Att: Business Cards

Affidavit of Exemption

Copy to:

R. R. Butterfield, Jr. - 54KY1
R. Bondani - 23000
H. L. Juppe - 23420

13 14 136

Copy to: Bill Knowl Show I pusoka N.J.D.E.P. - WATER RESOURCES DIV. - WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT ELEMENT CATEGORY B FEF DEVELOPMENT - LOADINGS OF ALL NUMERICALLY LIMITED PARMS SORTED BY PIPE. BY PARM WITHIN EACH NJPDES FACILITY

NUPDES : 0020443

FOLBROS - REPERT

FACILITY : WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY AT &T TECHNOLOGIES

PIPE 001	PARM. NO. 340 530 1034 1092	PARAMETER DESCRIPTION  CHEM. OXYGEN DEMAND (C SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. TO CHROMIUM. TOTAL (A	CCD) CTAL (TSS) AS CR)		•0000 •0000 •0000	KG/DAY	1983 SOURCE ATAT CODE 530.5 90.42 N/A	SOURC! - UN: - UN: - UN:
002	530 556 722 1032 1034 1040 1042 1045 1046 1046 1067	OIL AND GREASE CYANIDE, FREE CHROMIUM, HEX-VAL CHROMIUM, TOTAL CCPPER, DISSOLVED COPPER, TOTAL IRON, TOTAL IRON, TOTAL IRON, DISSOLVED LEAD, DISSOLVED LEAD, TOTAL NICKEL, DISSOLVED (A	AS CU) AS CU) AS FE)	ET)	.5224 .0055 .0055 .0055 .0145 .0255 .0227	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	.5475A .0027 A .0047 A .0047 A .0235A .0195A .0195A	DMR REDMR REDMR REDMR REDMR REDDMR RE
903	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND (C SOLIDS: SUSPENDED: TO CIL AND GPEASE (F	COD) OTAL (TSS) EREON EXT-GRAV MI	ET)	.0386 .0114 .0023	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	10124 A	DMR REDMR PE
T.	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND (C SCLIDS, SUSPENDED, TO DIL AND GREASE (F	COD) DTAL (TSS) FREON EXT-GRAV M	ET )	.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	С С С	CONC.
<b>905</b>	349 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND (C SOLIDS: SUSPENDED: TO OIL AND GREASE (F	COD) OTAL (TSS) FREON EXT-GRAV ME	ET)	.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	c	CONC. CONC.
506	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND (C SOLIDS, SUSPENDED, TO CIL AND GREASE (F	COD) DTAL (TSS) FREON EXT-GRAV MI	FT)	•0000 •0000 •0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	c c c	CONC. CONC. CONC.

Chris Translutto

ATEGORY B FEF DEVELOPMENT - LOADINGS OF ALL NUMERICALLY LIMITED PARMS SORTED BY PIPE. BY PARM WITHIN EACH NJPDES FACILITY

TY : MESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY AT &T TECHNOLOGIES 02/11/85 PAGE 1

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N.J.D.E.P. - WATER RESOURCES CIV. - WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT ELEMENT CATEGORY B FEE DEVELOPMENT - LOADINGS OF ALL NUMERICALLY LIMITED PARMS SORTED BY PIPE. BY PARM WITHIN EACH NJPDES FACILITY

FOLBROS - REPORT

NUPDES : 0020443

FACILITY: WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY AT AT TECHNOLOGIES

bloE	PARM.	PARAMETER DESCRIPTI	ON		LOACIN	G	UNITS	1983 SOURCE	SOURC
001	340 530 1034 1092	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. CHROMIUM. TOTAL ZINC. TOTAL	(CCD) TCTAL (TSS) (AS CR) (AS ZN)			.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	530.5 90.42 N/A N/A	- UN - UN - UN - UN
002	530 556 722 1032 1034 1040 1042 1045 1046 1049 1051 1067	SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. OIL AND GREASE CYANIDE. FREE CHROMIUM. HEX-VAL CHROMIUM. TOTAL COPPER. DISSOLVED COPPER. TOTAL IRON. TOTAL IRON. TOTAL IRON. DISSOLVED LEAD. DISSOLVED LEAD. TOTAL NICKEL. DISSOLVED NICKEL. TOTAL	(AS CU) (AS CU) (AS EE)		Tage Control of Contro	.0055 .0055 .0055 .0145	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	.5475A .0027 A .0047 A .0047 A .0235A .0195A .0195A	DMR R F R F R P DMR R P DMR R P DMR DMR R P DMR R P DMR R P DMR R P DMR P DMR
903	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS, SUSPENDED, CIL AND GPEASE	TOTAL (TSS)	MET)	•	.0386 .0114 .0023	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	10174 A	DMR R DMR R DMR P
5 5	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SCLIDS, SUSPENDED, DIL AND GREASE	TOTAL (TSS)	MET)		.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	C C	CONC.
905	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. DIL AND GREASE	(COD) TOTAL (TSS) (FREON EXT-GRAV	MET)		.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	C C C	CCNC. CONC.
<b>5</b> 06	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS, SUSPENDED, OIL AND GREASE		NFT)		,0000 ,0000 ,0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	C C	CONC.

Chris Translatti

N.J.D.E.P. - WATER RESOURCES DIV. - WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT ELEMENT

CATEGORY B FEF DEVELOPMENT - LOADINGS OF ALL NUMERICALLY LIMITED PARMS SORTED BY PIPE. BY PARM WITHIN EACH NUPDES FACILITY

02/11/85 - PAGE 1

ITY : MESTERM ELECTRIC COMPANY AT &T TECHNOLOGIES

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N.J.D.E.P. - WATER RESOURCES CIV. - WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT ELEMENT CATEGORY B FEF DEVELOPMENT - LOADINGS OF ALL NUMERICALLY LIMITED PARMS SORTED BY PIPE. BY PARM WITHIN EACH NJPDES FACILITY

NJPDES : 0020443

FOLBROS - REPERT

FACILITY: WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY AT &T TECHNOLOGIES

bloE	PARM.	PARAMETER DESCRIPTION	ON		LOADING	UNITS	1983 SOURCE	SOUR
001	340 530 1034 1092		(AS ZN)		•0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	530.5 90.42 N/A N/A	- U - U - U
CO 2	530 5562 1032 1034 1040 1042 1045 1046 1049 1065 1067	SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. OIL AND GREASE CYANIDE. FREE CHROMIUM. FOTAL CHROMIUM. TOTAL CCPPER. DISSOLVED COPPER. TOTAL IRON. TOTAL IRON. TOTAL IRON. DISSOLVED LEAD. TOTAL NICKEL. DISSOLVED NICKEL. TOTAL	TOTAL (TSS) (FREON EXT-GRAV  (AS CR) (AS CU) (AS CU) (AS CU) (AS FE) (AS FE) (AS PB) (AS PB) (AS NI) (AS NI)	MET)	.0145 .0255 .0227	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	.5475A .0027 A .0047 A .0047 A .0167 A .0175 A .0195 A .0195 A	DMR I
903	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS, SUSPENDED, CIL AND GPEASE	(COD) TOTAL (TSS) (FREON EXT-GRAV	MET)	.0386 .0114 .0023	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	10174 A	DMR F DMR F DMR F
14	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SCLIDS, SUSPENDED, DIL AND GREASE	TOTAL (TSS)	METI	.0000 .0000 .0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	C C	CONC. CONC.
<b>505</b>	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS. SUSPENDED. GIL AND GREASE	(COD) TOTAL (TSS) (FREON EXT-GRAV	MET)	•0000 •0000 •0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	c C	CONC. CONC. CONC.
506	340 530 556	CHEM. DXYGEN DEMAND SOLIDS, SUSPENDED. CIL AND GREASE	(COD) TOTAL (TSS) (FREON EXT-GRAV	MFT )	•0000 •0000 •0000	KG/DAY KG/DAY KG/DAY	C C C	CONC. CONC. CONC.

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Affidavit of Exemption from the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit NJPDES # 0020443

State County			_)ss: _) entral Avenue, Kearny, N.J., being sworn, state
1.	I am	R. B. Butterfield Jr, General (Title and Position)  AT&T Technologies, Inc. Kearny  (Name of Company)	<del></del>
2. 3.	<b>NJPD</b> pas	st 6/30/81, authorized the fol:	facts set forth herein.  ued on 7/1/79, and administratively extended lowing "discharge" of "pollutants" to the y from AT&T Technologies, Inc. Kearny Works.
		(Check appropriat	e type of discharge(s)).
s s L	urfactorial and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a	ce water/Municipal ce water/Industrial ce water/Thermal application of sludge eptage  application/Industrial te residue ill - Industrial/ mercial	Underground Injection - Industrial/Commercial Underground Injection/Domestic Significant Industrial User Individual Subsurface Sewage Disposal - Industrial/Commercial Individual Subsurface Sewage Disposal - Community
	andf pray Ind Spray Verl Ind Ind Kapid Surfs	ill - Municipal Irrigation - lustrial/Commercial Irrigation/Domestic Land Flow - lustrial/Commercial Infiltration - lustrial/Commercial Infiltration Lie Impoundment - lustrial/Commercial Lie Impoundment - Lustrial/Commercial Lie Impoundment/Domestic	Overland Flow/Domestic Rapid Infiltration Surface Impoundment/Domestic Underground Injection/Domestic

These terms are as defined in Section 3 of the New Jersey "Water Pollution Control Act" N.J.S.A. 58:10A-1 et seq. and the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Regulations, N.J.A.C 7:14A-1 et seq.

Signatory must be the person responsible under N.J.A.C. 7:14A-2.4(b).

4.	AT&T Techmologies, Inc., Kearny Works, will no longer be discharging pollutants to the waters of the State as described in No. 3 above, effective on or before December 31, 1985.
5.	is no longer discharging wastes because of the following:
	Facility has been closed Connection to severage authority In-plant recycling Other - describe
6.	I understand that NJPDES permit fees are payable until the date the Department receives this affidavit.
<b>7.</b>	I understand that it is a violation of the "Water Pollution Control Act" N.J.S.A. 58:10A-1 et seq. to discharge pollutants except in conformity with a NJPDES permit and that I may be subject to significant civil/criminal penalties for said violation.
	813 Butter
	(Signature)
	R. B. Butterfield, Jr.
	(Type Name)
Swa	orn to and signed in my presence this 28 day of June, 1955.
	(Signature)
	(Seal)
	tary Public in and for the County of <u>Union</u> , State of
fi sb	ON NOTICE THAT any person who knowingly makes a false statement, epresentation, or certification in any application, record, or other document led or required to be maintained under the Water Pollution Control Act hall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or by apprisonment for not more than 6 months, or both.
	copy of this affadavit shall be kept on the premises and be available for aspection by the Department.
W	QM7-H/L: lm1
. A	ffidavit Submitted to: Mr. Herman Adelman, NJDEP
C	opy to: Mr. Flavian Stellerine, NJDEP



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SAFETY & ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

## State of Rew Sersey

## DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT HAZARDOUS SITE MITIGATION ADMINISTRATION ON 028 Treation, NJ 08825

MAGWAN M SADAT. P.E. DIRECTOR JORGE H. BERKOWITZ, DU O. ADMINISTRATOR

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on 1/10/86
Copy to for Galeszewskie
& Angelo Basili on
1/14/86

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Commissioner of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) by the Environmental Cleanup Responsibility Act (EGRA, N.J.S.A. 13:1K-5 et seq.) and duly delegated to the Chief of the Bureau of Industrial Site Evaluation pursuant to N.J.S.A. 13:1B-4, the referenced Industrial Establishment is considered to be in full compliance with the Act. NJDEP hereby certifies that the referenced Cleanup Plan has been implemented and completed in accordance with the terms of the July 30, 1984 approval.

This certification is based upon the satisfactory completion of the Cleanup Plan as supported by site final Cleanup report dated August 27, 1985 and NJDEP's final inspection on September 9, 1985.

This Notice will serve to return and release the referenced Financial Assurance and any other funds held pending compliance with ECRA.

MAY

inthony J. McSahon, Chief

Bureau of Mdustrial Site Evaluation

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New Jersey Is An Equal Opportunity Employer

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## 4. STORAGE FACILITIES

The site maps in Section 2 of this Notice have a vertical (alphabetical) grid index on the left hand side, and a horizontal (numerical) grid index along the top. The following paragraphs discuss storage facilities in a clockwise order of rotation beginning in the lower left corner of the first site map titled, "Site Plan - Bulk Storage and Transfer."

- 1. Building 25, Grid Index J-4, has 32 adjacent underground tanks. The tanks range in capacity from 500 gallons to 4,000 gallons. The tanks contained oils and paint thinners but were drained and filled with sand approximately 20 years ago. No action is therefore necessary.
- 2. A small amount of silt pumped from Powerhouse cooling water tunnels was examined for contaminants and deposited at Grid Index J-2 several years ago. A laboratory report on the silt is included in Section 16 of this Notice. The silt is environmentally innocuous, and no action is therefore necessary.
- 3. An outdoor storage yard for virgin materials and another for waste materials are located at Grid Index I-3. The materials are stored on impervious pavement, and no spills have occurred. See action proposed under Section 9 of this Notice, Decontamination, Decommission and Disposal, Procedure No. 1.
- 4. Four, 10,000 gallon, underground tanks are located south of Building 83 at Grid Index H-3. Three tanks contained No. 4 oil and were drained and filled with sand approximately 15 years ago, therefore no action is needed for these tanks. The fourth tank contains diesel oil. It is currently in use, well maintained and regularly gauged. No leakage is evident. See action proposed under Section 9, Procedure No. 2
- 5. The 840,000 gallon, Powerhouse standby, No. 6 oil tank is at Grid Index G-3. The tank floor is a heavily reenforced, sixteen inch thick concrete slab on a piling grillage 3 ft., 10 in. on centers in both directions. The steel tank walls are entirely visible with no evidence of leakage. The tank is surrounded by a steel dike of adequate capacity to contain a complete rupture. The tank is well maintained and regularly gauged. See action proposed under Section 9, Procedure No. 1.
- 6. Building 85 basement, Grid Index E-1, has some slightly oily liquids in pits and dried, copper-bearing sludge on the floor. See action proposed under Section 9, Procedure No. 1.

- 7. The 20,000 gallon, Powerhouse, No. 6 oil day tank, Grid Index F-3, is in an underground vault and not used. There is no evidence of leakage. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 2.
- 8. The Garage, Grid Index E-7, has two underground 10,000 gallon gasoline tanks. The tanks are well maintained, regularly gauged and show no evidence of leakage. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 2.
- 9. There are two, above ground, 1,800 gallon, liquefied petroleum gas tanks at Grid Index E-8 and three more at Grid Index B-19. Any spills would instantly volatilize. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 2.
- 10. Raw materials and empty drums are stored on impervious pavement in an outside yard at Grid Index E-12. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 1.
- Numerous above-ground tanks serve the plating operations and its associated Waste Treatment Plant, along with a conveyorized paint line washing machine in Building 185. Refer to Grid Index D-13. The entire train of tanks, piping, exhaust ductwork and pollution control equipment will be decontaminated as outlined in Section 9, Procedure No. 3.
- 12. Buildings 170 and 161, Grid Index I-15, were environmentally cleaned and demolished in 1981. No action is therefore necessary.
- 13. Building 171 has two, outside, above-ground, 1,000 gallon, anhydrous ammonia tanks and one, 6,000 galon, liquefied nitrogen tank at Grid Index E-17. Any spills would instantly vaporize. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 4.
- 14. Building 171 has a small heat sink oxidizing operation at Grid Index E-17 and a washing machine with cleaning tanks at Grid Index F-18. All are effluent-piped to the Waste Treatment Plant and will be decontaminated aong with Building 185 plating solutions as outlined in Section 9, Procedure No. 3.
- 15. Air conditioning is provided to a number of buildings via the circulations of chromated, chilled water generated in the Powerhouse, Grid Index E-3. See action proposed in Section 9, Procedure No. 3.

16. Prior to 1963, a large coal pile was maintained in the area defined by Grid Indices F-H-2-3. The weight of the coal probably produced soil settlement, and there may be a thin layer of coal fines under the current gravel surface. this is environmentally harmless, therefore no action is required.

Refer also to Section 6 of this Notice for a inventory of numerous small quantities of hazardous materials which fall within the purview of the Cleanup Regulations.

